



Weekly Report

the authoritative reference on Congress

WEEK ENDING APRIL 24, 1953

VOL. XI, NO. 17 -- PAGES 507-550

THE 24 TOP LOBBY
SPENDERS --P. 503

Going Down!

REPORTED LOBBY SPENDING

Filings Total Hits New Low As 257 Groups

Say They Spent \$4.8 Million During 1952

PAGES 507-523

DEBATE OR FILIBUSTER?

PAGES 537-538

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY CONGRESSIONAL QUARTERLY NEWS FEATURES

The Only News Bureau Exclusively Devoted To Congress



your congress this week

Other Foot A dictionary says filibuster means to delay legislation "by dilatory motions or other artifices," and as "tidelands" debate went into its fourth week, proponents of state ownership said that's just what some of the talkers were doing. Sen. Taft (R Ohio) was "shocked and surprised" that such Senators as Lehman (D N.Y.), Douglas (D Ill.) and Humphrey (D Minn.) who had fought for rules against filibusters "are now obviously engaged in a filibuster."

But Lehman and others denied it. Their debate was to the point, they said, and they were conducting an "educational campaign" against an oil "give away." Meanwhile, the Senate Rules Committee approved a bill to make it easier to shut off debate.

Floor Action

Slash--The House by voice vote passed a \$1.2 billion appropriation for 23 federal agencies, thus cutting by 61 per cent budget estimates submitted by former President Truman. It was the first money bill for fiscal 1954 to pass the House.

Timber--Another money bill passed by the House carried \$5 million for construction of timber access roads in Montana and Idaho.

Refugees--The Senate extended to Jan. 31, 1954, authority for a Judiciary Committee probe of refugee problems in Europe.

Rent Control--Extension of rent ceilings to July 31 for about 5.5 million housing units in 32 states was approved by the House.

Dams--A \$75 million increase in authorization for construction on four Columbia River basin projects won House endorsement.

Votes

The House took a roll-call vote on Rep. Yate's (D Ill.) motion to put funds for public housing back into the Independent Offices Appropriation. The motion was rejected 157-245 (R 34-176; D 122-69; independent, 1 yea).

In the Senate, Anderson (D N.M.), a foe of state ownership of "tidelands" oil, made a motion to interrupt

These stories are summarized from CQ's regular Weekly Report. For pages with more details, check Thumbnail Index, p. iii, inside back cover.

his side's "talkathon" in order to permit action on controls bills. State ownership backers, in effect, told them to keep talking and get it over with. The Senate rejected the motion 21-61 (R 3-42; D 17-19; independent, 1 yea).

In The Committees

GI Rights--Three international agreements to safeguard the rights of American servicemen stationed abroad with NATO forces were approved by the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

Subsidy--The National Farmers Union said farm exports should be financed by direct payments to farmers to make up the difference between the world price and the domestic support price.

Prisoners--Sen. Bridges (R N.H.) questioned State and Defense Department officials on reported atrocities to allied POW's. Rep. Vorys (R Ohio) began a probe to see if U.S. officials were tough enough in bargaining for prisoner exchange.

Movies--More than 50 Congressmen appeared before the Ways and Means Committee to get the 20 per cent theater admission tax removed.

Secret--"Dutchman" Grunewald gave Congressmen his secret for getting fat fees for "investigative work and introductions" -- people "thought I could do wonders." He added, "I happened to know people on the Hill" and "everywhere else."

Fancy--The General Accounting Office said the Army spent \$45 million for 1.3 million overcoats which proved useless because of too many gadgets.

Salary Hikes--A Senate Judiciary Subcommittee began hearings on legislation to increase the pay of federal judges and Members of Congress.

Copyright 1953

By Congressional Quarterly News Features

CQ WEEKLY REPORT--A publication issued every Friday by Congressional Quarterly News Features, 1156 19th St., N.W., Washington 6, D.C. (Phone STerling 3-8060) for newspapers, libraries, schools and individual subscribers. Library subscription rates beginning at \$50 annually. Subscription rate includes a quarterly cumulative Index, springback binders for convenience in filing and an annual clothbound ALMANAC.

All reproduction rights, including quotation, broadcasting and publication are reserved for editorial clients. Second rights also are reserved. Entered as second-class matter at the post office at Washington, D.C.

STORY OF THE WEEK...

LOBBY SPENDING PLUNGES

**\$4.8 Million Reported By 257 Groups Is Lowest Total Since Filings Began;
Led By Electric Companies Association, 24 Organizations Topped \$50,000**

Reported lobby spending in 1952 dropped to about half the amount reported in 1951, and hit the lowest level since passage of the Federal Regulation of Lobbying Act of 1946.

Some \$4,823,981 was reported spent by groups registered under the Act in 1952. Twenty-four organizations reported spending more than \$50,000 each during the year. (See page 508 for list of top spenders reporting).

This compared to the \$8,771,097 reported in 1951 by firms, labor unions, associations and other groups. In that year, 23 organizations reported spending more than \$100,000 each.

Last year's reported spending continued a downward trend which started in 1951. It contrasted with the peak spending of \$10,303,204 in 1950. Lowest spending figure previously recorded had been \$5,191,856 during 1947, the first full year under the Act.

The Lobby Act requires that financial reports be filed quarterly with the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House by groups attempting to influence the passage or defeat of legislation.

Decreases in the reported spending of most of the top groups in 1951 more than offset increases in figures filed by the National Association of Electric Companies, National Milk Producers Federation and the American Federation of Labor.

SEVERAL FACTORS BEHIND DROP

The drop in reported lobby spending can be attributed to several factors.

Fewer groups filed reports -- a total of 257, compared with 295 in 1951 and 340 in 1950.

(But during 1952, 299 other organizations which did not file financial reports were listed as employers of individuals who did file. Some agents submit reports even though their group maintains it is not a lobby.

(For example, three representatives of the Committee for Constitutional Government reported under the

Act, but the CCG itself did not. Last year, it was among the 23 top spenders reporting.)

Not all of last year's groups reported spending for each quarter, and 41 of them did not include specific figures. The Journeymen Barbers, Hairdressers, Cosmetologists and Proprietors International Union of America, for example, merely listed its receipts and expenditures at "1 per cent," without saying what they were a percentage of.

A few groups which failed to file specific figures refused to give these figures to CQ. The Washington Board of Trade was among these. (The official report form specifies that "expenditures... in connection with legislative interests" shall be listed).

For certain groups, such as the American Medical Association, in 1952 there were fewer bills of the type that stimulated spending in the past.

A final factor in the drop in reported spending was the tendency of some of the larger groups to alter their reporting methods to more accurately report money actually spent for legislative purposes. In earlier years, these groups listed their spending for all purposes. Some still did so in 1952.

ELECTRIC ASSOCIATION ON TOP

Top spender for 1952 was the National Association of Electric Companies, which shot up from fourth place in 1951. Its spending was listed at \$477,942 -- \$43,616 more than in 1951. Next was the American Medical Association at \$309,515.

The Electric Companies Association was organized in 1945. Its founders were a group of private utility officials who felt the need for a mechanism to block what they regarded as unfair government competition. The group includes 98 member companies which operate in nearly every state.

Head of the Association is Purcell Smith, one of the most energetic and effective lobbyists in Washington. A former utilities and investment banking specialist, he usually works in the background, while other Association officials "carry the ball" on legislative issues.

Through its membership, the group is able to wield heavy pressure in localities. On any given issue, utilities officials can contact state legislators and enlist the support of local chambers of commerce and civic groups in "getting out the letters" to Congress. It also employs newsletters and appearances before committees to get its points across.

Main interests of the Association last year and in the current session have been all legislation affecting the Tennessee Valley Authority, the Federal Power Commission, Rural Electrification Administration, and the Bureau of Reclamation. This particularly includes appropriations for these activities.

Last year's legislative spending was done in connection with the Department of Interior appropriations bill, measures affecting the development of power at Niagara Falls, and appropriations for the executive and independent offices, including TVA.

During this session, the Association is "keeping its eye on HR 2289, HR 4351, and S 689." These deal with the issue of whether the federal government or private utilities should be allowed to develop a power project at Niagara Falls. It is also watching S 1108, a bill to reimburse electrical utilities which have to move poles and wires to make way for new federal highways.

Its 1952 spending also partly reflects "an expansion in public relations activities," according to one official.

AMA SECOND HIGH

The AMA, which finished third in the top spending list of 1951, wound up in second place last year. The group spent a total of \$309,515. AMA's National Education Campaign against socialized medicine accounted for \$39,341 of this. Another large chunk was used to pay for the legislative activities of the AMA office in Washington.

According to Dr. Frank Wilson, this activity can be expected to continue, if not increase, under the new Administration. AMA doctors say that as long as legislation affecting health and medicine is enacted, the medical profession must have representation on Capitol Hill.

Last year was a busy one in this respect. Some of the AMA spending supported its bill-analysis work, probably, it is said, the most thorough system of legislative analysis to be found in any private organization.

Under this system, each measure introduced is recorded and followed, through an elaborate but efficient procedure of card index and filing. As the bill moves from hopper to committee and to the floor for final action, it is shifted from file to file in the AMA office.

AMA members are kept informed of each important bill's progress, through the weekly newsletter which goes to doctors in all parts of the country. At various stages in a bill's career, these members may be alerted to bring pressures to bear for or against it in their local communities. This may take the form of personal contact with state legislatures, and wires to Congress from selected opinion leaders in each area. Simultaneously, the Washington office may exert its own influence in the form of testimony, drafts of desired alterations in the measure, or in other ways.

24 Top Spenders

Top lobby spenders in 1952 included 24 groups that reported paying out more than \$50,000. Some of these organizations say that not all spending was for legislative purposes.

Natl. Assn. of Electric Companies	\$477,941.74
American Medical Assn.*	309,514.93
Assn. of American Railroads	235,977.74
Natl. Milk Producers Fedn.	219,837.26
Natl. Assn. of Real Estate Boards	127,893.65
Colorado River Assn.	111,538.15
Natl. Economic Council, Inc.	106,464.66
The American Legion, Natl. Headquarters	106,235.09
American Federation of Labor	105,537.20
Natl. Fedn. of Post Office Clerks	97,869.16
Chamber of Commerce, U.S.A.	93,297.29
Natl. Coal Assn.	90,523.55
American Farm Bureau Fedn.	84,935.00
Southern States Industrial Council	83,883.56
Budd Company (three quarters only)	65,306.92
National Tax Equality Assn.	63,745.39
Atlantic Union Committee (1st 2 quarters only)	63,532.24
Manufacturing Chemists' Assn., Inc.	62,750.00
National Housing Conference, Inc.	61,917.70
Natl. St. Lawrence Project Conference	61,892.07
American Tariff League, Inc.	55,665.37
Committee for Pipe Line Companies	52,921.80
Natl. Lumber Manufacturers Assn.	52,480.46
General Electric Company	51,644.37
Total	\$2,843,305.30

*Includes \$39,340.67 for AMA Natl. Education Campaign.

Last year, the Association's legislative interests included measures relating to: Medical research and education, the amount of deduction allowed in income taxes for medical and dental expenses, public health units, school health services, medical care to veterans and their dependents, creation of a federal Department of Health, increased appropriations for hospital construction, establishment of a federal agency for the handicapped, and provision of a national health insurance and public health program.

Currently, AMA interests include a bill setting up an orderly system for calling doctors into the Army who are normally beyond draft age (CQ Weekly Report, p. 330). They also extend to the problem of how to care for totally disabled persons under the social security law, and pensions or retirement privileges for self-employed people.

RAILROAD ASSOCIATION THIRD

In third place in last year's lobby spending was the Association of American Railroads. The AAR, with headquarters in the Transportation Building, Washington, D.C., has a legislative department headed by one of the Capital's highest-paid lobbyists, J. Carter Fort. In 1951, Fort, general counsel and vice-president of the legal department, placed his salary at \$55,000 in his lobby registration.

Legislative interests of the AAR center primarily around measures affecting the competitive position of railroads in relation to trucking, aviation and waterways; and railroad rates, which are regulated by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

For many years, the AAR has charged that railroads are in an unfair competitive position because they pay for their own facilities, and pay federal taxes on these, while airlines and trucking concerns use facilities paid for by public funds -- including the taxes paid by the railroads.

Critics of the AAR have charged that it is Wall-Street-and-banker-dominated, and that, through its member roads, it exerts "tremendous pressure" against any legislation designed to benefit other forms of transportation.

"These charges are absolutely false," says William T. Faricy, head of the group. "Our governing body is a board of directors, chosen by the railroads of the Eastern, Southern and Western regions. On that board, each member has a vote, and only one vote. The vote of a member from one of the smaller roads counts just as much as votes of members from the very largest."

Faricy emphasizes that the directors of the AAR cannot control the action of the membership. However, it is said that through the board of directors, the AAR coordinates public relations campaigns affecting legislation of interest to the railroads. Individual roads also exert influence locally.

The Association boasts the largest public relations department of any private organization in Washington. Press and radio men prepare news releases and speeches on legislative matters. A school and college division disseminates material to teachers and students. An agricultural section coordinates farm programs of the individual railroads. Part of last year's spending went to support these activities.

Last year, the AAR opposed legislation to start the St. Lawrence Seaway project. This is still a live issue for the railroads, currently fighting S 589, by Sen. Alexander Wiley (R Wis.), providing for a deep-water channel along a stretch of the St. Lawrence River.

On April 16, Gregory S. Prince, assistant general counsel for the AAR, told a Senate Foreign Relations Subcommittee the channel eventually could cost \$300 million, and lead to an increase in the public debt.

MILK PRODUCERS FEDERATION

Fourth ranking lobby spender last year was the National Milk Producers Federation, which reported expenditures of \$219,837. This represents an increase of \$34,521 over 1951 spending by the Federation.

The Federation is one of the five larger national farm organizations in the U.S. Its membership includes 460,000 dairy farm families in 46 states. These form almost 100 voting organizations, through which they determine legislative and other policies of the Federation.

Organized in 1916, the group is headed by the dean of farm lobbyists in Washington, Charles Holman. A blunt-spoken ex-journalist, Holman does most of his legislative work by direct telephone contact with the Hill. The official lobbying by the Federation is conducted at the grass roots, where, according to one spokesman, "the real power lies."

Last year saw a lot of activity in the headquarters of the Federation at 1731 I Street. Officials were working

for flexible price supports for dairy products, ranging from 75 to 100 per cent of parity. "I've seen butter down to 17 cents a pound," Holman told CQ. "We don't want it to happen again."

As part of its dairy-protection program, the Federation was (and is this year) interested in the retention of Section 104 -- the so-called cheese amendment designed to protect dairy producers against imports from abroad.

5 OTHERS TOP \$100,000

Other groups reporting spending over \$100,000 included the National Association of Real Estate Boards, the Colorado River Association, the National Economic Council, Inc., The American Legion, and the American Federation of Labor.

A newcomer on the list, the Colorado River Association, is a "citizens' organization formed to protect California's established water rights on the Colorado River." This description was supplied by Don Kinsey, manager, who says that much of last year's spending was made in connection with national and local legislation affecting this interest.

According to Kinsey, the organization is financed by public bodies with about \$500 million invested on the River, in the form of aqueducts and power lines. This includes such outfits as the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California, the cities of Los Angeles and San Diego, and the Imperial Irrigation Districts.

Interests Groups Spending

Adding in these top spenders with all the other groups reporting in 1952, and analyzing by categories, CQ produced the following comparison of spending by different interest groups in 1952 and 1951:

	1952	No. of groups reporting
	Spent	
Business	\$2,215,591	96
Citizens	416,134	29
Employee	466,733	22
Farm	356,614	7
Foreign Policy	195,726	9
Professional	496,634	18
Reclamation	317,878	9
Taxes	207,328	22
Veterans	151,343	4
(No spending)	---	41
Total	\$4,823,981	257
	1951	
Business	\$3,089,742	117
Citizens	1,498,309	36
Employees	581,488	30
Farm	1,281,785	10
Foreign Policy	581,005	11
Professional	673,442	18
Reclamation	412,004	11
Taxes	524,896	31
Veterans	128,425	5
(No spending)	--	26
Total	\$8,771,096	295

How CQ Categorizes

Categories are made up of groups with characteristics in common. All business organizations and individual firms are grouped together under "Business" and subdivided for convenience. Employee organizations are listed in one section, divided into AFL, CIO, railway labor, other employees.

There is a category for farm and one for professional groups. Veterans groups and groups interested primarily in military affairs are listed together.

Groups not readily identifiable with the above categories or mainly interested in civil rights, patriotic, welfare and religious measures are under "Citizens Groups." Women's organizations also are grouped under this category.

Three categories are composed of "single-interest" organizations, arranged in terms of their legislative interests. The categories are "Foreign Policy," "Reclamation, Rivers and Harbors," and "Taxes."

Categories are in alphabetical order. Here are all the categories with their divisions:

BUSINESS

General

Building Products, Real Estate

Financial

Food and Agricultural Products

Oil, Gas and Mining

Power and Communications

Retail and Service Groups

Transportation

General

Air

Highway

Rail

Water

Miscellaneous Trade Groups & Companies

CITIZENS GROUPS

Civic, Civil Rights, General

Welfare, Religious

Women's Groups

EMPLOYEE GROUPS

AFL

CIO

Railway Labor

Other Employees

FARM GROUPS

FOREIGN POLICY

PROFESSIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

RECLAMATION, RIVERS AND HARBORS

TAXES

VETERANS AND MILITARY AFFAIRS

What Listings Contain

Each item lists the name of the group submitting a financial report to the Clerk of the House and Secretary of the Senate. Also included are expenditures reported for legislative purposes and amounts organizations reported they received.

Some of these figures represent a group's expenditures or receipts for legislative purposes only; others indicated they were listing total expenditures or receipts. Basis for reporting was not always made clear.

Amounts reported are for the four quarters of 1952 unless asterisks (*) indicate otherwise. However, some groups that reported spending and receipts for only one, two, or three quarters and did not indicate an annual total may have intended their quarterly figures to stand as an annual total also.

Legislative interest of a group or specific measures the group favors or opposes are noted briefly, and those filing as its legislative representatives are listed. This includes anyone who filed a financial report during 1952 as an agent for a group that filed reports during the year.

Individuals filing financial reports as representatives for groups that did not file reports during 1952 are not included in this listing.

The number of groups and total reported expenditures in 1952 are listed at the beginning of each category. There is a discrepancy between the number of groups reporting and the number reporting spending because some groups reported their expenditures as "none" and others did not report what they spent, if anything.

Under the lobby law, financial reports are published in the Congressional Record. The figures in the tabulations which follow were compiled from the Congressional Records of May 21, 1952; Aug. 15, 1952; Jan. 3,

1953, and April 7, 1953. The tabulation was supplemented by additional reporting, and checking of the original reports insofar as they were available to CQ.

If an organization's reports listed spending or receipts for only three quarters, this is indicated by (*) on the figure; if its reports indicated spending or receipts for only two of four quarters, the figure bears (**); and if its reports showed spending or receipts for only one quarter, the figure has (***). Figures so marked may represent annual totals -- the organization may have had no spending in the quarters for which no figures were listed.

BUSINESS

(120 groups reporting)

\$2,215,591.38 spent by 96 groups.

General

(8 groups reporting)

\$249,627.67 spent by 6 groups.

AMERICAN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF MEXICO, Edificio Bearn, Plaza Santos Degollado, Mexico, D.F.

Interest: I.R.C. section 116 (a), to exempt from U.S. income taxes income derived from sources abroad by nonresident U.S. citizens actively engaged in a trade or business abroad.

Representative:

A. E. Brooks, 408 Fort Worth National Bank Bldg., Fort Worth, Tex.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF THE U.S. OF AMERICA, 1615 H St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$93,297.29; received \$3,346,806.36.

Interest: All legislation pertaining to business.

Representatives:

F. Stuart Fitzpatrick

Clarence R. Miles

George C. Smith, Jr.

Donald A. Young

CONFERENCE OF AMERICAN SMALL BUSINESS ORGANIZATIONS, INC., 407 S. Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

Spent \$45,238.52; received \$40,840.49.

Interest: Supporting all bills giving effect to Hoover Commission reports; opposed to S 2325 and S 2714; opposed to provision for loan powers in SDPA extension.

THE COOPERATIVE LEAGUE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA ASSN., INC., 343 South Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

Spent \$3,360.

Interest: Defense of right of any group of people voluntarily to organize cooperative business enterprises without discrimination against them on the part of the government and the securing of such enabling legislation for this purpose as may from time to time be necessary.

Representative:

H. Jerry Voorhis.

INTER-STATE MANUFACTURERS ASSN., 163-165 Center St., Winona, Minn.

Spent \$7.92; received \$12,000.

Interest: Legislation amending the Fair Labor Standards Act, the Social Security Act, and unemployment provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.

Representative:

J. M. George.

NATIONAL SMALL BUSINESSMEN'S ASSOCIATION, 2834 Central St., Evanston, Ill.

Spent \$23,840.38; received \$20,000.

Interest: All legislation pertaining to small business, either directly or indirectly.

Representative:

K. Blyth Emmons, 925 Fifteenth St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

SOUTHERN STATES INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL, Stahlman Bldg., Nashville, Tenn.

Spent \$83,883.56; received \$116,242.55.

Interest: Support of legislation favorable to free-enterprise system and opposition to legislation unfavorable to that system.

Representatives:

C. C. Gilbert, Southern States Industrial Council, Nashville, Tenn.

Tyre Taylor, 1112 Dupont Circle Bldg., Washington, D.C.

J. H. Ballew, Stahlman Bldg., Nashville, Tenn.

WASHINGTON BOARD OF TRADE, 204 Evening Star Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Interest: Legislation affecting District of Columbia, or of interest to the Washington Board of Trade.

Representative:

William H. Press.

Building Products, Real Estate

(5 groups reporting)

\$165,086.37 spent by 5 groups.

ASSOCIATED GENERAL CONTRACTORS OF AMERICA, INC., Munsey Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$13,000**.

Interest: All legislation affecting the construction industry.

Representative:

Burt L. Knowles.

JOHNS-MANVILLE CORP., 22 East Fortieth St., New York, N.Y.

Spent \$6,782.77.

Interest: Tax legislation, labor legislation, amendments to the Clayton Act, merchant marine legislation, price-basing-point legislation, Defense Production Act, wage-stabilization legislation, St. Lawrence waterway.

Representative:

Hector M. Aring, 826 Woodward Bldg., Washington, D.C.

MECHANICAL SPECIALTY CONTRACTING INDUSTRIES, THE LIAISON COMMITTEE OF, 610 Ring Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$16,909.95; received \$16,909.95.

Interest: Legislation affecting the mechanical specialty contracting industries. Keeping its constituent associations informed of matters of this nature and to promote and advocate the passage of beneficial legislation, concerning fair-bidding procedures, federal contracting policies, controls and subcontracting policies and procedures.

Representative:

Henry B. Weaver, Jr., Henry H. Glassie and Thomas M. Cooley II - Tower Bldg., Washington, D.C.

NATL. ASSN. OF REAL ESTATE BOARDS, its Public Relations Dept. and its Realtors Washington Committee, 22 West Monroe St., Chicago, Ill., and 1737 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$127,893.65; received \$142,526.25*.

Interest: Any legislation affecting the real-estate industry.

Representatives:

Leonard J. Calhoun, 412 Washington Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Lawrence J. Casey, Jr., 1737 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Herbert U. Nelson,

Albert A. Payne, 1737 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Charles J. Rush, 1737 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Calvin K. Snyder, 1737 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Charles T. Stewart, 1737 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Edwin L. Stoll, 1737 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

WASHINGTON REAL ESTATE BOARD, INC., 312 Wire Bldg., 1000 Vermont Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$500.

Interest: All local measures affecting the District of Columbia are of interest.

Representatives:

Charles J. Rush

Hugh V. Gittinger, Jr.

Financial

(17 groups reporting)

\$175,777.82 spent by 14 groups.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF MARINE UNDERWRITERS, 99 John St., New York, N.Y.

Spent \$2,208.11.

Interests: Legislation which affects the conduct of the business of marine insurance, Merchant Marine Act of 1936.

Representative:

Bigham, Englar, Jones & Houston.

AMERICAN LIFE CONVENTION, 230 North Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Spent \$18,622.22; received \$18,622.22.

Interest: All prospective and existing legislation which may affect the life insurance business, life insurance company income tax, social security, and individual retirement.

Representative:

Robert L. Hogg.

AMERICAN MARINE HULL INSURANCE SYNDICATE, 99 John St., New York, N.Y.

Spent \$1,708.11.

Interests: Legislation which affects the business of hull insurance, Merchant Marine Act of 1936.

Representative:

Bigham, Englar, Jones & Houston.

ASSOCIATION OF CASUALTY AND SURETY COMPANIES, 60 John St., New York, N.Y.

Spent \$6,718.49; received \$6,718.49*.

Interest: Legislation affecting casualty and surety companies.

Representatives:

J. Dewey Dorsett

Ray Murphy

Howard M. Starling, 837 Washington Bldg., Washington, D.C.

BLUE CROSS COMMISSION, 425 North Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Interest: Insurance of war risks, the War Damage Corporation Act of 1951 and the War Disaster Act of 1951.

Representative:

Benjamin H. Long, 2746 Penobscot Bldg., Detroit, Mich.

CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, 18 Pine St., New York, N.Y.

Interest: Proposed federal tax legislation affecting the interests of the Chase National Bank of the City of New York.

CREDIT UNION NATIONAL ASSN., INC., 1617 Sherman Ave., Madison, Wis.

Spent \$1,704.88; received \$92,498.88**.

Interest: Legislation affecting credit unions.

Representative:

Hubert M. Rhodes, 740 Eleventh St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

INDEPENDENT BANKERS ASSN., Sauk Center, Minn.

Spent \$32,259.90**; received \$34,320.**

Interest: The preservation of independent banking.

LIFE INSURANCE ASSN. OF AMERICA, 488 Madison Ave., New York, N.Y.

Spent \$15,327.48*; received \$9,735.17**.

Interest: Legislation which might affect the welfare of policyholders and annuitants, especially that controlling inflation.

Representatives:

Ralph J. McNair, 1000 Vermont Ave., Washington, D.C.

Eugene M. Thore, 1000 Vermont Ave., Washington, D.C.

Albert Pike, Jr.

Bruce E. Shepherd.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICYHOLDERS PROTECTIVE ASSN., 116 Nassau St., New York, N.Y.

Spent \$22,465.16**; received \$10,331.56***.

Interest: General education concerning the effect of inflation on the purchasing power of life insurance or proceeds as it relates to federal policies or measures which are deemed to be inflationary in character.

Representative:

Robert E. Smith.

MORRIS PLAN CORP. OF AMERICA, 103 Park Ave., New York, N.Y.

Interest: Bank holding company bills and similar legislation.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF INSURANCE AGENTS, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, N.Y.

Spent \$18,088.32; received \$10,758.29.

Interest: War Damage Corporation legislation, social security legislation, insurance legislation, tax equality legislation, wage, salary and manpower control legislation.

Representative:

Maurice G. Herndon.

NATL. ASSN. OF MUTUAL SAVINGS BANKS, 60 E. 42nd St., New York, N.Y.

Spent \$164.50**; received \$164.50***.

Interest: S 2517 and S 2564, establishing branch policy for federal savings and loan associations, both of which the savings banks supported.

Representatives:

Fred N. Oliver (Oliver & Donnelly), 110 E. 42nd St., N.Y., N.Y. & Investment Bldg., Washington, D.C.;

Harry E. Proctor, 1110 Investment Bldg., Washington, D.C.

NATIONAL SAVINGS AND LOAN LEAGUE, 907 Ring Bldg., 18th and M Sts., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$8,946.20; received \$183,314.37.

Interest: Support of bills to improve facilities of savings and loan associations for encouragement of thrift and home financing; oppose legislation inimicable to interests of savings and loan industry.

Representative:

Oscar R. Kreuz.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, 11 Wall St., New York, N.Y.

Spent \$457.12.

Interest: Proposed federal tax legislation affecting the interests of the New York Stock Exchange and its members.

Representatives:

Howard O. Colgan, Jr., 15 Broad St., N.Y., N.Y.

Western Vernon, Jr.

THE PRUDENTIAL INSURANCE CO. OF AMERICA, 763 Broad St., Newark, N.J.
 Spent \$14,720.59
 Interest: General interest in all legislation affecting the business of the company.
 Representatives:
 Sylvester C. Smith, Jr.
 Milo J. Warner, 904 Nicholas Bldg., Toledo, Ohio.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS AND LOAN LEAGUE, 221 North La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.
 Spent \$32,386.74*; received \$633,186.53.
 Interest: Support all legislation favorable to thrift and home ownership and particularly helpful to savings and loan associations and cooperative banks in carrying out their thrift and home financing objectives and oppose legislation detrimental to home ownership and these institutions.
 Representatives:
 Morton Bodfish, 221 North LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.
 Abner H. Ferguson, 1139 Shoreham Bldg., Washington, D.C.
 Horace Russell, 7 South Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
 Stephen G. Silpher, Rm. 512, 711 14th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Food and Agricultural Products

(26 groups reporting)

\$184,997.75 spent by 21 groups.

AMERICAN COTTON MANUFACTURERS INSTITUTE, INC., 203-A Liberty Life Building, Charlotte, N.C.
 Spent \$11,221.97; received \$11,221.97.
 Interest: Legislation affecting the cotton textile industry, including tariffs, corporate taxes, price and production controls.
 Representatives:
 C. G. Caffrey, 1625 I St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
 Robert C. Jackson, 1625 I St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

AMERICAN PAPER AND PULP ASSN., 122 E. 42nd St., New York, N.Y.
 Spent \$1,420; received \$1,180.
 Interest: Legislation affecting the pulp and paper industry, its operations, practices and properties.
 Representatives:
 Paul W. Schoen, 711 14th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
 E. W. Tinker, 122 E. 42nd St., N.Y., N.Y.
 T. H. Mullen, 711 14th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

AMERICAN PULPWOOD ASSN., 220 E. 42nd St., New York, N.Y.
 Interest: Legislation affecting the pulpwood industry, its practices or properties.
 Representatives:
 H. E. Brinckerhoff
 W. S. Bromley

ASSN. OF REFRIGERATED WAREHOUSES, MISSOURI VALLEY CHAPTER, 508 Security Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.
 Interest:
 Representative:
 Albert F. Versen

BURLEY AND DARK LEAF TOBACCO EXPORT ASSN., P.O. Box 860, Lexington, Ky.
 Spent \$14,993.63; received \$14,647.75.
 Interest: Mutual Security Agency and Department of Agriculture appropriations.
 Representative:
 Hugh W. Taylor, 1507 M St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

CORDAGE LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE, 350 Madison Ave., New York, N.Y.
 Spent \$1,260; received \$1,710*.
 Interest:

DAIRY INDUSTRY COMMITTEE, 1112 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.
 Received \$3,750***.
 Interests: Any legislation affecting the dairy industry.

EASTERN MEAT PACKERS ASSN., INC., Hotel Statler, New York, N.Y., and 740 11th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
 Spent \$1,032.25**; received \$320.93**
 Interest: Matters affecting meat packers.
 Representatives:
 C. B. Heinemann
 La Roe, Brown & Winn, 743 Investment Bldg., Washington, D.C.

GRAIN AND FEED DEALERS NATIONAL ASSN., 100 Merchants Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.
 Spent \$80**; received \$555.45***
 Interest: Legislation relative to interests of grain and feed trade.
 Representatives:
 R. B. Bowden, 608 Hibbs Bldg., Washington, D.C.
 James A. Tawney, 504 Hibbs Bldg., Washington, D.C.

MARYLAND AND VIRGINIA MILK PRODUCERS ASSN., INC., 1756 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
 Interest: Dairy legislation.
 Representatives:
 Chester F. Bletch
 B. B. Derrick

MILK INDUSTRY FOUNDATION, 1625 Eye St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
 Spent \$11,846.78; received \$11,846.78.
 Interest: Legislation which affects the interests of milk dealers.
 Representative:
 Benjamin F. Castle

MILLER'S NATIONAL FEDERATION, 309 W. Jackson Blvd., Chicago, Ill.
 Spent \$717.87.
 Interest: Legislation that has a bearing on the milling industry, agriculture production and marketing, reciprocal trade.
 Representative:
 Herman Fakler, National Press Bldg., Washington, D.C.

NATL. ASSN. OF MARGARINE MANUFACTURERS, 1028 Munsey Bldg., Washington, D.C.
 Spent \$215.80; received \$215.80*
 Interest: Passage of HR 3207, to amend Navy Ration Statute (34 U.S.C. 902 a); interested in any other legislation that may relate to margarine.
 Representative:
 Siert F. Riepma

NATL. CANNERS ASSN., 1133 20th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
 Spent \$20,523.45; received \$1,188,416.25.
 Interest: Defense controls and all measures directly affecting the food-canning industry.
 Representatives:
 Robert B. Heiney
 Otto Lowe, University Club, Washington, D.C.

NATL. COTTON COMPRESS & COTTON WAREHOUSE ASSOCIATION, 586 Shrine Bldg., Memphis, Tenn., and 1008 16th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
 Spent \$561.76; received \$561.76**
 Interest: Any matters substantially affecting the cotton compress and cotton warehouse industry.
 Representatives:
 William Rhea Blake, 162 Madison Ave., Memphis, Tenn.
 John H. Todd, 1008 16th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

NATL. COTTON COUNCIL OF AMERICA, P.O. Box 18, Memphis, Tenn.
 Spent \$28,722.94; received \$28,722.94.
 Interest: Legislation affecting the raw cotton industry and promotion of purposes for which the council is organized.
 Representatives:
 Read Dunn, Jr., 1832 M St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
 Clifton Kirkpatrick, 162 Madison Ave., Memphis, Tenn.
 Albert R. Russell, 162 Madison Ave., Memphis, Tenn.
 J. Banks Young, 1832 M St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
 William Rhea Blake, 162 Madison Ave., Memphis, Tenn.
 Earle Kennedy, 162 Madison Ave., Memphis, Tenn.
 Wilson E. Still.

NATIONAL FOOD BROKERS ASSN., 527 Munsey Bldg., Washington, D.C.
 Spent \$3,273.01; received \$3,273.01*
 Interest: Support of Robinson-Patman Price Discrimination Act, opposition to complete defense of "good faith" in prices discrimination cases.
 Representative:
 Watson Rogers

NATL. GRAIN TRADE COUNCIL, 604 Hibbs Bldg., Washington, D.C.
 Spent \$17,374.38***; received \$21,420***
 Interest: Investigation into grain storage and the various bills to amend the Defense Production Act.
 Representative:
 William F. Brooks

NATL. INDEPENDENT MEAT PACKERS ASSN., 740 11th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
 Spent \$748.42**; received \$599.61**
 Interest: Matters affecting meat packers.
 Representatives:
 C. B. Heinemann
 La Roe, Brown & Winn, 745 Investment Bldg., Washington, D.C.

NATL. LUMBER MANUFACTURERS ASSN., 1319 18th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$52,480.46; received \$47,653.20.

Interest: Legislation affecting the interests of the lumber-manufacturing industry.

Representatives:

Robert E. Dougherty
George M. Fuller

NATIONAL RENDERERS ASSN., 1424 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$1,370.27***; received \$11,962.25***

Interest: Legislation which would specifically have an effect upon the production, consumption, import, export or taxation of any animal or vegetable fat or oil as well as all legislation generally affecting business, particularly small business.

Representative:

F. B. Wise.

NORTHERN HEMLOCK AND HARDWOOD MANUFACTURERS ASSN., Washington Bldg., Oshkosh, Wis.

Spent \$20.

Interest: Legislation affecting the timber industries of Wisconsin and Michigan; taxation, forestry, and labor management relations.

ST. LOUIS LOCAL MEAT PACKERS ASSN., 508 Security Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

Spent \$5***; received \$5***

Interest: Legislation affecting unemployment compensation, creation of a Bureau of Accident Prevention, and workmen's compensation.

Representative:

Albert F. Versen

WESTERN STATES MEAT PACKERS ASSOCIATION, INC., 604 Mission St., Suite 906-907, San Francisco, Calif.

Spent \$268.41*; received \$93,690.32*

Interest: Interested in legislation affecting livestock and meat-packing industry.

Representatives:

E. F. Forbes, president, general manager.
L. Blaine Liljenquist

UNITED STATES CANE SUGAR REFINERS ASSOCIATION, 408 American Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Interest: Any legislation that refers to sugar generally and the refining of raw cane sugar specifically.

Representatives:

H. M. Baldrige
Harold Burke, 115 Pearl St., New York, N.Y.
Hugh Peterson

UNITED STATES CUBAN SUGAR COUNCIL, 910 17th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$17,790.35; received \$173,704.97.

Interest: All statutes and bills affecting the importation by the U.S. of sugar from Cuba, and the tariff rates on such sugar, and those statutes and bills affecting trade between the U.S. and Cuba, particularly trade in sugar.

Representatives:

Sherlock Davis
Ivy Lee & T. J. Ross, 405 Lexington Ave., N.Y., N.Y.

Oil, Gas and Mining

(12 groups reporting)

\$239,085.20 spent by 10 groups.

AMERICAN PETROLEUM INSTITUTE, 50 W. 50th St., New York, N.Y.

Spent \$43,080; received \$47,400.

Interest: Legislation affecting the petroleum industry.

Representatives:

John H. Bivins
Joseph L. Dwyer, 1625 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
John E. Kane, 1625 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Baird H. Markham
Frank M. Porter.

CENTRAL PUBLIC UTILITY CORP., 1017 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

Interests: Amendment of the Internal Revenue Code to provide for the inclusion in subsection 458 (d) (2), of the principle now set forth in subsection 441 (g) (2).

Representatives:

William M. Rice, 631 Tower Bldg., Washington, D.C.
John E. Walker, Tower Bldg., Washington, D.C.

COMMITTEE FOR PIPE LINE COMPANIES, Box 1107, Shreveport, La.

Spent \$52,921.80; received \$70,616.

Interest: Legislation affecting petroleum pipelines; S 1889, a bill to amend the Interstate Commerce Act as amended and for other purposes, and HR 5632, a bill to require interstate oil pipelines to

procure certificates of public convenience and necessity before construction of new or extension of existing lines.

Representatives:

Gordon C. Locke, 643 Munsey Bldg., Washington, D.C.
Fayette B. Dow.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PETROLEUM INDUSTRIES COMMITTEE, 1625 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$556.82***; received \$556.82***

Interest: Legislation affecting the sale or distribution of petroleum products in the District of Columbia.

Representative:

John E. Kane.

GAS APPLIANCE MANUFACTURERS ASSN., INC., 60 E. 42nd St., New York, N.Y.

Spent \$252.59; received \$252.59***

Interest: Legislation which concerns or affects members of the Gas Appliance Manufacturers Assn., Inc.

Representatives:

James R. Lee, 604 Albee Bldg., Washington, D.C.
H. Leigh Whitelaw.

INDEPENDENT NATURAL GAS ASSN. OF AMERICA, 918 16th St., N.W., suite 501, Washington, D.C.

Spent \$24,200; received \$137,740.38.

Interest: Any legislation affecting the natural gas industry.

Representatives:

Wesley E. Disney, World Center Bldg., Washington, D.C.;
John A. Ferguson
Louis E. Whyte.

IRON ORE LESSORS ASSN., INC., 1481 First Natl. Bank Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

Spent \$2,777.35; received \$6,785***

Interest: Amendment of Internal Revenue Code

Representatives:

Doherty, Rumble, Butler & Mitchell.

ISLAND CREEK COAL CO., POND CREEK POCAHONTAS CO., (A.L. LYNN, VICE PRES.), Huntington, W.Va.

Received \$11,000**

Interest: All legislation affecting the coal industry, such as taxes, transportation, government controls, government expenditures, etc.

MINERAL RECOVERY TRUSTEES, BROOKS, KEOGH, ROY LILLI-BRIDGE, JOHN HANSON, Dickinson, N.D.

Spent \$5,623.78**; received \$539.80***

Interest: Seeking the recovery of right to repurchase mineral rights by former owners of lands which were sold to the United States.

Representatives:

Carl Indergaard, Belfield, N.D.
Mackoff, Kellogg, Muggli & Kirby, Dickinson, N.D.
Earl Quale and Arno Winness, Watford City, N.D.

NATL. COAL ASSN., 802 Southern Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$90,523.55; received \$1,226,379.43*

Interest: All measures affecting bituminous coal industry.

Representatives:

J. Milton Cooper, 505 Washington Bldg., Washington, D.C.
Jerry N. Griffin, 544 Washington Bldg., Washington, D.C.
Carter Manasco, 4201 Chesterbrook Road, Falls Church, Va.
Lovell H. Parker, 614 Colorado Bldg., Washington, D.C.

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF COAL LESSORS, INC., 316 Southern Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$4,149.31***; received \$13,800***

Interest: Legislation affecting the interests of lessors of coal lands.

Representative:

Lovell H. Parker, 614 Colorado Bldg., Washington, D.C.

OHIO COAL ASSOCIATION, 1615 NBC Building, Cleveland, Ohio

Spent \$15,000***; received \$15,000***

Interest: Legislation pertaining to mine safety.

Representative:

Ed D. Schorr, 33 North High St., Columbus, Ohio

Power and Communications

(10 groups reporting)

\$596,883.03 spent by 8 groups.

CLEAR CHANNEL BROADCASTING SERVICE, 532 Shoreham Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$1,245.46*

Interest: Oppose any proposed legislation, such as S 491 and HR 4004, 81st Congress, calling for duplication of class 1-A clear-channel frequencies or limitation of power of class 1-A standard broadcast stations; oppose ratification of so-called NARBA agreement signed Nov. 15, 1950.

Representative:

Ward L. Quaal.

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., 570 Lexington Ave., New York, N.Y.
Spent \$51,644.37.
Interest: Labor legislation and other matters pertaining to the industry.

NATIONAL ASSN. OF ELECTRIC COMPANIES, 1200 18th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$477,941.74; received \$534,726.13.
Interest: Federal legislation that might affect members.

Representatives:

Awalt, Clark & Sparks, 822 Conn. Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Arthur R. Barnett
Brown, Lund & Fitzgerald, Washington Loan & Trust Co., Washington, D.C.
Donald T. Burke
Stephan E. Fitzgerald, 502 Park Ave., N.Y., N.Y.
Raymond C. Baker
Jay Richter
Frank K. Kelly
Purcell L. Smith
Robert G. Litschert
A. Manning Shaw, Washington Loan & Trust Bldg., Washington, D.C.
O. L. Norman
F. Miles Radigan
Stephen M. Walter

NATL. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS' ASSN., INC., 1200 18th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$20,487.99.
Interest: S 2907 prescribing policy and procedure of construction contracts made by executive agencies. Also legislation affecting building construction and electrical industries.

Representative:

George B. Roscoe, 610 Ring Bldg., Washington, D.C.

NATL. ELECTRICAL MANUFACTURERS ASSN., 155 E. 44th St., New York, N.Y.

Received \$621***

Interest: Legislation regarding excise taxes on electric refrigerators, ranges, water heaters; domestic electric appliances; commercial electric cooking equipment and any amendments of the Labor-Management Relations Act.

Representatives:

Robert M. Burr
W. J. Donald

NATIONAL RURAL ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE ASSN., 1303 New Hampshire Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$23,647.66*; received \$25,894.39*

Interest: Legislation which will further the country's rural electrification program, resulting from the REA Act, as amended, including REA administrative and loan funds for rural electrification and for rural telephone; funds for the construction of multi-purpose dams, funds for the transmission and related facilities to deliver federal hydro power to rural electric load centers; proposed legislation providing for surveys and development of water resources.

Representative:

Clyde T. Ellis

PHILCO CORP., Tioga and C Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

Spent \$135.45*; received \$2,175***

Interest: Legislation affecting the television and broadcasting industries and the manufacturing industry in general.

Representatives:

Henry B. Weaver
Henry H. Glassie

RADIO-TELEVISION MANUFACTURERS ASSN., 777 14th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$11,780.16.

Interest: General legislative interests relating directly or indirectly to the radio and television manufacturing industry.

Representatives:

Glen McDaniel
Pierson & Ball, 1007 Ring Bldg., Washington, D.C.
James D. Secrest

RECORD INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA, INC., 270 Park Ave., New York, N.Y.

Interest: Legislation affecting record industry.

SANGAMO ELECTRIC CO., Springfield, Ill.

Spent \$10,000.

Interest: Seeking amendments to Excess Profits Tax Act of 1950.

Representative:

H. Cecil Kilpatrick, 912 American Security Building, Washington, D.C.

Retail and Service Groups

(4 groups reporting)

\$106,463.67 spent by 4 groups.

AMERICAN HOTEL ASSN., 221 W. 57th St., New York, N.Y.

Spent \$33,055.56; received \$389,929.99.

Interest: Legislation affecting hotels.

Representatives:

Edward A. McCabe, 777 14th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Charles R. Richey, 777 14th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
M. O. Ryan, 777 14th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

AMERICAN RETAIL FEDN., 1625 I St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$42,102.64; received \$173,482.56.

Interest: Legislation affecting the retail industry, including the industry's relations with the federal government, suppliers, employees, and customers.

Representatives:

Preston B. Bergin
Paul M. Hawkins
Rowland Jones, Jr.
James C. Lucas
Arthur Sturgis, Jr.

NATIONAL RETAIL DRY GOODS ASSN., 100 W. 31st St., New York, N.Y.

Spent \$25,705.47.

Interest: Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended; postal legislation; Moody-Dingell bill; HR 5767 and HR 6925, fair-trade legislation; HR 6802 and S 2713, transportation; HR 7256, HR 7257, and S 2918; appropriation bills including funds for distributive education; HR 5505, Customs Simplification Act; S Res 169 and HR 5189, consumer research; HR 6160, wage and hour.

Representatives:

John C. Hazen, suite 808, Kass Bldg., 711 14th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Erskine Stewart, suite 808, Kass Bldg., 711 14th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

NATIONAL RETAIL FURNITURE ASSN., 666 Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, Ill.

Spent \$5,600.

Interest: Renewal of Defense Production Act; retention of Herlong amendment; discontinuance of consumer credit control authority.

Representatives:

Leo J. Heer, 1028 Connecticut Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Julian W. Caplan

Transportation

(21 groups reporting)

\$376,871.90 spent by 17 groups.

GENERAL

(1 group reporting)

\$1,769.96 spent by 1 group.

NATIONAL ASSN. OF TRAVEL ORGANIZATIONS, 1424 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$1,769.96; received \$15,330.22**

Interest: Legislation affecting the welfare of the travel industry.

AIR

(3 groups reporting)

\$33,342.45 spent by 3 groups.

AIRCRAFT INDUSTRIES ASSN. OF AMERICA, INC., 610 Shoreham Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$22,383.07; received \$22,383.07.

Interest: Legislation affecting the aircraft manufacturing industry.

Representatives:

Harry R. Brashear
DeWitt C. Ramsey
Spence, Hotchkiss, Parker & Duryea, 40 Wall St., N.Y., N.Y.
Howard G. Mosier

AIR TRANSPORT ASSN. OF AMERICA, 1107 16th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$9,096.73**; received \$6,027.41***

Interest: General legislative interests for the proper development of the airline industry in the public interest.

Representatives:

Edward O. Rodgers
S. G. Tipton

U.S. AIRLINES, INC., AIR LINES CARGO CARRIERS, 500 Fifth Ave., New York, N.Y.
Spent \$1,862.65**.
Interest: Legislation favorably affecting freight air carriers and against legislation that would adversely affect them.

HIGHWAY

(3 groups reporting)

\$14,039.53 spent by 3 groups.

AMERICAN TRUCKING ASSOCIATIONS, INC., REGULAR COMMON CARRIERS CONFERENCE OF THE, 1424 16th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$12,814.41; received \$8,753.98.

Interest: General interest is the protection and fostering of the interests of federally regulated motor common carriers of general commodities. Specific interests: S 2358, a bill to amend the Interstate Commerce Act by establishing certain rules for the operation of irregular common carriers by motor vehicle; S 2361, a bill to require the supervision, by the Interstate Commerce Commission, of the operations of contract carriers; S 2362, a bill to amend the Interstate Commerce Act to restrict certain operations of private carriers by motor vehicle, and to restrict the leasing of vehicles. Position: Generally in opposition to all three, but favorable to amendments thereof.

Representative:

Robert J. McBride
Roland Rice, 537 Washington Bldg., Washington, D.C.

MOVERS CONFERENCE OF AMERICA, 16th and P Sts., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$909.07**; received \$909.07**

Interest: All legislation affecting the moving industry; in particular, S 2653, a bill to standardize rates on household goods shipped by the government for its employees, which we support.

NATIONAL ASSN. OF INDEPENDENT TIRE DEALERS, INC., 777 14th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$316.05; received \$316.05.

Interest: General legislative interest in statutes or bills which affect the interests of independent tire dealers.

Representative:

Winston W. Marsh

RAIL

(9 groups reporting)

\$285,565.93 spent by 7 groups.

AMERICAN SHORT LINE RAILROAD ASSN., 2000 Mass., Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$5,445.92; received \$5,455.92.

Interest: St. Lawrence Seaway, ICC regulations, Railroad Retirement Act.

Representative: J. M. Hood.

ANGELINA & NECHES RIVER RR CO., Keltys, Tex., et al.

Spent \$35,998.45.

Interest: Legislation affecting Texas railroads.

Representative:

Walter F. Woodul, Chronicle Bldg., Houston, Tex.

ASSN. OF AMERICAN RAILROADS, 929 Transportation Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$235,977.74; received \$235,977.74.

Interest: Generally to keep informed with respect to legislation affecting transportation; to support such legislation as members of the Assn. of American Railroads believe to be in their interest and in the interest of a sound national transportation policy; and to oppose legislation which they believe to be contrary to such interests.

Representatives:

J. Carter Fort
P. H. Matthews

ASSN. OF WESTERN RAILWAYS, 474 Union Station Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Interest: Legislative proposals which do or may affect the western railroads.

Representatives:

Frank E. Haas, 280 Union Station Bldg., Chicago, Ill.
Joseph H. Hays, 280 Union Station Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

COLORADO RAILROAD LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE, 615 C. A. Johnson Bldg., Denver, Colo.

Spent \$1,359**.

Interest: Legislation affecting Colorado railroads.

Representative:

Leo J. Crowley, 922 Equitable Bldg., Denver, Colo.

FLORIDA RAILROAD ASSN., 404 Midyette-Moor Bldg., Tallahassee, Fla.
Spent \$2,774.45**; received \$5,025.00**

Interest: Proposed legislation of interest to members of Florida Railroad Assn.

Representative:

James Messer, Jr.

ILLINOIS RAILROAD ASSN., Room 1526, 33 South Clark St., Chicago, Ill.
Spent \$3,400.

Interest: Legislation affecting railroads.

Representative:

J. D. Snyder, 1040 LaSalle Hotel, Chicago, Ill.

OHIO RAILROAD ASSOCIATION, 16 East Broad St., Columbus, Ohio
Spent \$600.37.

Interest: Legislation affecting railroad interests.

Representatives:

Earl C. Shively
Ed D. Schorr

RAILROAD SECURITY OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC., 110 E. 42nd St., New York, N.Y.

Interest: Any legislation which the members of the association have a legitimate interest in supporting or opposing. There have been no specific legislative interests in the period.

WATER

(5 groups reporting)

\$42,154.03 spent by 3 groups.

ASSN. OF AMERICAN SHIP OWNERS, 90 Broad St., New York, N.Y.

Interest: Legislation affecting casualty and surety companies.

Representatives:

Joseph H. Ball, 1713 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
George W. Morgan

COMMITTEE FOR PROMOTION OF TRAMP SHIPPING UNDER AMERICAN FLAG IN FOREIGN COMMERCE, 80 Broad St., New York, N.Y.

Spent \$15,243.73; received \$5,000**

Interest: Amending existing shipping legislation in order to extend operating and construction differential subsidies to American flag vessels engaged in so-called tramp trades.

Representative:

Marvin J. Coles, 813 Washington Bldg., Washington, D.C.

LAKE CARRIERS' ASSN., 305 Rockefeller Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio

Interest:

Representatives:

Gilbert R. Johnson, 1208 Terminal Tower, Cleveland, Ohio
Lyndon Spencer

NATL. FEDN. OF AMERICAN SHIPPING, INC., 1809 G St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$23,310.30.

Interest: Legislation affecting shipping.

Representatives:

Frazer A. Bailey
Alfred U. Krebs
W. Bruce Macnamee, 1908 G Street, N.W., Washington, D.C.
Alexander Purdon, 1809 G Street, N.W., Washington, D.C.
John Forney Rudy
H. Maurice Fridlund

PACIFIC AMERICAN TANKSHIP ASSOCIATION, 25 California Street, San Francisco, Calif.

Spent \$3,600; received \$800.

Interest: Legislation affecting the merchant marine, particularly the tanker division thereof, including, without limitation, amendments relating to titles 14, 33, and 46 of the U.S. Code Annotated, and Merchant Marine Act of 1936, Transportation Act of 1940, appropriations relating to agencies charged with the duty of administering laws affecting transportation, etc.

Representative:

Robert F. Donoghue, 657 Warner Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Miscellaneous Trade Groups & Companies

(17 groups reporting)

\$120,797.97 spent by 11 groups.

AMERICAN COUNCIL OF STYLE AND DESIGN, INC., 60 E. 42nd St., New York, N.Y.

Interest: Legislation to protect original commercial styles and designs on textile fabrics and other commodities.

AMERICAN PYROTECHNICS ASSN., 6711 Loch Raven Bldg., Baltimore, Md.

Spent \$5,056.23**; received \$6,000**

Interest: Legislation affecting the pyrotechnics industry including, but not limited to the following bills: HR 4528, HR 4675, HR 6722.

Representative:

John S. Murphy, 355 Boyce Bldg., Sioux Falls, S.D.

AMERICAN TEXTILE MACHINERY ASSN. (formerly Natl. Assn. of Textile Machinery Manufacturers), Whitinsville, Mass.

Spent \$255.69***

Interest: Matters affecting the textile machinery industry -- the specific interest during the period covered by this report was HR 1012, relating to the duty-free importation into the U.S. of textile machinery destined for textile schools.

COUNCIL FOR CLARIFICATION OF PRICING PRACTICES, 1 North La Salle St., Chicago, Ill. Received: \$1,125***

Interest: Good faith competition; S 719 and HR 2820.

EMERGENCY COMMITTEE OF SMALL AND MEDIUM-SIZE MAGAZINE PUBLISHERS, 400 Madison Ave., New York, N.Y.

Spent \$4,916.95; received \$5,500.83.

Interest: Postal rate legislation.

Representative:

Robert A. Saltzstein, 511 Wyatt Bldg., Washington, D.C.

MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS' ASSN., INC., 246 Woodward Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$62,750; received \$16,375***

Interest: Generally on behalf of its members in any legislation affecting the chemical industry.

Representative:

M. F. Crass, Jr.

NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE INSTITUTE, INC., 619 F St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$1,534.77; received \$1,534.77**

Interest: Legislation which directly or indirectly affects the interests of agricultural limestone producers.

Representative:

Robert M. Koch

NATIONAL ASSN. OF DIRECT SELLING COS., 163-165 Center St., Winona, Minn.

Spent \$161.79; received \$54,906.25.

Interest: Legislation amending the Fair Labor Standards Act, and the Social Security Act.

Representatives:

J. M. George
H. K. Brehmer
C. S. McMahon

NATIONAL BUSINESS PUBLICATIONS, INC., 1001 15th St., N.W., Suite 55, Washington, D.C.

Spent \$1,210.65***

Interest: Legislation affecting postal rates of periodicals published by members.

Representatives:

Robert E. Harper
Carter Manasco, 4201 Chesterbrook Road, Falls Church, Va.

NATL. COUNCIL ON BUSINESS MAIL, INC., 105 West Monroe St., Chicago, Ill.

Spent \$5,905.49; received \$5,905.49.

Interest: S 2394, and all other similar legislation relating to the postal service.

NATIONAL PAINT, VARNISH, AND LACQUER ASSOCIATION, INC., 1500 Rhode Island Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$25.00**

Interest: Legislation affecting the paint, varnish and lacquer industry.

Representative:

Daniel L. Boland

OFFICE EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURERS INSTITUTE (OEMI), Legislative Committee Of, 777 14th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Interest: Any legislation affecting the industry, either general or specific.

Representative:

Edward D. Taylor.

THE PROPRIETARY ASSOCIATION, 810 18th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$997.20; received \$760.40.

Interest: Measures affecting proprietary medicines, industry and fair-trade bills.

Representative:

A. K. Barta

SILVER USERS' ASSOCIATION, 1612 I St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$37,984.20; received \$37,070*

Interest: Legislation involving silver, HR 1321, to repeal certain legislation relating to the purchase of silver, and for other purposes.

Representative:

Donald J. Ramsey

UNITED STATES WOOD SCREW SERVICE BUREAU, 53 Park Place, New York, N.Y.

Interest: Legislation for higher tariffs and import quotas for screws, nuts, rivets, and similar fasteners.

Representative:

George F. Byrne

VITRIFIED CHINA ASSOCIATION, INC., 517 Wyatt Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Interest: Trade Agreements Extension Act and all matters generally dealing with tariffs and chinaware.

Representative:

Robert F. Martin.

VULCAN DETINNING CO., Sewaren, N.J.

Interest: Legislation affecting tin ore importations.

Representative:

Henry H. Buckman, 405 Dorset Ave., Chevy Chase, Md.

CITIZENS GROUPS

(34 groups reporting)

\$416,134.43 spent by 29 groups.

Civic, Civil Rights, General

(10 groups reporting)

\$127,547.95 spent by 9 groups.

AMERICAN COALITION, Southern Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$5,430.63; received \$5,356.27.

Interest: Promotion of patriotism and a better understanding of the American form of government and to preserve it against attack.

COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS, 100 E. 50th St., New York, N.Y.

Spent \$1,447.12; received \$1,367.

Interest:

THE CONSUMERS' LOBBY, 826 Connecticut Ave., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$638.75***; received \$269***

Interest: Legislation directly affecting the consumer interest such as price-control provisions in the Defense Production Act (for); fair trade (against); and HR 169 (for).

Representatives:

Robert I. Fine, 4044 Girard Ave., Phila., Pa.
Phillip L. Rizzo, 826 Connecticut Ave., Washington, D.C.

HOME RULE HEADQUARTERS, 4800 U St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$3,810.09.

Interest: Kefauver bill (S 1976), home rule for the District of Columbia.

INDIANS OF CALIFORNIA, INC., 225 Powell St., San Francisco, Calif., and 2838 26th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$3,531.18**; received \$3,842.92**.

Interest: Congressional legislation affecting Indians of California.

Representative:

Wilkinson, Boyden & Cragun, 744 Jackson Place, N.W., Washington, D.C.

JAPANESE AMERICAN CITIZENS LEAGUE ANTI-DISCRIMINATION COMMITTEE, INC., 406 Beason Bldg., Salt Lake City, Utah

Spent \$3,984.31**; received \$20,874.96**

Interest: Promote the welfare of persons of Japanese ancestry in the U.S.

Representatives:

Mrs. Etsu M. Masaoka, 300 Fifth St., N.E., Washington, D.C.
Mike M. Masaoka, 300 Fifth St., N.E., Washington, D.C.
Richard H. Akagi

NATL. COMMITTEE FOR STRENGTHENING CONGRESS, 1135 Tower Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$1,219.33; received \$200*

Interest: Legislation dealing with the organization of Congress.

NATL. ECONOMIC COUNCIL, INC., 7501 Empire State Bldg., N.Y., N.Y.

Spent \$106,464.66; received \$107,090.18.

Interest: Legislation tending to support private enterprise and American independence.

Representatives:

Mrs. Enid H. Griswold
Merwin K. Hart

NATL. COUNCIL, JUNIOR ORDER UNITED AMERICAN MECHANICS,
3027 N. Broad St., Philadelphia, Pa.
Spent \$1,021.88**.
Interest: Restriction of immigration, suppression of communism, patriotic legislation, support free American public schools.
Representative:
Charles E. Babcock, Rt. 4, Box 73, Vienna, Va.
James L. Wilmeth

WASHINGTON HOME RULE COMMITTEE, 616-623 Transportation Bldg.,
Washington, D.C.
Interest: Kefauver bill (S 1976), home rule for the District of Columbia.

Welfare, Religious

(18 groups reporting)

\$268,839.27 spent by 15 groups.

AMERICAN CANCER SOCIETY, 47 Beaver St., New York, N.Y.
Spent \$21,509.37.
Interest: Appropriations for public health.
Representative:
Luke C. Quinn, Jr., Washington Bldg., Washington, D.C.

AMERICAN FEDN. OF THE PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED, 1370 Natl.
Press Bldg., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$3,425; received \$34,623.75.
Interest: Legislation affecting the physically disabled and handicapped.
Representatives:
Mildred Scott
Paul A. Strachan

AMERICAN PARENTS' COMMITTEE, 132 Third St., S.E., Washington,
D.C., and 52 Vanderbilt Avenue, New York, N.Y.
Spent \$8,185.53; received \$15,495.87.
Interest: National school health services bill, public-school construction bill, rational child research bill, federal aid for medical education, local public health units, physically handicapped children's education bill, school-lunch appropriation, Children's Bureau appropriation, federal aid to day-care centers in defense areas, federal aid to elementary and secondary schools, emergency maternal and infant care, defense housing and community facilities.

Representatives:
George J. Hecht, 52 Vanderbilt Ave., New York, N.Y.
Mrs. Ada Barnett Stough

ARTHRITIS AND RHEUMATISM FOUNDATION, 23 W. 45th St., New
York, N.Y.
Spent \$4,237.47.
Interest: Appropriations for public health.
Representative:
Luke C. Quinn, Washington Bldg., Washington, D.C.

CHRISTIAN AMENDMENT MOVEMENT, 914 Clay St., Topeka, Kan.
Spent \$14,989.79; received \$14,376.31.
Interest: Promoting Senate Joint Resolution 29 and House Joint Resolution 156, a proposed Christian amendment to Constitution of the U.S.
Representative:
A. J. McFarland, 26 N. 8th St., Sterling, Kan.

COMMITTEE FOR THE NATION'S HEALTH, 1416 F St., N.W., Wash-
ington, D.C.
Spent \$45,252.06; received \$41,654.90.
Interest: National Health Plan; training of doctors and nurses, hospital construction, and all legislation affecting level of health, including income tax exemptions for medical expenses.
Representatives:
Dr. Frederick E. Robin
John M. Brumm
John W. Edelman

COOPERATIVE HEALTH FEDERATION OF AMERICA, 343 South Dear-
born St., Chicago, Ill.
Spent \$868; received \$600**.
Interest: Legislation which will raise health standards in the U.S., particularly by the process of voluntary action on the part of citizens; particularly concerned with the development of public health services, the passage of legislation to help bring about more adequate training and professional personnel in the medical profession such as legis-
lation for federal aid to medical schools and colleges.

FRIENDS COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL LEGISLATION, 1000 11th St.,
N.W., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$45,406.24*; received \$19,156.31**.
Interest: To work where legislation is involved for development of United Nations into a world federation; the international control and reduction of armaments; recognition of its responsibility on part of U.S. government for assuming its share in burden for world-wide economic

rehabilitation and development; protection of recognized civil liberties, etc.

Representatives:
Rhoads, Murphey
E. Raymond Wilson

NATIONAL CONGRESS OF PARENTS AND TEACHERS
Interest: Measures affecting the welfare of children and youth in the field of education, etc.

Representatives:
Mrs. Newton P. Leonard, 313 Sharon St., Providence, R.I.
Mrs. Edith Fisher, 3601 Connecticut Ave., Washington, D.C.
Mrs. John E. Hayes, president, Twin Falls, Idaho

NATL. CONSUMERS LEAGUE, 348 Engineers' Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio
Spent \$1,539.18***; received \$2,781.55***.
Interest: Labor legislation, such as minimum wage, social security, child labor, migratory labor, etc.

NATIONAL EDUCATION ASSN. OF THE UNITED STATES, Legislation-
Federal Relations Division of the, 1201 16th St., N.W., Washington,
D.C.

Spent \$9,921.28.
Interest: Bills relating to public education.

Representatives:
Ernest Giddings
J. L. McCaskill

NATL. HOUSING CONFERENCE, INC., 1025 Vermont Ave., N.W.,
Washington, D.C.
Spent \$61,917.70; received \$51,808.85.
Interest: Housing legislation.

NATIONAL MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS SOCIETY, 270 Park Ave., New
York, N.Y.
Spent \$2106.78*.
Interest: Appropriations for public health.
Representative:
Luke C. Quinn, Jr., Washington Bldg., Washington, D.C.

SPOKESMEN FOR CHILDREN, INC., 654 Madison Ave., New York, N.Y.
Spent \$481.54*; received \$1,016*.
Interest: Same as first session of 82nd Congress with addition of approp-
riation for federal school-lunch program in 2nd session of 82nd Congress. Also supporting S 2337, emergency maternal and infant care for servicemen's wives and children, title I.
Representative:
Mrs. Theodore Oxholm

TOWNSEND PLAN, INC., AND TOWNSEND NATIONAL WEEKLY, INC.,
6875 Broadway, Cleveland, Ohio
Interest: To enact Townsend Plan into law.

Representatives:
John C. Cuneo, P.O. Box 1054, Modesto, Calif.
John Doyle Elliott, 305 Pennsylvania Ave., S.E., Washington, D.C.
Mrs. J. A. Ford, 305 Pennsylvania Ave., S.E., Washington, D.C.
Dr. Carl E. Lunn, 2315 East Yale St., Phoenix, Ariz.
William W. Mooney, 406 Bernice Bldg., Tacoma, Wash.
Dr. H. T. Gordon, 305 Pennsylvania Ave., S.E., Washington, D.C.

UNEMPLOYED SERVICE ASSOCIATION, 623 3rd St., N.W., Washington,
D.C.
Interest: Proposals for unemployed people.

UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT ADVISORS, INC., Washington Hotel,
Washington, D.C.
Spent \$44,291.02**; received \$74,335**.
Interest: Over-all field of social security.
Representative:
Stanley Rector, Washington Hotel, Washington, D.C.

UNITED CEREBRAL PALSY ASSOCIATIONS, INC., 50 W. 57th St., New
York, N.Y.
Spent \$4,708.31.
Interest: Appropriations for public health.
Representative:
Luke C. Quinn, Jr., Washington Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Women's Groups

(6 groups reporting)

\$19,747.21 spent by 5 groups.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF UNIVERSITY WOMEN, 1634 I St., N.W.,
Washington, D.C.
Interest: Federal aid to education, ECA, Point 4, Equal rights amendment, strengthening UN, school construction and teachers pay, independent status to U.S. Office of Education, reciprocal trade agreements without peril points.

HOUSEWIVES UNITED, 2915 Foxhall Road, N.W., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$157.23; received \$174.75*
Interest: Economic legislation affecting family life; against all fair trade bills.

LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS OF THE UNITED STATES, 1026 17th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$8,905.88; received \$5,229.08.
Interest: The national voter.
Representatives:
Mrs. Andrew Mackay Scott
Mrs. F. P. Douglas

NATIONAL FEDERATION OF BUSINESS & PROFESSIONAL WOMEN'S CLUBS, INC., 1619 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
Spent \$5,205.21; received \$408,001.30.
Interest: Legislation affecting the interests of women in business and the professions.
Representative:
Marjorie L. Temple, 1917 I St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

NATIONAL WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION, 1730 Chicago Ave., Evanston, Ill.
Spent \$7,108.89; received \$6,238.37*
Interest: Pertaining to alcoholic beverages, women and children in industry, radio and television, motion pictures, international relations for peace.
Representative:
Miss Elizabeth A. Smart, 100 Maryland Ave., N.E., Washington, D.C.

YWCA, NATIONAL BOARD, 600 Lexington Ave., New York, N.Y.
Spent \$370**
Interest: Mutual security program (for); migratory labor legislation (for); EMIC (for); UNICEF (for); civil rights (for); statehood of Alaska (for.).
Representative:
Miss Elsie D. Harper

EMPLOYEE GROUPS

(26 groups reporting)

\$466,733.13 spent by 22 groups.

AFL

(11 groups reporting)

\$316,428.21 spent by 9 groups.

AMERICAN FEDN. OF LABOR, 901 Mass. Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$105,537.20.
Interest: Legislation affecting the interest of working people.
Representatives:
William C. Hushing
Walter J. Mason
George D. Riley

CANAL ZONE CENTRAL LABOR UNION AND METAL TRADES COUNCIL, Box 471, Balboa Heights, C.Z.
Spent \$5,966**; received \$2,966***
Interest: All matters before Congress affecting welfare of employees on Canal Zone.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' COUNCIL, AFL, 900 F St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$17,559.29; received \$14,534.22*
Interest: All legislation affecting government employees.
Representative:
Thomas G. Walters

INTERNATIONAL ASSN. OF MACHINISTS, Machinist Bldg., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$7,600; received \$9,700.
Interest: Legislation affecting the socio-economic and political interests of the American workman, including all pending legislation dealing with social security, national health, aid to physically handicapped, labor relations, displaced persons, etc.
Representatives:
William V. Dameron
W. G. Flinn
George R. Nelson
James E. Poulton
Charles F. West, Jr.

INTERNATIONAL ASSN. OF MACHINISTS, District Lodge No. 44, Machinists Bldg., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$36,630.63; received \$44,283.18.
Interest: Legislation affecting working conditions of government employees and organized labor in general.
Representatives:
Wm. Henry Ryan
Newton Patrick Weathersby

INTL. BROTHERHOOD OF BOILERMAKERS, IRON SHIP BUILDERS AND HELPERS OF AMERICA, AFL, Kansas City, Kan.
Interest: Any legislation affecting labor.

Representatives:
Maywood Boggs, 825 Bowen Bldg., Washington, D.C.
Harold J. Buoy

INTL. BROTHERHOOD OF TEAMSTERS, CHAUFFEURS, WAREHOUSEMEN AND HELPERS, Room 311-222, E. Michigan St., Indianapolis, Ind.
Spent \$15,000; received \$15,000.
Interest: Federal and state legislation affecting interest and welfare of Intl. Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs, Warehousemen and Helpers of America, including to affiliate local unions and members.
Representative:
Fred A. Tobin, 438 Bowen Bldg., 821 15th St., N.W., Wash., D.C.

JOURNEYMEN BARBERS, HAIRDRESSERS, COSMETOLOGISTS, & PROPRIETORS INTL. UNION OF AMERICA, 12th and Delaware, Indianapolis, Ind.
Spent 1 per cent; received 1 per cent.
Interest: Legislation affecting labor, the National Defense Act, veterans' educational legislation, the District Barber Act, and any amendments thereto.
Representative:
Victor Hood, 4209 Queensbury Road, Hyattsville, Md.

NATL. ASSN. OF LETTER CARRIERS, 1525 H St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$8,913.93***; received \$241,616.42***
Interest: All legislation pertaining to postal and federal employees.
Representatives:
William C. Doherty
Jerome J. Keating

NATL. ASSN. OF POSTAL SUPERVISORS, P.O. Box 2013, Washington, D.C.
Spent \$21,352.00; received \$27,657.78.
Interest: Legislation affecting postal employees, including supervisors, and postal service.
Representative:
Jesse V. Horton

NATL. FEDN. OF POST OFFICE CLERKS, Room 502, 711 14th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$97,869.16; received \$559,505.33.
Interest: Legislation pertaining to postal service and the welfare of postal and federal employees.
Representatives:
Leo E. George
E. C. Hallbeck

CIO

(2 groups reporting)

\$56,015.42 spent by 2 groups.

COMMUNICATIONS WORKERS OF AMERICA, CIO, 1808 Adams Mill Rd., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$19,436.53; received \$3,593,708.04*
Interest: Legislative matters affecting interests of membership of the union.

Representatives:
J. A. Beirne
William M. Dunn
Thomas P. Healy
Charles B. Blankenship

CONGRESS OF INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATIONS, 718 Jackson Place, N.W., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$36,578.89; received \$36,578.89.
Interest: Legislation favorable to the national peace, security, democracy, property and general welfare; oppose legislation detrimental to these objectives.
Representatives:
William V. Lavelle
Anthony W. Smith

Railway Labor

(7 groups reporting)

\$46,592.13 spent by 5 groups.

AMERICAN TRAIN DISPATCHERS ASSN., 10 E. Huron St., Chicago, Ill.
Spent \$194.14**; received \$384***
Interest: HR 6525 and S 2639, amendments to Railway Unemployment Insurance Act.

**BROTHERHOOD OF LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS, 118 B of L.E. Bldg.,
Cleveland, Ohio**

Spent \$13,716.87**

Interest: Support or oppose legislation directly or indirectly affecting the interest of labor.

Representative:

John T. Corbett, 10 Independence Ave., S.W., Washington, D.C.

**BROTHERHOOD OF LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN & ENGINEERS, Grand
Lodge of the, 318-418 Keith Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio**

Spent \$22,186.51; received \$10.00*

Interest: To promote general interest of locomotive firemen and engine-men.

**BROTHERHOOD OF MAINTENANCE OF WAY EMPLOYEES, 12050
Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich.**

Received \$350***

Interest: Passage of HR 6525 and S 2639 to amend Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act.

Representatives:

Ernest H. Benson, 10 Independence Ave., S.W., Washington

C. R. Brown

T. C. Carroll, president, 12050 Woodward Ave.

**ORDER OF RAILWAY CONDUCTORS OF AMERICA, ORC Bldg., Cedar
Rapids, Iowa**

Spent \$9,517.34*

Interest: Legislation either directly or indirectly affecting the organization.

Representative:

W. D. Johnson, 10 Independence Ave., S.W., Washington, D.C.

RAILROAD PENSION CONFERENCE, P.O. Box 798, New Haven, Conn.

Spent \$977.27; received \$1,048.15.

Interest: For enactment of bills providing for 30-year half-pay retirement. For enactment of bills increasing unemployment, sickness and maternity benefits.

Representative:

Clarence B. Carter

**RAILWAY LABOR EXECUTIVES' ASSOCIATION, 10 Independence Ave.,
S.W., Washington, D.C.**

Interest: Any legislation affecting labor, especially railway labor.

Representatives:

A. E. Lyon

Schoene & Kramer, 1625 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

G. E. Leighty, Chairman

Other Employees

(6 groups reporting)

\$47,697.37 spent by 6 groups.

**ACTIVE-RETIRED LIGHTHOUSE SERVICE EMPLOYEES ASSN., P.O.
Box 2169, South Portland, Maine**

Spent \$1,092.12***; received \$1,291.00***

Interest: Passage of legislation providing for retirement of lighthouse service employees and of naval and marine officers, and for hospitalization of lighthouse employees.

Representatives:

Clarence F. Cockrell, 24 Mallow Ave., Baltimore, Md.

Robert E. Lee, 44 Westbrook St., South Portland, Maine

**AMERICA'S WAGE EARNERS' PROTECTIVE CONFERENCE, 424 Bowen
Bldg., Washington, D.C.**

Spent \$16,134.88; received \$15,682.72.

Interest: Legislation affecting copyright amendment bill (relating to the manufacturing clause), Tariff Commission investigation of pottery importation, photoengraving (temporary free importation of samples under bond), and executive agreements.

Representative:

O. R. Strackbein

**NATL. ASSN. OF POST OFFICE AND GENERAL SERVICES MAINTEN-
ANCE EMPLOYEES, Rm. 512-513 Victor Bldg., 724 9th St., N.W.,
Washington, D.C.**

Spent \$3,671.22*; received \$24,118.22**

Interest: Legislation affecting postal employees and General Service employees, and Post Office Custodial employees and GSA employees in Public Building Service.

Representative:

Ross A. Messer

**NATL. ASSN. OF RETIRED CIVIL EMPLOYEES, 1246 20th St., N.W.,
Washington, D.C.**

Spent \$600; received \$600**

Interest: Legislation affecting retired civil employees, particularly during this quarter, S 995, S 500, and HR 6294.

Representatives:

Elmer Johnson

Frank J. Wilson

**NATL. ASSN. OF U.S. STOREKEEPER-GAUGERS, 4543 North Hicks St.,
Philadelphia, Pa.**

Spent \$2,000; received \$2,737.60.

Interest: Legislation affecting federal classified employees, and that in particular which would affect our position -- U.S. storekeeper-gaugers.

**RETIREMENT FEDN. OF CIVIL SERVICE EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S.
GOVERNMENT, 900 F St., N.W., Rm. 314, Washington, D.C.**

Spent \$24,199.15; received \$30,080.03.

Interest: Retention and improvement of the Civil Service Retirement and U.S. Employees Compensation Acts.

Representatives:

Walter L. Disbrow

C. L. Dorson

FARM GROUPS

(8 groups reporting)

\$356,614.28 spent by 7 groups.

**AMERICAN FARM BUREAU FEDN., 221 N. LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.,
and 261 Constitution Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C.**

Spent \$84,935; received \$115,793.

Interest: Legislation affecting agriculture.

Representatives:

Joe Betts, 261 Constitution Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Roger Fleming

Gwynn Garnett

Hugh F. Hall

Allan B. Kline, 221 N. LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.

John C. Lynn

Frank K. Woolley, 261 Const. Ave., Wash., D.C.

Matt Triggs, 261 Const. Ave., N.W., Wash., D.C.

Kenneth W. Ingwalson

**AMERICAN NATL. CATTLEMEN'S ASSN., 515 Cooper Bldg., Denver,
Colo.**

Spent \$24,745.06; received \$96,578.41*

Interest: Proposed legislation supported or opposed: Price controls, slaughter quotas, hide exports, transportation legislation, meat inspection appropriation, foot-and-mouth disease, land legislation, etc.

Representatives:

Radford Hall

Sam C. Hyatt, Hyattsville, Wyo.

F. E. Mollin

FOREST FARMERS' ASSN. COOPERATIVE, Box 692, Valdosta, Ga.

Spent \$366.42; received \$366.42**

Interest: Legislation pertaining to forestry.

Representative:

J. Walter Myers, Jr.

**NATL. COUNCIL OF FARMER COOPERATIVES, 744 Jackson Pl., N.W.,
Washington, D.C.**

Spent \$7,089.01*; received \$9,045.*

Interest: S 2357 to restrict application of agricultural exemption of motor carriers (opposed); S 2362 to restrict certain operations of private motor carriers and to restrict leasing of vehicles (opposed); S 2518 to change procedure for increasing freight rates (opposed); S 2319 to redefine the rule of rate-making (opposed).

Representatives:

Kit H. Haynes

L. James Harmanson, Jr.

John H. Davis

John J. Riggie

**NATIONAL FARMERS UNION, (Farmers Educational and Cooperative
Union of America), 1555 Sherman St., Denver, Colo. (home office),
300 Independence Ave., S.E., Washington, D.C. (legislative office)**

Received \$502,549.89*

Interest: All matters affecting the interests of farmers or matters which from time to time may be regarded by the board of directors as affecting the program of the National Farmers Union as set forth in the program adopted by the convention of the National Farmers Union.

Representatives:

John A. Baker, 300 Independence Ave., S.E., Wash., D.C.

Angus McDonald, 300 Independence Ave., S.E., Wash., D.C.

James G. Patton, 300 Independence Ave., S.E., Wash., D.C.

Benton J. Strong, 300 Independence Ave., S.E., Washington, D.C.

NATIONAL GRANGE, 744 Jackson Place, N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$391.67; received \$7,660.22**

Interest: Anything pertaining to agriculture, either directly or indirectly.

Representatives:

Lloyd C. Halverson; Herschel D. Newsom; J. T. Sanders, Paul

Taber; Roy Battles.

NATL. MILK PRODUCERS FEDN., 1731 I St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$219,837.26; received \$188,391.49.
Interest: Any legislation that may affect milk producers or the cooperatives through which they act together to process and market their milk.

Representatives:
Marion R. Garstang
Charles W. Holman
Otis M. Reed
Margaret K. Taylor
H. Willis Tobler

NATIONAL WOOL GROWERS ASSN., 414 Pacific Natl. Life Bldg., Salt Lake City, Utah
Spent \$19,249.86; received \$53,572.80.
Interest: S 1149, reorganization of Dept. of Agriculture; S 2549, special sheepherder bill; HR 5678, McCarran-Walter omnibus immigration bill; HR 5505, customs simplification bill; extension of Defense Production Act; agricultural appropriation bills.
Representative:
J. M. Jones

FOREIGN POLICY

(9 groups reporting)

\$195,726.47 spent by 9 groups.

AMERICAN CITIZENS COMMITTEE FOR ECONOMIC AID ABROAD, 124 E. 17th St., New York, N.Y.
Spent \$3,209.70; received \$3,225.78**
Interest: Bills pending in Congress or which may be introduced appropriating funds for economic assistance and technical aid to foreign countries; for such statutes and bills.

AMERICAN TARIFF LEAGUE, INC., 19 W. 44th St., New York, N.Y.
Spent \$55,665.37; received \$53,430.66.
Interest: Legislation re customs simplification, and import quotas.
Representative:
Richard H. Anthony

ATLANTIC UNION COMMITTEE, INC., 537 5th Ave., New York, N.Y.
Spent \$63,532.24**; received \$29,755.72**
Interest: Convention of delegates from political parties of NATO democracies to explore possibilities of Atlantic union; support NATO activities.

CITIZENS' COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN POLICY, 100 E. 50th St., New York, N.Y.
Spent \$6.06**
Interest: Foreign policy.

COMMITTEE TO DEFEND AMERICA BY AIDING ANTI-COMMUNIST CHINA, 643 General Motors Bldg., 1775 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
Spent \$592.70**; received \$191.00***
Interest: Support of bills for helping anti-Communist China by economic aid and military equipment.

COMMITTEE ON THE PRESENT DANGER, 711 14th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$18,915.05; received \$19,210.26.
Interest: The Mutual Security Act of 1951 amendments, etc.
Representative:
Tracy S. Voorhees

NATL. COUNCIL FOR PREVENTION OF WAR, 1013 18th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$37,920.51; received \$34,357.00
Interest: Bills affecting world peace, ie, mutual assistance program, appropriations bearing on military matters, and governments of occupied areas, manpower (UMT, service), peace treaties, displaced persons, educational exchange, etc.
Representatives:
James Finucane
Frederick J. Libby
Mark R. Shaw, 114 Trenton St., Melrose, Mass.

NATL. LABOR-MANAGEMENT COUNCIL ON FOREIGN TRADE POLICY, 424 Bowen Bldg., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$15,448.71; received \$16,250*
Interest: Legislation relating to the tariff and foreign trade.
Representative:
O. R. Strackbein

U.S. COMMITTEE FOR A UNITED NATIONS GENOCIDE CONVENTION (Lillian Cohen, 56 Brook Manor, Pleasantville, N.Y. for Willard Johnson, general secy.)
Spent \$438.13
Interest: Senate ratification of Genocide Convention.

PROFESSIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

(19 groups reporting)

\$496,633.93 spent by 18 groups.

AMERICAN COLLEGE OF RADIOLOGY, 20 N. Wacker Dr., Chicago, Ill.
Received \$62,270.***
Interest: Legislation involving the practice of medicine and all national health insurance legislation.
Representative:
William C. Stronach

AMERICAN DENTAL ASSN., 222 E. Superior St., Chicago, Ill.
Spent \$28,683.25; received \$28,683.25*
Interest: To protect and further interests of the public and dental profession in matters of patents, legislation and regulations, and to disseminate information which will assist the constituent and component societies in their problems involving the enactment and enforcement of legislation involving the dental health of the public or the general practice of dentistry.
Representative:
Francis J. Garvey

AMERICAN HOSPITAL ASSN., 18 E. Division St., Chicago, Ill.
Spent \$21,277.89**; received \$23,877.89**
Interest: Legislation which may affect the ability of hospitals to render good care or which may affect hospital care for American people.
Representatives:
George Bugbee
Albert V. Whitehall, 1756 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSN., 535 N. Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
Spent \$270,174.26; received \$335,000.***
Interest: Legislation to advance the science and art of medicine.
Representatives:
Joseph S. Lawrence, M.D., 1523 L St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Cyrus H. Maxwell, M.D., 1523 L St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Frank E. Wilson, M.D., 1523 L St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

AMA, NATL. EDUCATION CAMPAIGN, 1 N. LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.
Spent \$39,340.67*;
Interest: Any legislation for compulsory health insurance, S 1140, S 337, HR 54, HR 274, HR 910, HR 913, S 401.
Representatives:
Clem Whitaker
Leone Baxter Whitaker

AMERICAN NURSES ASSN., INC., 2 Park Ave., New York, N.Y.
Spent \$5,316.81*;
Interest: Legislation affecting nurses, nursing and health.
Representatives:
Satterlee, Warfield & Stephens, 49 Wall St., New York, N.Y.
Julia C. Thompson

AMERICAN OPTOMETRIC ASSN., INC., 111 E. North St. Fostoria, Ohio
Spent \$9,222.12.
Interest: In addition to bills listed in the previous report, all of which have some relation, direct or indirect, to practice of profession of optometry: S 2325, S 2552, S 2714, S 2738, HR 7320, HR 6319, HR 6921, HR 6720.
Representative:
William P. MacCracken, Jr.

AMERICAN OSTEOPATHIC ASSN., 212 E. Ohio St., Chicago, Ill.
Spent \$2,592.87; received \$2,592.87.
Interest: Bills affecting the public health, such as HR 910 and S 2301, Nurses Education Aid; S 1245 and S 2337, Emergency Maternity and Infant Care; S 1140, Federal Dept. of Health; S 1, Universal Military Training
Representative:
Lawrence L. Gourley, 1757 K St., N.W., suite 603, Washington, D.C.

ASSN. OF AMERICAN PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, INC., 360 North Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.
Spent \$6,000; received \$6,000.
Interest: Legislation affecting physicians and surgeons in the practice of their profession.
Representative:
Harry E. Northam

DOCTORS FOR FREEDOM, 510 Medical Arts Bldg., Houston, Texas
Spent \$1,865.96; received \$2,332.10*
Interest: All legislation on social matters and general legislation in the medical field.

INDIANA STATE MEDICAL ASSN., 1021 Hume Mansur Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.
Spent \$6,266.54.

Interest: All bills pending before Congress which would create national health insurance.

Representative:
James A. Waggener

MEDICAL ASSN. OF STATE OF ALABAMA, 537 Dexter Ave., Montgomery, Ala.

Spent \$5,625*; received \$16,500***

Interest: All health matters.

Representative:
W. A. Dozier, Jr., 17 Molton St., Montgomery, Ala.

MEDICAL SOCIETY OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, 1718 M. St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$18,610***; received \$18,610***

Interest: Legislation pertaining to practice of medicine and all related services and that affecting the public health, including extension of social security into the field of the practice of medicine.

Representative:
Theodore W. Iprud

NATL. ASSN. OF ATTORNEYS GENERAL, 917 District National Bldg., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$30,221.10; received \$21,000*

Interest: To confirm and establish title in the states to lands beneath navigable waters within state boundaries.

Representative:
Walter R. Johnson

NATL. ASSN. AND COUNCIL OF BUSINESS SCHOOLS, 418-419 Homer Bldg., 601 13th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$41,255.43; received \$22,605.87*

Interest: Legislation concerning education of all types, particularly bills relating to GI education for Korean veterans.

Representative:
Bernard H. Ehrlich, 1367 Connecticut Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C.

NATL. FEDN. OF PRIVATE SCHOOL ASSNS., 2601 16th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$1,693.18*; received \$650**

Interest: All legislative proposals that affect private (non-tax-supported) schools.

Representative:
J. S. Noffsinger

NATIONAL RETIRED TEACHERS ASSN., 440 Downing Ave., Fort Wayne, Ind.

Spent \$1,971.52**; received \$1,971.52**

Interest: For and bill to exempt first \$1,800 of annuities received by former government employees from taxation.

Representatives:
Robert C. Harris
Harry L. Senger, 1539 Larry Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio

NATIONAL SOCIETY OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS, 1121 15th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$6,230.62; received \$102,345.70*

Interest: Legislation affecting interests of professional engineers, etc.

Representative:
Paul H. Robbins

ORGANIZATION OF PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, P.O. Box 381, Washington, D.C.

Spent \$286.71**; received \$276.23**

Interest: Legislative interests are in part but not exclusively exemplified by bills which in the Digest of Public General Bills, Library of Congress, are indexed under "Public Officers and Employees," "Retirement," and "Income-Tax Exemptions"; considerable attention has been paid to bills S 995, on retirement, and S 1019, dealing with the federal-state cooperative program, and Senate hearings on general retirement legislation.

Representative:
Frederick V. Rand, 54 Nash Place, Kensington, Md.

RECLAMATION, RIVERS AND HARBORS

(9 groups reporting)

\$317,878.21 spent by 9 groups.

CENTRAL ARIZONA PROJECT ASSN., 510 Goodrich Bldg., Phoenix, Ariz.

Spent \$40,829.24; received \$32,145.02.

Interest: S 75, Bridge Canyon Act, HR 1500 and HR 1501, Bridge Canyon Act known more frequently as central Arizona project bill.

COLORADO RIVER ASSN., 306 W. 3rd St., Los Angeles, Calif.

Spent \$111,538.15.

Interest: Legislation re construction affecting Colorado River waters.

Representative:
John U. Terrell, 424 Wyatt Bldg., Washington, D.C.

FLORIDA INLAND NAVIGATION DISTRICT, Citizen Bank Bldg., Bunnell, Fla.

Spent \$5,607.08

Interest: Potentially interested in all legislation affecting river and harbor works, flood control, and other water use and conservation and related projects.

Representative:
Henry H. Buckman, 405 Dorset Ave., Chevy Chase, Md.

NATL. RECLAMATION ASSN., 119 Natl. Press Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$1,452.89*; received \$20,002.90**

Interest: Reclamation Act, 1902 (53 Stat. 1187, 43 U.S.C. 485), and all amendatory and supplementary acts thereto; all other statutes relating to water- and land-conservation measures.

Representatives:
Merl B. Peek
William E. Welsh

NATIONAL RIVERS AND HARBORS CONGRESS, 1720 M St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$14,936.27; received \$14,731.99.

Interest: All matters pertaining to river and harbor development, flood control, navigation, irrigation-reclamation, soil and water conservation, and related subjects.

Representative:
William H. Webb

NATL. ST. LAWRENCE PROJECT CONFERENCE, 843 Transportation Bldg., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$61,892.07; received \$63,825.

Interest: Any legislation with reference to St. Lawrence waterway and power project; House Joint Resolution 337 (opposed).

Representatives:
Carroll B. Huntress, 17 Battery Place, N.Y., N.Y.
Earl C. Bassett

NORTH DAKOTA RESOURCES BOARD, 311 Broadway, Fargo, N.D.

Spent \$5,015.52**; received \$6,200**

Interest: Legislation affecting development and utilization of land, water and other natural resources of North Dakota, including authorizations and appropriations.

Representative:
Fred J. Frederickson, Lafayette Hotel, Washington, D.C.; 247 Third St., S.W., Valley City, N.D.

SIX AGENCY COMMITTEE, 315 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Calif.

Spent \$22,269.96; received \$20,000**

Interest: Legislation affecting California's rights in Colorado River, including S 75, to authorize Central Arizona project, and H J Res 21 and S J Res 26, Colorado River litigation resolutions, and legislation relating to reclamation and water resources policies.

Representative:
Northcutt Ely, 1209 Tower Bldg., Washington, D.C.

TEXAS WATER CONSERVATION ASSN., 207 W. 15th St., (P.O. Box 2084, Capital Station) Austin, Texas

Spent \$24,337.03; received \$26,017.61.

Interest: All legislation concerning development, conservation, protection and utilization of Texas' land and water resources through existing state and federal agencies. Opposed to all legislation creating federal valley authorities.

Representative:
J. E. Sturrock

TAXES

(25 groups reporting)

\$207,327.61 spent by 22 groups.

THE ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE INDUSTRIES, TAX COUNCIL OF, INC., 155 E. 44th St., New York, N.Y.

Interest: Legislation affecting excise taxes on alcoholic beverages.

Representative:
Thomas J. Donovan

BUDD COMPANY, Philadelphia, Pa.

Spent \$65,306.92*

Interest: Corporate income and excess-profits taxes.

Representatives:
Richard S. Doyle, 404 Transportation Bldg., Washington, D.C.
H. Cecil Kilpatrick, American Security Bldg., Washington, D.C.

COLORADO ASSOCIATED BUSINESSMEN, INC., 335 Symes Bldg., Denver, Colo.

Spent \$2,156.51; received \$2,130.

Interest: General legislative interest of the group is the taxing of competitive business on the same basis without regard to exemptions under section 101 of the present Internal Revenue Code.

INDIANA TAX EQUALITY COMMITTEE, INC., Board of Trade Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.
Spent \$1,801.39; received \$2,562.50*
Interest: Bills affecting equality of taxation.

IOWA ASSOCIATED BUSINESSMEN, INC., 463 Westwood Drive, Ames, Iowa
Spent \$5,300.98; received \$2,212.00.
Interest: Such bills as HR 240, HR 1177, S 892, HR 4473; in other words, we favor enactment of legislation that will produce real tax equality within competitive field as relating to net annual incomes, savings, etc.

JEWELRY INDUSTRY TAX COMMITTEE, Leon J. Engle, Chairman, 20 Hopkins Place, Baltimore, Md.
Interest: Excise taxes.

KANSAS INDEPENDENT BUSINESSMEN'S ASSN., 205 Orpheum Bldg., Wichita, Kan.
Spent \$1,211.11; received \$747.00**
Interest: Tax equality and legislation affecting independent business.

MICHIGAN ASSOCIATED BUSINESSMEN, INC., 1516 Olds Tower, Lansing, Mich.
Interest: In favor of legislation designed to have all business corporations taxed in same manner and on the same basis.
Representative:
Donald Teel

MINNESOTA ASSOCIATED BUSINESSMEN, INC., 520 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.
Spent \$2,647.41*; received \$4,443.50*
Interest: Federal and state income taxation and governmental expenditures.
Representative:
Norman E. Biorn

MISSISSIPPI ASSOCIATED BUSINESSMEN, INC., 301-303 Millsaps Bldg., P.O. Box 1329, Jackson, Miss.
Spent \$3,601.55; received \$3,839.53.
Interest: Legislation relating to government economy, government regulation of business and taxation, such as Mason bill, HR 240, Davis bill, HR 1177, and Senator Williams' bill, S 892.

MISSOURI-KANSAS BUSINESSMEN'S ASSN., 1210 Waltham Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.
Spent \$2,126.66; received \$1,560.
Interest: Legislation relating to taxation of independent business, labor legislation, and encroachment of government into private industry.

NATL. ASSOCIATED BUSINESSMEN, INC., 1025 Vermont Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$19,213.40.
Interest: Laws affecting businessmen, particularly with relation to taxation, labor, government regulation of business, social security, and tax-privileged corporations in business.
Representatives:
Vernon Scott & Loring A. Schuler, 231 S. LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.

NATL. COMMITTEE FOR FAIR EMERGENCY EXCISE TAXATION, 60 E. 42nd St., New York, N.Y.
Spent \$6,839.46***; received \$1,130.65***
Interest: Fair emergency excise taxation.
Representatives:
H. Leigh Whitelaw
Wyatt, Grafton & Grafton, 300 Marion E. Taylor Bldg., Louisville, Ky.

NATL. COMMITTEE TO LIMIT FEDERAL TAXING POWERS, 1737 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$1,385.07; received \$1,601.56.
Interest: Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the U.S. relating to taxes and the national debt.

NATL. LIVESTOCK TAX COMMITTEE, 515 Cooper Bldg., Denver, Colo.
Spent \$9,291.17*; received \$13,887.83
Interest: Livestock and taxation.
Representative:
Stephen H. Hart, 350 Equitable Bldg., Denver, Colo.

NATL. TAX EQUALITY ASSN., 231 S. LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.
Spent \$63,745.39; received \$70,836.49.
Interest: General legislative interests relating to corporate income-tax legislation.
Representative:
Joseph F. Leopold, 936 Natl. City Bldg., Dallas, Texas

NATIONAL TAX RELIEF COALITION, Box 401, Greensboro, N.C.
Spent \$6,270; received \$3,380.
Interest: Tax limitation.

NEBRASKA TAX EQUALITY COMMITTEE, INC., 714 Stuart Bldg., Lincoln, Neb.
Spent \$1,491.18; received \$2,760.30.
Interest: All legislation designed to bring about equality of taxation between private business and cooperatives.

NEW JERSEY ASSOCIATED BUSINESSMEN, INC., 112 Bowers St., Jersey City, N.J.
Spent \$738.90**; received \$590**
Interest: Any laws or proposals adversely affecting business.
Representative:
Harold F. Neumann

TAX EQUALITY ASSN. OF MONTANA, McKay Bldg., 107 E. Main, Missoula, Mont.
Spent \$128.61*
Interest: Repeal of the exemption contained in sections 101 (12) and (13) of the Internal Revenue Code and all bills so to do which apply to the conduct of business competition with goods and services produced for a livelihood by the citizenry.

TAX EQUALITY COMMITTEE OF KENTUCKY, 211 Columbia Bldg., Louisville, Ky.
Spent \$3,508.35; received \$3,332.85.
Interest: Advocating revision of section 101 of Internal Revenue Code.
Representative:
Donald F. Nemitz

TAX EQUALITY LEAGUE OF UTAH, 915 Kearns Bldg., Salt Lake City, Utah.
Spent \$947.50**; received \$1,345***
Interest: Repeal of Internal Revenue Code 101.
Representative:
E. L. Schoenhals

TELEVISION BROADCASTERS' TAX COMMITTEE, 1771 N St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$3,355.06***; received \$2,000***
Interest: Legislation affecting the television industry on tax matters generally.
Representative:
Lovell H. Parker, 614 Colorado Bldg., Washington, D.C.

VIRGINIA ASSOCIATED BUSINESSMEN, 512 Travelers Bldg., Richmond, Va.
Spent \$6,123.51; received \$7,438.18*
Interest: All legislation affecting tax equality which is favored by this association.
Representative:
Walter M. Evans

WISCONSIN ASSOCIATED BUSINESSMEN, INC., 231 W. Wisconsin Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.
Spent \$137.48***; received \$272.50***
Interest: Any legislation affecting business.

VETERANS AND MILITARY AFFAIRS

(7 groups reporting)

\$151,342.57 spent by 4 groups.

THE AMERICAN LEGION, NATL. HEADQUARTERS, 700 N. Pennsylvania St., Indianapolis, Ind.
Spent \$106,235.09; received \$68,227.00.
Interest: The American Legion and all veterans of World War I and II and their dependents on all matters affecting their care, rehabilitation, hospitalization, re-education, and housing; all matters affecting the general welfare of our country with regard to national defense.
Representatives:
Miles D. Kennedy, 1608 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Clarence H. Olson, 1608 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
John Thomas Taylor, 1608 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

AMVETS, AMERICAN VETERANS OF WORLD WAR II, 724 9th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Interest: Concerned with veterans' legislation, UMT, Reserve legislation, general welfare and Americanism programs.
Representative:
Rufus H. Wilson

DISABLED AMERICAN VETERANS, National Headquarters, 1423 E. McMillan St., Cincinnati, Ohio
Spent \$20,964.13.
Interest: Legislation affecting war veterans, their dependents and survivors of deceased veterans.
Representatives:
Charles E. Foster, 1701 18th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Francis M. Sullivan, 1701 18th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

DISABLED EMERGENCY OFFICERS OF THE WORLD WARS, 1604 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C.
Spent \$10,152.46.

Interest: Legislation affecting disabled veterans and their dependents and survivors of deceased veterans.

Representative:
G. D. Tilghman

NAT'L. COUNCIL AGAINST CONSCRIPTION, 1013 18th St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Spent \$13,990.89**; received \$18,069.71**

Interest: Opposition to peacetime conscription.

RESERVE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION OF THE U.S., 2517 Connecticut Ave., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Interest: Legislation for development of a military policy for the U.S. which will guarantee adequate national security.

Representative:
Charles M. Boyer

RETIRED OFFICERS ASSOCIATION, INC., 1616 I St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

Received \$77,147.49.

Interest: Legislation pertinent to the rights, benefits, privileges, and obligations of retired officers, male and female, Regular and Reserve, and their dependents and survivors, of whatever nature, dealing with personnel matters, pay and retirement benefits and pensions; study and analyzing bills; preparing statements for presentation to the cognizant committees and drafting amendments where indicated; appearing before committees of Congress, principally the Committees on Armed Services, Committees on Veterans' Affairs, and the committees dealing with various privileges, opportunities, and obligations of the personnel involved.

Representatives:
Harold B. Corwin
Harry G. Hamlet
Franz O. Willenbacher

EXECUTIVE ACTION

JUSTICE DEPARTMENT REORGANIZATION

President Eisenhower April 20 sent Congress a plan to reorganize the Department of Justice. It was the fourth reorganization plan submitted to the 83rd Congress. (CQ Weekly Report, pp. 331, 403, 433).

The plan would make the Deputy Attorney General, instead of the Solicitor General, the Department's second highest officer. Reorganization plan No. 2 of 1950 created the post of Deputy Attorney General. (CQ Almanac, Vol. VI, 1950, p. 365).

This year's plan also would provide for an Acting Attorney General. It authorizes the Attorney General to establish the order in which Assistant Attorneys General and the Solicitor General would be in charge in the absence of the Department's three top officers.

ORDER COMMUNISTS TO REGISTER

The Subversive Activities Control Board April 20 ordered the Communist Party to file membership lists and financial statements as an organization directed from abroad, "a subsidiary and puppet of the Soviet Union." The party's National Committee said it would refuse to register and will appeal to the courts the Constitutionality of the McCarran Internal Security Act of 1950, under which the Control Board acted. (CQ Almanac, Vol. VI, 1950, p. 390).

Enforcement of the registration order will be delayed during appeals, which could take a year or more.

Attorney General Herbert Brownell, Jr., followed up the order April 22 by asking the Board to order the registration of 12 alleged Communist-front organizations which have been listed as subversive by his predecessors. Rep. Harold H. Velde (R Ill.), Chairman of the Committee on Un-American Activities, on April 20 praised the Control Board for its ruling, and for withstanding "Communist slander and vilification as have...the members of the (Un-American Activities) Committee and myself."

OIL SUIT FILED

Substituting civil for criminal action because of "national security" Attorney General Herbert Brownell, Jr., April 21 asked the Federal District Court in Washington, D.C. to enjoin five major American oil companies from participating in a combination or cartel to monopolize world oil markets.

Former Attorney General James P. McGranery last fall instituted a grand jury criminal investigation of an alleged cartel, naming 12 oil companies. Additional oil companies, domestic and foreign, may be added to the list of civil suit defendants, Brownell said, if inspection of records warrants.

CONGRESSIONAL QUOTES

Reporting to his constituents April 18 on West German Chancellor Konrad Adenauer's visit to Washington, Rep. Frazier Reams (I Ohio) praised Adenauer as "a strong and courageous leader," adding, "If the example and aid of the United States and the leadership of Adenauer has convinced Germany that force and egotism can only again lead that country into bitter paths of defeat, our efforts have not been in vain."

"Korea is an international Lexington and Concord in the fight for freedom and against communism and oppression," Rep. Edith Nourse Rogers (R Mass.) told the House April 21. (Congressional Record, p. 3546).

Speaking before the American Society of Newspaper Editors April 17, Sen. Mike Mansfield (D Mont.) recalled that "systematic provocations of the Soviet Union...have built up in us, periodically, almost intolerable pressures to retreat in confusion into hemispheric isolationism or to strike out blindly in preventive war like a goaded bull... We have refused to accept either of these futilities."

Appealing to his constituents for support of a tight budget, Rep. Charles A. Halleck (R Ind.) declared in an April 22 newsletter: "Now is the time, indeed, for everyone who wants to cut the cost of government to stand by the Congress -- even at the expense of items of personal interest."

"The idea of the government purchasing and storing even half of the butter supply of the nation to make the other half too expensive for most people to buy is repugnant to common sense and morality," Rep. Samuel W. Yorty (D Calif.) said in a news release April 17. He declared "the butter buying program should be immediately revamped or jettisoned..."

"Too many citizens are still clinging to the apron-strings of government..." Sen. Wallace F. Bennett (R Utah) told a Lions Club ladies night audience April 18.

Discussing contributions made by American soldiers to needy Koreans, Rep. William G. Bray (R Ind.) said in an April 23 newsletter: "If we ever manage to repair our seriously damaged prestige abroad, we must... try to make our formal diplomacy as successful as the informal diplomacy of our GI's."

Rep. William J. Green, Jr. (D Pa.) declared in a newsletter April 17: "Mr. Eisenhower's first appointment to the Chairmanship of the Republican National Committee (Wesley C. Roberts) was revealed as a 10 percentor by the Kansas legislature. (Sen. Joseph R.) McCarthy (R Wis.), chief inquisitor for the Republican Senate, refuses outright to come clean on his financial dealings. Certainly the word 'crusade' was used in its broadest sense last fall..."

"...I want to see this Administration one of these days spread its wings and get off the ground, let us know where they are going, what they stand for, and when they are going to do something about what they do stand for," Rep. Sam Rayburn (D Tex.) said in a House speech April 21. (Congressional Record, p. 3545).

"The (Eisenhower peace program) speech...definitely rejects the idea of appeasing the Reds which was characterized by past indecision. We now have a foreign policy," Rep. Patrick J. Hillings (R Calif.) said in an April 20 newsletter.

4,443 Americans Abroad

8,000 HAVE STUDIED UNDER FULBRIGHT PROGRAM

More than 8,000 students, teachers, researchers and lecturers have gone abroad or traveled to the U.S. to study under the Fulbright Act of 1946. (CQ Almanac, Vol. II, 1946, p. 466). Of these, 4,443 are Americans who have studied abroad -- the rest, foreigners who came here.

Thirty countries have participated in this student exchange program, financed by funds from the sale of U.S. surplus property left overseas at the end of World War II. The law authorizes the Secretary of State to use foreign currencies not convertible into dollars to finance Americans studying abroad and to meet the expense of bringing the foreign students to this country.

However, the Fulbright Act, named for Sen. J. William Fulbright (D Ark.), does not finance the foreign students while they are in the U.S. They must meet their expenses while here from private funds or through aid received under the Smith-Mundt Act of 1948, which authorizes the exchange of students, teachers and technicians. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 416). At present, 340 Fulbright students from abroad are being aided under the Smith-Mundt program.

In the United States, there are now about 15,000 applicants a year for Fulbright scholarships. From these about 1,300 are selected each year by the Board of Foreign Scholarships. Those selected are chosen not only for high academic attainments, but also for "emotional stability and common sense," according to Sen. Fulbright, a former president of the University of Arkansas.

NEW YORK SENDS MOST

In 1948, the first year that the Fulbright student exchange program was in operation, 48 Americans took advantage of it. Totals for succeeding years were 831 in 1949; 1,039 in 1950; 1,274 in 1951 and 1,251 in 1952.

The largest number of U.S. students has come from New York State, which has had 784 of its residents studying abroad under this program. California has had 332, Massachusetts 302, Illinois 264 and Pennsylvania 240.

States with the fewest American students participating were Arizona and Nevada, which had seven "Fulbrights" each. Delaware has had nine and New Mexico and North Dakota 12 each.

Seventy-two have been from the District of Columbia, 21 from Hawaii, two from Puerto Rico and one from Alaska.

At present, American "Fulbrights" are studying in England, Scotland, Wales, North Ireland, France, Italy, Norway, Denmark, the Netherlands, Belgium, Malta, Thailand, Turkey, Austria, British West Africa, British East Africa, Egypt, Greece, New Zealand, Japan, India, the Philippines, Australia, Pakistan, Burma, Iraq, Malaya, Nigeria, British Guiana.

Sen. Fulbright would like to see the student exchange program expanded. Unless Congress acts, it will terminate when proceeds from surplus property are used up. Sen. Edwin C. Johnson (D Colo.) favors expansion of the program to Iron Curtain students. "As exchange students the Russians could get the truth about democracy," he said.

AMERICANS STUDYING ABROAD UNDER FULBRIGHT ACT

State	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	Total
Ala.		3	5	9	11	28
Ariz.		2	1	2	2	7
Ark.		9	8	8	4	29
Calif.	9	52	72	79	120	332
Colo.	2	11	8	15	14	50
Conn.	3	27	33	40	36	139
Del.			2	4	3	9
D.C.		13	16	32	11	72
Fla.	1	7	6	16	14	44
Ga.		6	9	9	19	43
Idaho		3	6	5	5	19
Ill.	4	56	63	62	79	264
Ind.		18	24	29	28	99
Iowa		11	10	17	28	66
Kan.	1	5	9	19	18	52
Ky.		7	8	16	12	43
La.		9	9	11	10	39
Maine		8	3	8	12	31
Md.	1	9	17	18	28	73
Mass.	1	65	89	87	60	302
Mich.		33	38	55	47	173
Minn.	1	10	31	36	38	116
Miss.		7	4	3	4	18
Mo.	2	13	19	36	23	93
Mont.	1	1	1	9	4	16
Neb.		5	14	8	13	40
Nev.	1		1	1	4	7
N.H.		6	11	13	8	38
N.J.		34	29	50	48	161
N.M.		2	2	5	3	12
N.Y.	12	201	206	188	177	784
N.C.		6	18	22	18	64
N.D.		3	3	3	3	12
Ohio		37	49	71	53	210
Okl.		6	6	13	17	42
Ore.	2	9	12	19	16	58
Pa.	1	39	53	72	75	240
R.I.		5	10	10	14	39
S.C.		7	7	10	6	30
S.D.		1	3	4	5	13
Tenn.	1	7	17	11	18	54
Texas		13	17	29	26	85
Utah		5	8	9	8	30
Vt.		3	8	11	7	29
Va.		13	16	17	14	60
Wash.	2	13	19	33	21	88
W.Va.		2	6	8	8	24
Wis.	2	28	28	30	41	129
Wyo.	1		1	3	8	13
Alaska					1	1
Hawaii		1	4	8	8	21
P. Rico				1	1	2
Total	48	831	1039	1274	1251	4443

Source: Department of State.



weekly roundup of legislation

Bills Introduced

(APRIL 9-15)

Following are bills introduced in Congress arranged according to subject matter in categories. Within each category are Senate bills in alphabetical order of sponsor's name, followed by House bills in alphabetical order of sponsor's name. Bills are described as follows: Sponsor's name, bill number, date introduced, brief description of provisions and committee to which bill was assigned. Bills sponsored by more than one Senator are listed under the first sponsor, with additional sponsors listed in alphabetical order. All such multiple sponsored bills are marked by an asterisk (*). For more detailed description of how bills introduced are published by CQ and how to check a given bill or a particular Congressman, please see CQ Weekly Report, p. 27.

Agriculture

- *AIKEN (R Vt.), Ellender (D La.) S 1679.....4/17/53. Repeal certain acts re cooperative agricultural extension work and amend Smith-Lever Act of 1914 to provide for cooperative agriculture extension work between the agricultural colleges in the states, territories, and possessions. Agriculture.
- *AIKEN (R Vt.), Holland (D Fla.) S 1680.....4/17/53. Provide for emergency action under section 22 of Agriculture Adjustment Act, as amended. Agriculture.
- HOEY (D N.C.) S 1700.....4/20/53. Amend Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act by striking out sentence which restricts use which a county may make of funds paid to it under that section. Agriculture.
-
- CHATHAM (D N.C.) HR 4583.....4/15/53. Amend section 33 of Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act by striking out sentence which restricts the use which a county make make of funds paid to it under that section. Agriculture.
- ENGLE (D Calif.) HR 4587.....4/15/53. Facilitate development, maintenance, and operating of facilities for public use in national forests. Agriculture.
- ENGLE (D Calif.) HR 4588.....4/15/53. Provide for issuance of camp-fire permits and facilitate the development, maintenance, and operating facilities for public use in national forests. Agriculture.
- GRANT (D Ala.) HR 4720.....4/21/53. Repeal certain acts re cooperative agricultural extension work and amend Smith-Lever Act of 1914 to provide for cooperative agriculture extension work between agricultural colleges in the states, territories and possessions. Agriculture.
- HOPE (R Kan.) HR 4677.....4/20/53. Similar to GRANT (D Ala.), HR 4720.
- HOPE (R Kan.) H Res 213.....4/20/53. Provide funds for expenses of study and investigations by Committee on Agriculture authorized by H Res 161. House Administration.

Appropriations

- PHILLIPS (R Calif.) HR 4663.....4/17/53. Make appropriations for the Executive Office and sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, corporations, agencies, and offices for fiscal 1954. Appropriations.
- TABER (R N.Y.) HR 4664.....4/17/53. Make supplemental appropriations for fiscal 1953. Appropriations.

Education and Welfare

EDUCATION

- WOLVERTON (R N.J.) (by request) HR 4689.....4/20/53. Amend National Science Foundation Act of 1950 to provide more flexible financial limitations. Commerce.

HEALTH & WELFARE

- BENTLEY (R Mich.) HR 4670.....4/20/53. Amend Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 as amended to permit an individual who is entitled to benefits under this act and the Social Security Act to receive the full amounts entitled under both acts. Commerce.
- FORD (R Mich.) HR 4676.....4/20/53. Amend Social Security Act to permit federal participation in public assistance for patients in private institutions for mental diseases. Ways and Means.
- HAGEN (R Minn.) (by request) HR 4593.....4/15/53. Assist voluntary non-profit associations offering prepaid health-service programs to secure necessary facilities and equipment through long-term, interest bearing loans. Commerce.
- HOSMER (R Calif.) H J Res 240.....4/16/53. Aid in preventing acquisition and use of narcotic drugs by minors, by closing Mexican border to any minor who is not accompanied by his parent or guardian unless he can demonstrate that he is leaving U.S. for a legitimate purpose. Judiciary.

- POULSON (R Calif.) HR 4682.....4/20/53. Similar to BENTLEY (R Mich.), HR 4670.
- RADWAN (R N.Y.) HR 4683.....4/20/53. Amend title II of Social Security Act to repeal \$75 work clause. Ways and Means.
- WHITTEN (D Miss.) HR 4604.....4/15/53. Amend Social Security Act to permit individuals entitled to old-age or survivors insurance benefits to earn \$100 a month without deductions being made from their benefits. Ways and Means.

Foreign Policy

IMMIGRATION & NATURALIZATION

- PHILBIN (D Mass.) HR 4652.....4/16/53. Amend section 201 of Immigration and Nationality Act to provide that all quota numbers not used in any year shall be made available to immigrants in oversubscribed areas in the following year. Judiciary.

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

- COLE (R N.Y.) H Con Res 93.....4/20/53. Recommend special session of General Assembly of UN to deal with disarmament and calling for crusade for world peace and freedom. Foreign Affairs.
- COOPER (D Tenn.) HR 4643.....4/16/53. Extend authority of President to enter into trade agreements under section 350 of Tariff Act of 1930 as amended. Ways and Means.
- FORD (R Mich.) HR 4719.....4/21/53. Similar to COOPER (D Tenn.), HR 4643.
- FRELINGHUYSEN (R N.J.) HR 4590.....4/15/53. Similar to COOPER (D Tenn.), HR 4643.
- JAVITS (R N.Y.) HR 4724.....4/21/53. Similar to COOPER (D Tenn.), HR 4643.
- JAVITS (R N.Y.) H Con Res 95.....4/21/53. Express sympathy to people and government of Pakistan in their famine crisis and give appropriate assistance. Foreign Affairs.
- KEATING (R N.Y.) HR 4594.....4/15/53. Similar to COOPER (D Tenn.), HR 4643.
- PRICE (D Ill.) H Con Res 94.....4/20/53. Promote through UN an effective and enforceable system of world wide disarmament and call for crusade for world peace and freedom. Foreign Affairs.

Labor

- PAYNE (R Maine) S 1703.....4/21/53. Provide for amendment of Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act to clarify certain provisions re areas of market competition. Labor.

- GREEN (D Pa.) HR 4733.....4/21/53. Rehabilitate and stabilize labor conditions in textile industry of U.S., prevent unemployment and regulate wages and hours in said industry. Labor.
- LESINSKI (D Mich.) HR 4645.....4/16/53. Amend Labor Management Relations Act of 1947 to provide that supervisors not having the power to hire and discharge employees may have certain of the benefits of the act. Labor.

Military and Veterans

ADMINISTRATION -- DEFENSE DEPARTMENT

- *MILLIKIN (R Colo.), Johnson (D Colo.) S 1681.....4/17/53. Authorize Secretary of Army to cancel lease of Army Department upon Camp George West, Colo., and to return such camp together with all improvements and facilities to the state of Colorado. Armed Services.
- SALTONSTALL (R Mass.) (by request) S 1646.....4/15/53. Amend section 301, Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, to further limit the jurisdiction of boards of review established under that section. Armed Services.
- SALTONSTALL (R Mass.) (by request) S 1642.....4/15/53. Authorize Secretaries of Army, Navy and Air Force, with approval of Secretary of Defense, to cause to be published official registers for their respective services. Armed Services.
- SALTONSTALL (R Mass.) (by request) S 1641.....4/15/53. Retrocede to state of Oklahoma concurrent jurisdiction over right-of-way for U.S. Highway 62 and 277 within Fort Sill Military Reservation. Armed Services.
- SALTONSTALL (R Mass.) (by request) S 1640.....4/15/53. Amend act of April 29, 1941, to authorize the waiving of requirement of performance and payment bonds in connection with certain Coast Guard contracts. Armed Services.
- SALTONSTALL (R Mass.) (by request) S 1643.....4/15/53. Authorize Post Office Department to designate enlisted personnel of Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps and Coast Guard as postal clerks and assistant postal clerks. Armed Services.

SALTONSTALL (R Mass.) (by request) S 1644.....4/15/53. Amend act of May 27, 1940 (54 Stat. 223) as amended to remove limitation upon rank of the director of music, and the leader of the Military Academy Band. Armed Services.

BECKER (R N.Y.) HR 4714.....4/21/53. Amend subsection (a) and (d) of section 6 of War Claims Act of 1948 as amended, to include claims of certain American citizens who served in armed forces of any government allied with U.S. during World War II and who were taken prisoner of war. Commerce.

BOSCH (R N.Y.) HR 4642.....4/16/53. Establish a program of grants-in-aid to assist the states to provide maternity and infant care for the wives and infants of enlisted members of armed forces during the present emergency. Armed Services.

D'EWART (R Mont.) (by request) HR 4690.....4/20/53. Provide for erection of appropriate markers in national cemeteries to honor the memory of members of Armed Forces missing in action. Interior.

REED (R Ill.) HR 4728.....4/21/53. Amend act of April 29, 1941, to authorize the waiving of requirement of performance and payment bonds in connection with certain Coast Guard contracts. Judiciary.

SHORT (R Mo.) HR 4611.....4/15/53. Amend Dependents Assistance Act of 1950 as amended, to provide punishment for fraudulent acceptance of benefits thereunder. Armed Services.

DEFENSE

SALTONSTALL (R Mass.) (by request) S 1647.....4/15/53. Amend act of Aug. 3, 1950, as amended, to continue in effect the provisions thereof relating to the authorized personnel strengths of the armed forces. Armed Services.

VETERANS

CARLSON (R Kan.) S 1684.....4/18/53. Facilitate civil-service appointment of persons who lost opportunity therefor because of service in armed forces and provide certain benefits upon appointment. Civil Service.

BENTLEY (R Mich.) HR 4667.....4/20/53. Restore certain remarried widows to pension rolls. Veterans'.

BENTLEY (R Mich.) HR 4668.....4/20/53. Extend certain benefits to veterans who received a service-connected disability as a result of service in Germany during occupation of Germany after World War I. Veterans'.

LANE (D Mass.) HR 4596.....4/15/53. Grant a pension of \$100 per month to all honorably discharged veterans of World War I who are over 62 years of age. Veterans'.

HOSMER (R Calif.) (by request) HR 4608.....4/15/53. Provide for payment of monetary benefits withheld from certain Veterans' Administration beneficiaries. Veterans'.

ROGERS (R Mass.) (by request) HR 4599.....4/15/53. Amend section 622 of National Service Life Insurance Act of 1940 re premium waiver benefits. Veterans'.

TEAGUE (D Tex.) HR 4601.....4/15/53. Clarify the law re hospital, domiciliary, and medical care of veterans. Veterans'.

Miscellaneous and Administrative

CASE (R S.D.) S 1657.....4/16/53. Provide for completion of Mount Rushmore National Memorial and financing thereof by issuance of a special coin. Banking and Currency.

BONNER (D N.C.) H J Res 241.....4/20/53. Appoint committee to attend celebration of 50th anniversary of first airplane flight at Kill Devil Hill, Kitty Hawk, N.C. Rules.

MCDONOUGH (R Calif.) HR 4727.....4/21/53. Provide that Secretary of Treasury shall issue new silver certificates in denomination of \$1, bearing a map of U.S. to replace present silver certificates and notes of that denomination. Banking and Currency.

RABAUT (D Mich.) H J Res 243.....4/20/53. Amend pledge of allegiance to flag of U.S. of America. Judiciary.

CIVIL SERVICE

LANGER (R N.D.) S 1685.....4/18/53. Adjust salaries of postmasters, supervisors, and employees in field service of Post Office Department. Civil Service.

McCARRAN (D Nev.) S 1708.....4/21/53. Amend Administrative Procedure Act to appoint examiners and make certain other provisions to strengthen the provisions of the Act. Judiciary.

CONDON (D Calif.) HR 4673.....4/20/53. Amend Civil Service Retirement Act as amended, to remove inequities re granting of increases in annuities of certain individuals who have purchased additional annuities by voluntary contributions. Civil Service.

CURTIS (R Mo.) HR 4674.....4/20/53. Increase rates and amounts of compensation which may be earned by retired commissioned officers when employed by U.S. and provide that such rates and amounts shall increase or decrease as level of prices increases or decreases. Civil Service.

ELLIOTT (D Ala.) HR 4716.....4/21/53. Amend Civil Service Retirement Act of May 29, 1930 as amended, to provide certain benefits for widows of employees who died prior to Feb. 28, 1948. Civil Service.

HOSMER (R Calif.) HR 4723.....4/21/53. Simplify and consolidate the laws re receipt of compensation from dual employments under U.S. Civil Service.

REES (R Kan.) HR 4654.....4/16/53. Provide for exemption, from Annual and Sick Leave Act of 1951, of certain officers in executive branch of government. Civil Service.

REES (R Kan.) HR 4729.....4/21/53. Facilitate civil-service appointment of persons who lost opportunity therefor because of service in armed forces after June 30, 1950, and provide certain benefits upon appointment. Civil Service.

WITHROW (R Wis.) HR 4692.....4/20/53. Amend P.L. 106, 79th Cong., re compensation for overtime and holiday employment. Civil Service.

CONGRESS

*FERGUSON (R Mich.), Maybank (D S.C.) S 1648.....4/16/53. Provide for television studio to be maintained in connection with Senate Radio-Television Correspondents' Gallery. Rules.

*JOHNSTON (D S.C.), Cooper (R Ky.) S 1688.....4/18/53. Amend Civil Service Retirement Act of May 29, 1930, as amended, re annuities for members of Congress. Civil Service.

McCARRAN (D Nev.) S 1663.....4/16/53. Increase salaries of Members of Congress, judges of U.S. courts and U.S. attorneys. Judiciary.

BURDICK (R N.D.) HR 4715.....4/21/53. Make it a criminal offense for any officer or member of armed forces or Chiefs of Staff to take retaliatory measures against any officer or enlisted man for any testimony he gives under oath before any committee of Congress. Judiciary.

CONSTITUTION -- CIVIL RIGHTS

SMITH (R Maine) S 1654.....4/16/53. Amend act providing for method of voting for servicemen absent from place of their residence. Rules.

CRIME, COURTS, & PRISONS

FREAR (D Del.) S 1636.....4/15/53. Require determination by Tax Court of the existence of prima facie case of fraud prior to the administrative imposition of an addition to an income-tax deficiency based upon fraud. Finance.

LANGER (R N.D.) S 1677.....4/17/53. Make provisions re venue of actions for violations of act assisting states in collecting sales and use taxes on cigarettes. Finance.

KEFAUVER (D Tenn.) S 1650.....4/16/53. Amend chapter 113 of title 18, U.S. Code, re FBI investigation of certain cases involving \$15,000 or more in value. Judiciary.

MILLER (R Md.) HR 4651.....4/16/53. Amend title 18, U.S. Code, to regulate the transportation and shipment of fireworks. Judiciary.

THOMPSON (D La.) HR 4602.....4/15/53. Amend title 28, section 134, U.S. Code, to establish resident requirements (for district judges) in certain Louisiana districts. Judiciary.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

CASE (R S.D.) (by request) S 1670.....4/17/53. Amend laws of D.C. to increase maximum sum allowable by the court out of assets of a decedent's estate for funeral expenses. D.C.

CASE (R S.D.) (by request) S 1671.....4/17/53. Amend laws of D.C. re forcible entry and detainer. D.C.

CASE (R S.D.) (by request) S 1672.....4/17/53. Amend laws of D.C. re publication of partnerships. D.C.

CASE (R S.D.) (by request) S 1673.....4/17/53. Amend laws of D.C. re continuing decedent's business. D.C.

CASE (R S.D.) (by request) S 1691.....4/20/53. Authorize Potomac Electric Power Co. to construct and maintain certain facilities and to operate in D.C. D.C.

NEELY (D W.Va.) (by request) S 1683.....4/18/53. Amend D.C. Barber Act re hours in which a barber shop may remain open. D.C.

HAGEN (R Minn.) H Res 211.....4/20/53. Authorize committee on District of Columbia to conduct investigation and study of traffic problems in D.C. Rules.

HAGEN (R Minn.) H Res 212.....4/20/53. Provide funds for expenses of investigation and study authorized by H Res 211. House Administration.

JOHNSON (R Calif.) (by request) HR 4725.....4/21/53. Prohibit sale in D.C. of chicks, ducklings, and young rabbits during the 3-week period before and after Easter. D.C.

KEARNS (R Pa.) HR 4726.....4/21/53. Amend District of Columbia Traffic Act of 1925, as amended. D.C.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS

CARLSON (R Kan.) (by request) S 1714.....4/21/53. Authorize Postmaster General to enter into special agreements for certain switching service by railway common carriers. Civil Service.

HOLLAND (D Fla.) S 1635.....4/15/53. Exempt state departments of agriculture and state marketing bureaus from increase in postal rates on third-class mail provided by section 3 of act of Oct. 30, 1951. Civil Service.

JOHNSTON (D S.C.) S 1690.....4/20/53. Exempt publications of religious, educational, scientific, philanthropic, agricultural, labor, veterans' and fraternal organizations or associations from minimum rate of postage prescribed by law for each individually addressed copy of publications entered as second-class matter. Civil Service.

FINO (R N.Y.) HR 4718.....4/21/53. Increase salaries of judges of U.S. Judiciary.

FORD (R Mich.) HR 4589.....4/15/53. Withdraw privilege of free transmission of official mail matter from certain government corporations and agencies. Civil Service.

INDIAN & TERRITORIAL AFFAIRS

*BARRETT (R Wyo.), Hunt (D Wyo.) S 1706.....4/21/53. Provide for taxation by state of Wyoming of certain property located within confines of Grand Teton National Park. Interior.

BARRETT (R Wyo.) S 1669.....4/17/53. Provide that excess-land provisions of federal reclamation laws shall not apply to lands in Owl Creek unit of Missouri Basin project. Interior.

*BEALL (R Md.), Butler (R Md.) S 1698.....4/20/53. Provide relief for city of Frederick, Md. Judiciary.

IVES (R N.Y.) S J Res 71.....4/21/53. Extend authority of Federal National Mortgage Association to Guam and amend National Housing Act re housing in Alaska.

*KERR (D Okla.), Monroney (D Okla.) S 1637.....4/15/53. Authorize sale of certain lands to state of Oklahoma re Fort Bibson Dam and Reservoir project. Public Works.

*KERR (D Okla.), Monroney (D Okla.) S 1638.....4/15/53. Authorize the sale of certain lands to state of Oklahoma re Denison Dam and Reservoir project. Public Works.

*KERR (D Okla.), Monroney (D Okla.) S 1639.....4/15/53. Authorize the sale of certain lands to state of Oklahoma re counties of Greer and Kiowa. Interior.

SALTONSTALL (R Mass.) (by request) S 1645.....4/15/53. Clarify status of citizens of Philippines who are retired members of uniformed services and who hold offices of profit or trust under Republic of Philippines. Armed Services.

EDMONDSON (D Okla.) HR 4586.....4/15/53. Extend time within which claims may be presented to Indian Claims Commission. Interior.

ELLSWORTH (R Ore.) HR 4646.....4/16/53. Provide for exchange of certain public and private lands. Interior.

FARRINGTON (R Hawaii) H J Res 242.....4/20/53. Extend certain authority of Federal National Mortgage Association and Federal Housing Administration to Guam and Hawaii. Banking and Currency.

HAGEN (R Minn.) HR 4592.....4/15/53. Amend title 18, U.S. Code, re jurisdiction over offenses committed by or against Indians in Indian country, and confer on state of Minnesota civil jurisdiction over Indians in the state. Judiciary.

SCHERER (R Ohio) HR 4730.....4/21/53. Provide for conveyance by U.S. to city of Cincinnati, Ohio, of certain lands formerly owned by that city. Veterans'

Taxes and Economic Policy

BUSINESS, BANKING & COMMERCE

BEALL (R Md.) (by request) S 1665.....4/17/53. Amend Federal Credit Union Act to declare patronage dividends under certain conditions. Banking and Currency.

BEALL (R Md.) (by request) S 1666.....4/17/53. Amend Federal Credit Union Act to make certain limitations re loans. Banking and Currency.

JOHNSON (D Colo.) (by request) S 1662.....4/16/53. Provide for federal participation in design, development, and service testing of jet- and turbine-powered transport aircraft. Commerce.

ALLEN (R Calif.) HR 4665.....4/20/53. Amend Merchant Marine Act of 1936 as amended re war risk insurance. Merchant Marine.

CARNAHAN (D Mo.) HR 4672.....4/20/53. Amend Contract Settlement Act of 1944 to authorize payment of fair compensation to persons contracting to deliver certain strategic or critical minerals or metals in cases of failure to recover reasonable costs. Judiciary.

O'HARA (R Minn.) (by request) HR 4680.....4/20/53. Amend section 10 of Clayton Act. Judiciary.

PERKINS (D Ky.) HR 4610.....4/15/53. Aid in preventing shortages of petroleum and petroleum products in U.S. by promoting the production of synthetic liquid fuels. Commerce.

REED (R Ill.) HR 4597.....4/15/53. Amend section 4 of Clayton Act to provide for discretionary treble damages in private actions under antitrust laws. Judiciary.

REED (R Ill.) HR 4598.....4/15/53. Prohibit false advertising or misuse of names indicating various exchange services of armed forces. Judiciary.

SHELLEY (D Calif.) HR 4731.....4/21/53. Amend section 901 of Merchant Marine Act, 1936, as amended, to provide for shipment of government cargoes in privately-owned American vessels whenever possible. Merchant Marine.

VAN ZANDT (R Pa.) HR 4687.....4/20/53. Amend sections of Atomic Energy Act of 1946 to promote development of atomic power by private enterprise for industrial purposes. Atomic Energy. (Joint)

VURSELL (R Ill.) HR 4688.....4/20/53. Provide a limitation on quantity of crude petroleum and petroleum products that may be imported into U.S. Ways and Means.

WOLCOTT (R Mich.) HR 4605.....4/15/53. Amend section 10 of Federal Reserve Act to increase amount for Federal Reserve branch banks from \$10 million to \$30 million. Banking and Currency.

NATURAL RESOURCES

HELLER (D N.Y.) H J Res 239.....4/16/53. Establish a Joint Committee on Natural Resources. Rules.

MILLER (R Neb.) HR 4691.....4/20/53. Establish Federal Minerals Corp. to establish and maintain sound minerals industry in U.S. Banking and Currency.

PUBLIC WORKS AND RECLAMATION

MARTIN (R Pa.) S 1633.....4/15/53. Authorize appropriation of funds to provide for completion of certain projects for flood control in Columbia River Basin. Public Works.

MORSE (I Ore.) S 1664.....4/16/53. Authorize construction, operation, and maintenance of Snake River project, Idaho-Oregon-Wyoming. Interior.

WILLIAMS (R Del.) S 1668.....4/17/53. Authorize modification of existing project for Mississippi River, Del., to improve facilities for navigation. Public Works.

ANGELL (R Ore.) HR 4641.....4/16/53. Authorize payment on equitable basis, to states and their political subdivisions for replacement, relocation, rebuilding or improvement of public highway facilities inundated, abandoned, damaged or destroyed by construction or operation of certain public works of U.S. Public Works.

BUCHANAN (D Pa.) HR 4671.....4/20/53. Provide for acquisition of land and construction of post office in borough of West Mifflin, Allegheny County, Pa. Public Works.

BURDICK (R N.D.) H Res 210.....4/20/53. Provide that no further funds shall be appropriated for further construction of Garrison Dam until an investigation is made by special committee of the House. Rules.

ELLSWORTH (R Ore.) HR 4647.....4/16/53. Prevent damage to federal lands and their management by federal dam and water reservoir projects. Interior.

HARRISON (R Wyo.) HR 4721.....4/21/53. Provide that excess-land provisions of federal reclamation laws shall not apply to lands in Owl Creek unit of Missouri Basin project. Interior.

MAGNUSON (D Wash.) HR 4650.....4/16/53. Authorize construction, operation and maintenance of Snake River project, Idaho-Oregon-Wyoming. Interior.

METCALF (D Mont.) HR 4649.....4/16/53. Similar to MAGNUSON (D Wash.), HR 4650.

O'NEILL (D Mass.) HR 4609.....4/15/53. Authorize an appropriation to enable Secretary of the Army to reimburse city of Boston for part of cost of alteration and reconstruction of Meridian Street Bridge in Boston. Public Works.

PFOST (D Idaho) HR 4648.....4/16/53. Similar to MAGNUSON (D Wash.), HR 4650.

POULSON (R Calif.) HR 4681.....4/20/53. Provide for closer supervision of costs of constructing irrigation and reclamation projects and projects in territories and possessions of U.S. Interior.

SHELLEY (D Calif.) HR 4684.....4/20/53. Authorize additional appropriations for Lower San Joaquin River project. Public Works.
 SIMPSON (R Ill.) HR 4685.....4/20/53. Authorize adoption of report re seepage and drainage damages on Illinois River, Ill. Public Works.

TAXES & TARIFFS

KEFAUVER (D Tenn.) S 1649.....4/16/53. Amend section 24 (c) of Internal Revenue Code to permit deduction from gross income of certain expenses and interest incurred or accrued, but not paid, during the taxable year. Finance.
 MALONE (R Nev.) S 1676.....4/17/53. Allow an additional exemption of \$600 to taxpayer and to the spouse of taxpayer upon attaining age of 70 years. Finance.

ANGELL (R Ore.) HR 4640.....4/16/53. Provide that tax on admissions shall not apply to admissions to historical sites and museums operated by U.S., the states or subdivisions thereof, or by any municipality, or any nonprofit institution or organization. Ways and Means.
 BENNETT (R Mich.) HR 4666.....4/20/53. Amend act allowing a successor railroad corporation the benefits of certain carryovers of a predecessor corporation for purposes of certain provisions of Internal Revenue Code. Ways and Means.
 BENTLEY (R Mich.) HR 4669.....4/20/53. Permit deduction for income-tax purposes of certain expenses paid or incurred by an individual for care of his dependents in order that such individual may be gainfully employed, or self-employed. Ways and Means.
 CURTIS (R Mo.) HR 4584.....4/15/53. Grant an exemption from admissions tax to certain national folk festivals. Ways and Means.
 DELANEY (D N.Y.) HR 4585.....4/15/53. Make provisions for the protection of striped bass. Merchant Marine.
 ELLIOTT (D Ala.) HR 4617.....4/21/53. Provide for additional tax deductions from gross income. Ways and Means.
 FINO (R N.Y.) HR 4644.....4/16/53. Amend section 112 (n) of Internal Revenue Code to provide that gain from sale or exchange of taxpayer's home will not be taxed whether or not he replaces it with another residence. Ways and Means.
 FORD (R Mich.) HR 4675.....4/20/53. Amend section 112 (b) (7) of Internal Revenue Code to apply it to cases where transfer of all property under liquidation occurs within 1 calendar month in 1953 or 1954. Ways and Means.
 GOODWIN (R Mass.) HR 4591.....4/15/53. Establish equitable basis for application of federal income tax to mutual fire insurance companies which operate on deposit plan. Ways and Means.
 GREEN (D Pa.) HR 4606.....4/15/53. Amend certain excess-profits-tax provisions in order to encourage development and marketing of new and improved dentistry products. Ways and Means.
 GREGORY (D Ky.) HR 4607.....4/15/53. Amend section 2400 of Internal Revenue Code re ornaments. Ways and Means.
 HILLINGS (R Calif.) HR 4722.....4/21/53. Amend Internal Revenue Code to permit taxpayer to deduct as business expense, the cost of providing care for children under 12 years of age, if such care enables taxpayer to work away from home. Ways and Means.
 JONAS (R Ill.) HR 4678.....4/20/53. Increase by \$400 amount which students who are working their way through school or college may earn without subjecting themselves or their parents to liability for federal income tax, by providing that \$400 of the amount earned in calendar year by full-time student shall be excluded from his gross income. Ways and Means.
 KING (D Calif.) HR 4595.....4/15/53. Make provisions re definition of head of household for purposes of income-tax provisions of Internal Revenue Code. Ways and Means.
 MARTIN (R Iowa) HR 4679.....4/20/53. Exempt from admissions tax certain amateur athletic games conducted or sponsored by organizations exempt under section 101 (8) of Internal Revenue Code. Ways and Means.
 REED (R N.Y.) HR 4653.....4/16/53. Amend section 117 (j) of Internal Revenue Code to include as property used in trade or business poultry held for breeding purposes. Ways and Means.
 RIVERS (D S.C.) HR 4734.....4/21/53. Amend section 122 of Internal Revenue Code to provide that net operating loss for taxable year shall be a net operating loss carryback for the 5 preceding taxable years. Ways and Means.
 SIMPSON (R Pa.) HR 4600.....4/15/53. Similar to GREGORY (D Ky.), HR 4607.
 THOMPSON (R Mich.) HR 4732.....4/21/53. Amend Internal Revenue Code to provide that tax on admissions shall not apply in case of any admission, of which all the proceeds inure exclusively to benefit of a nonprofit community amateur theatre. Ways and Means.
 UTT (R Calif.) HR 4686.....4/20/53. Amend section 122 of Internal Revenue Code to provide that so much of a net operating loss, for a taxable year, beginning in 1947 and ending in 1948, as is allocable to 1948, may be carried over to third succeeding taxable year. Ways and Means.
 WHITTEN (D Miss.) HR 4603.....4/15/53. Provide that the tax on admissions shall not apply to admissions to a moving-picture theater. Ways and Means.

Bills Acted On

(APRIL 15-21)

EXPLANATORY NOTE: Bills and resolutions which have been approved and reported by committees to the floor of either house, or have been passed by either house, are listed below in numerical order. Summary gives, in order listed, number of bill, description, sponsor, nature and date of action. Voice vote unless otherwise indicated.

Simple resolutions (S Res or H Res) are completed when adopted by the chamber in which they originate. They do not become law.

Concurrent resolutions (S Con Res or H Con Res) are completed when adopted by both houses. They do not become law.

Joint resolutions (S J Res or H J Res) and bills (S or HR) must be passed by both houses and are then sent to the President. They become law when signed by the President, or become law without his signature after ten days, unless he vetoes.

Senate Bills and Resolutions

COMMITTEE ACTION IN EITHER HOUSE

S 16. Amend 18 U.S.C. 3486 re immunity of witnesses to make certain provisions re testimony given by witnesses before either house of Congress or their committees. McCARRAN (D Nev.). Senate Judiciary reported April 20.
 S 117. Amend section 7 of Flood Control Act of 1941 re apportionment of moneys received on account of the leasing of lands acquired by the U.S. for flood-control purposes. KERR (D Okla.). Senate Public Works reported April 17.
 S 639. Provide for the abandonment of a certain part of the federal project for the Broadkill River in Delaware. WILLIAMS (R Del.). Senate Public Works reported April 17.
 S 1448. Amend act relating to the making of photographs and sketches of properties of the military establishment, to continue in effect the provisions thereof until 6 months after the present national emergency. SALTONSTALL (R Mass.). Senate Armed Services reported April 16.
 S 1524. Authorize Secretary of the Navy to furnish certain supplies and services to foreign naval vessels on a reimbursable basis. SALTONSTALL (R Mass.). Senate Armed Services reported April 16.
 S 1527. Remove the limitation upon the detail of officers on the active list for recruiting service and for duty with ROTC units. SALTONSTALL (R Mass.). Senate Armed Services reported April 16.
 S 1528. Continue in effect certain appointments as officers and warrant officers of the Army and Air Force. SALTONSTALL (R Mass.). Senate Armed Services reported April 16.
 S 1529. Make certain provisions re posthumous appointments and commissions. SALTONSTALL (R Mass.). Senate Armed Services reported April 16.
 S 1530. Authorize the appointment of nurses and medical specialists in the Army and Air Force to the grade of first lieutenant, and the appointment of Regular Navy nurses to the rank of lieutenant (junior grade). SALTONSTALL (R Mass.). Senate Armed Services reported April 16.
 S 1546. Amend act authorizing Secretary of War to approve a standard design for a service flag and service lapel button. SALTONSTALL (R Mass.). Senate Armed Services reported April 16.
 S J Res 71. Extend certain authority of the Federal National Mortgage Association to Guam and amend the National Housing Act re housing in Alaska. IVES (R N.Y.). Senate Banking and Currency reported April 21.
 S Res 103. Cite for contempt of the Senate Russell W. Duke, for refusing to appear to testify before the Senate Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations of the Senate Government Operations Committee. MCCARTHY (R Wis.). Senate Government Operations reported April 15.

House Bills and Resolutions

FLOOR ACTION IN EITHER HOUSE

HR 444. Increase the percentage of trust funds held by Shoshone and Arapahoe Tribes of Wind River Reservation which is to be distributed per capita to individual members of such tribes to 90 per cent. HARRISON (R Wyo.). House Interior and Insular Affairs reported April 13. Passed House, amended, on consent calendar April 20.
 HR 1243. Eliminate the homestead designation and restrictions against alienation and taxation imposed on certain Indian allotments of the Blackfeet Reservation, Mont. D'EWARD (R Mont.). House Interior and Insular Affairs reported April 2. Passed House, amended, on consent calendar April 20.
 HR 1244. Eliminate homestead designation and restrictions imposed upon Indian allotments of the Crow Reservation, Mont. D'EWARD (R Mont.). House Interior and Insular Affairs reported April 13. Passed House, amended, on consent calendar April 20.

INTERIOR DISMISSALS

- HR 2113. Amend act incorporating the American Legion to redefine the powers of said corporation, right to use of the name "The American Legion" and "American Legion". LeCOMPTE (R Iowa). House Judiciary reported April 14. Passed House on consent calendar April 20.
- HR 2565. Further amend the act of 1942 re prompt payment of damage claims occasioned in foreign countries by U.S. armed forces. REED (R Ill.). House Judiciary reported April 2. Passed House on consent calendar April 20.
- HR 2990. Amend act which incorporated the Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States. VAN ZANDT (R Pa.). House Judiciary reported April 14. Passed House, amended, on consent calendar April 20.
- HR 3409. Terminate federal discrimination against the Indians of Montana. D'EWART (R Mont.). House Interior and Insular Affairs reported April 14. Passed House, amended, on consent calendar April 20.
- HR 3411. Direct Secretary of the Army to re-establish and correct the boundaries of the Quincy National Cemetery by exchange of government - owned lands in the Quincy-Graceland Cemetery, Quincy, Ill. D'EWART (R Mont.). House Interior and Insular Affairs reported March 19. Passed House on consent calendar April 20.
- HR 3429. Amend Bankruptcy Act to provide that referees in bankruptcy serving in D.C. shall not be required to reside in D.C. REED (R Ill.). House Judiciary reported March 31. Passed House on consent calendar April 20.
- HR 3480. Propose a 3-year extension of P.L. 78 (82nd Congress) facilitating the use of Mexican labor for agricultural work in this country. HOPE (R Kan.). House Agriculture reported March 31. Passed House 259-87, April 15.
- HR 3915. Permit the mining, development, and utilization of the mineral resources of all public lands withdrawn or reserved for power development. ENGLE (D Calif.). House Interior and Insular Affairs reported April 2. Passed House on consent calendar April 20.
- HR 4004. Provide for national banks to furnish lists of stockholders to the Comptroller of Currency upon request only. WOLCOTT (R Mich.). House Banking and Currency reported April 7. Passed House, April 15.
- HR 4483. Provide compensation to Shoshone and Arapahoe Tribes of Indians for certain lands of Riverton reclamation project within ceded portion of Wind River Indian Reservation. HARRISON (R Wyo.). House Interior and Insular Affairs reported April 14. Passed House on consent calendar April 20.
- H Res 161. Authorize Agriculture Committee to conduct studies and investigations of matters coming within its jurisdiction. HOPE (R Kan.). House Rules reported April 14. House adopted April 15.

COMMITTEE ACTION IN EITHER HOUSE

- HR 1563. Amend Veterans Regulations to provide that the amounts of certain unnegotiated checks shall be paid as accrued benefits upon the death of the beneficiary-payee. ROGERS (R Mass.). House Veterans' Affairs reported April 16.
- HR 1730. Provide for furnishing transportation in government-owned vehicles for VA employees at field stations in absence of adequate public or private transportation. ROGERS (R Mass.). House Veterans' Affairs reported April 16.
- HR 1936. Authorize acceptance of school board land in exchange for park land for purposes of Colonial National Historical Park. ROBESON (D Va.). House Interior and Insular Affairs reported March 19. Passed House on consent calendar April 13. Senate Interior and Insular Affairs reported April 21.
- HR 2237. Increase criminal penalties under the Sherman Anti-Trust Act by increasing fines from \$5,000 to \$50,000. CELLER (D N.Y.). House Judiciary reported April 15.
- HR 2936. Authorize Secretary of Interior to convey certain land to State of California for use as a fair ground by the 10-A District Agricultural Association of California. ENGLE (D Calif.). House Interior and Insular Affairs reported March 11. Passed House March 17. Senate Interior and Insular Affairs reported April 21.
- HR 3884. Extend authority of VA administrator to establish and continue offices in the Philippine Republic. ROGERS (R Mass.). House Veterans' Affairs reported April 16.
- HR 4025. Provide additional funds for construction of dams in Columbia River Basin by the Army Engineers. ANGELL (R Ore.). House Public Works reported April 15.
- HR 4507. Amend and extend the Housing and Rent Act of 1947 to terminate federal rent controls April 30, 1953, except in critical defense areas. WOLCOTT (R Mich.). House Banking and Currency reported April 16.
- HR 4663. Make appropriations for the Executive Office and sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, agencies and offices for fiscal 1954. PHILLIPS (R Calif.). House Appropriations reported April 17.
- HR 4664. Make supplemental appropriations for fiscal 1953. TABER (R N.Y.). House Appropriations reported April 17.

Secretary of Interior Douglas McKay announced the dismissal of two heads of the Department bureaus. Notice of separation was given to Marion Clawson, Director of the Bureau of Land Management on April 16, and to Albert M. Day, Director of the Fish and Wildlife Service, April 18.

Clawson April 21 blamed "politics" for his ouster, to take effect April 30. In a letter to McKay, Clawson said actions taken by the Secretary have "set back for 20 years or more" a "sound program" of conservation and management of federal lands and resources. Clawson said his ouster was contrary to Civil Service regulations.

Day charged April 18 he had been fired because "special interests" were displeased with his efforts to conserve the Nation's natural resources. Charles Aldredge, former Assistant to the Secretary of Interior April 21 blamed Alaska salmon packers and certain U.S. sportsmen for the Day discharge.

Sen. John W. Bricker (R Ohio) April 20 charged that the Service, while Day was Director, outlawed duck shooting over a "baited" area owned by Bricker in "the hopes of hurting me," presumably during his 1952 re-election campaign. Bricker's office said that Day had been "caught" shooting in a "baited" blind in Maryland four years ago.

McKAY ON PUBLIC POWER

Secretary of the Interior Douglas McKay told a radio audience April 19 that the government should not sell any of its power projects to private industry, and should continue to build large multiple purpose dams. Private companies, however, should develop power-only sites on tributaries, he said.

McGRATH RESIGNS

Earl J. McGrath, U.S. Commissioner of Education, April 22 resigned in protest against budget cuts, which he said, would "reduce the quality" of the education of American youth. In a 700-word letter to President Eisenhower, McGrath said he was resigning "reluctantly" and does not want to endorse the concept that the Commission should be a "political appointment." He added he was "sympathetic" to the need for economy in government, but did not think it "wise" to reduce quality of education and save "such small sums" while continuing to "spend billions for other purposes."

SEEKS NEW DAM BIDS

Bids for equipment for Chief Joseph Dam on the Columbia River in Washington State will be readvertised, Army Secretary Robert T. Stevens said April 22, possibly with clarification of specifications. Previously, a British bid nearly \$1 million under the lowest American quotation was rejected. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 504.)

HUMPHREY: NO DEPRESSION

Secretary of the Treasury George M. Humphrey told the Associated Press luncheon in New York April 20, "We are not going to have a depression in America whether we have an armistice, a real peace or continue to develop a proper and balanced posture of defense."



EX-SEN. MCFARLAND REGISTERS

The Senate's Democratic floor leader during the 82nd Congress registered as a lobbyist April 22. Ernest W. McFarland (D Ariz.) served in the Senate from 1940 until his defeat in the 1952 election. Organizations represented and details of the registration:

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH, 60 Hudson St., New York
RCA COMMUNICATIONS, INC., 66 Broad St., New York
AMERICAN CABLE AND RADIO CORP., 67 Broad St., New York.

Ernest W. McFarland filed April 22 for these three firms. He stated: "I am engaged for purposes of studying the international communications situation of each ... working with each with a view to bringing about unanimity of opinion as to legislation which may be recommended... and as to other steps to make international merger or control feasible."

McFarland, who has opened a law office in the La Salle Building, told CQ that his present work is "a continuation of studies" made while he was a Senator. McFarland served on a Senate Interstate and Foreign Commerce subcommittee which held hearings in 1945, and 1946 on the telegraph industry and on international communications. He helped draft reports on these subjects.

During this period, he became concerned over the problems of government-controlled communications systems, McFarland said.

SALARY \$2,500 MONTHLY

"The three companies I represent face a difficult situation in competing with these systems," he declared. "It's a case of socialized communications. Most of these systems are in the Post Office Department. The possible merger of my clients, if it develops, would be aimed at improving their competitive position."

Any legislation he might help develop would be designed to help answer "what would be the best policy for government communications," the ex-Senator said. He added, "I would certainly recommend a strong free-enterprise system in communications."

So far, according to McFarland, he hasn't made any contacts with Senators or Representatives, "though they've contacted me."

McFarland currently is carrying on a general law practice in Arizona. He said that he doesn't know at this time whether he'll keep his Washington office permanently.

He listed his salary at \$2,500 monthly, plus \$1,000 in expenses each month.

McFarland's predecessor as Democratic Senate leader, former Sen. Scott Lucas (D Ill.) also is registered under the lobby act. So is former Sen. Burton K. Wheeler (D Mont.), who headed the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee during the period that it studied the communications industry, with McFarland as a member.

1952 Lobby Registrations

A former House clerk who registered on behalf of eight different organizations and individuals since 1949 was among those who filed registrations under the lobby law during the final quarter of 1952. (For previous filings for the period, see CQ Weekly Report, p. 488.) Registration details, as printed in April 7 Congressional Record, pp. 2911, 2912:

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, 11 Wall St., New York.

J. Milton Cooper, a Washington attorney and former clerk of the House Ways and Means Committee, registered for the Exchange.

Cooper said he was representing the organization on all tax legislation generally affecting the security industry and "particularly the capital gains tax."

The amount of compensation was not listed.

Cooper has registered on behalf of at least seven other organizations and individuals since 1949. He has registered for William A. Sutherland, an Atlanta attorney, Feb. 27, 1952; National Association of Mutual Savings Banks, Jan. 19, 1951; National Council of Coal Lessors, Inc., April 10, 1951; Thomas D. Griffin, loan companies, Jan. 26, 1950; National Lime Association, Jan. 18, 1949, National Coal Association, Jan. 8, 1949, and National Lime Association, Jan. 18, 1949.

COUNCIL OF MOTION PICTURE ORGANIZATIONS, INC.,
1501 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

Three representatives of the council registered. They are Col. H. A. Cole of Dallas, Pat McGee of Denver and Robert W. Coyne of New York City.

The Council, according to Cole, represents "every element in the motion picture business" from producers and actors to distributors and exhibitors -- 10 associations and organizations in all.

The organization is primarily concerned with the repeal of the section of the Internal Revenue Code imposing a 20 per cent tax on theatre admissions. Cole, Coyne and McGee appeared before a House Ways and Means Subcommittee April 20 to present the industry's views on the subject.

Coyne, a full-time employee of the council, receives \$500 a week in compensation.

Cole and McGee, both part-time employees, listed their compensations at \$500 a month for traveling and miscellaneous expenses. Cole, a motion picture exhibitor, is the owner of four theatres in Bonham, Texas.

AMERICAN ZIONIST COUNCIL, 342 Madison Ave., New York, N.Y.

Isaiah L. Kenen of Washington, D.C., registered as a representative of the council. He previously registered on behalf of the organization, on Feb. 21, 1951.

Kenen said the group is interested in provisions of the Mutual Security program providing for resettlement of Arab and Jewish refugees. The council has supported the program, Kenen said, partially through memorandums sent to Congress in 1951 and 1952.

The council represents eight Zionist organizations including Hadassah, Labor Zionist Organization of America-Poele Zion, Zionist Organization of America, Hashomer Hatzair and Zionists-Revisionists of America.

Kenen listed his compensation at \$1,120 a month and \$600 a month for travel, publications and other expenses.

GREAT LAKES-ST. LAWRENCE ASSOCIATION, 821 Cafritz Building, Washington, D.C.

Murray Preston, a Washington attorney, registered on behalf of the association, whose purpose is support of a St. Lawrence seaway and power project.

This year the association backs a bill (S 589) introduced in the Senate by Sen. Alexander Wiley (R Wis.) and 18 others and a resolution (H J Res 104) by Rep. George A. Dondero (R Mich.).

Preston reported his compensation at \$75 a day while in Washington and \$100 a day and expenses while traveling.

STEVE TONEY, 600 57th Ave., Capitol Heights, Md.

Toney, who filed on his own behalf, is for a "25 per cent tax cut, \$2,400 exemption for married couples and \$800 exemptions for dependents."

He also favors elimination of inheritance taxes and wants tax deductions for all medical, dental and hospital expenses.

NATIONAL RIFLE ASSOCIATION, 1600 Rhode Island Ave., Washington, D.C.

John C. Williamson, a Washington lawyer, registered on behalf of the association.

Williamson said his group was interested in a bill introduced by Sen. Matthew M. Neely (D W.Va.) to place restrictions on the possession of firearms in the District of Columbia. The organization is concerned mostly with seeing that the government does not "adopt the harsh Sullivan Law of New York," Williamson said.

He added that most of his own work for the group was of an advisory nature and that he had "very little to do with legislation." He said he analyzes for the group state legislation dealing with firearms control.

The amount of compensation to be received was not listed in the **Congressional Record**.

Williamson registered as vice chairman of the Veterans of Foreign Wars' national legislative committee Aug. 28, 1946, and withdrew the registration in the first quarter of 1951.

He registered on behalf of the Realtors' Washington Committee of the National Association of Real Estate Boards Oct. 12, 1951.

PRESSURE POINTS

HITS TRADE PRESSURE GROUPS

Special interest groups are threatening the Administration's announced policy of increasing foreign trade and reducing foreign aid, Thruston B. Morton, Assistant Secretary of State, April 17 told the Mississippi Valley World Trade Conference.

Morton, a former Republican representative from Kentucky, said the House Ways and Means Committee would start hearings April 22 on a bill "which would tear the vitals" out of the present Trade Agreements Act. The Committee is scheduled to begin hearings April 22 on a bill (HR 4294) introduced by Rep. Richard M. Simpson (R Pa.) which would extend the Act one year but would curtail Presidential powers to modify tariff rates.

"Adoption of such a bill would create consternation among countries of the free world and would lend credence to the Communist theme that the U.S. wants to sell but it does not want to buy," Morton said.

BRICKER AMENDMENT

The National Economic Council, Inc., in its April 15 letter written by Merwin K. Hart, president, pinpointed opponents and proponents of the Bricker Amendment, (S J Res 1).

"In the very forefront of those who favor the Bricker Amendment (aside from the National Economic Council) is the American Bar Association ... Aside from these two groups, many others throughout the country, including the large and influential American Coalition of Patriotic Societies, are solidly back of the Amendment."

"Generally speaking," wrote Hart, opponents of the Amendment are "the international Socialists and those who have been duped by them ... These include many solid, substantial citizens who apparently have not given much time and thought to study of the Constitution." (CQ Weekly Report, pp. 502-504).

OPPOSE WAGE-OUTPUT TIE

The National Association of Manufacturers April 19 announced a stand against any fixed tie between wages and productivity.

The national interest would be "adversely affected" if there were any widespread adoption of a formula tying wages to productivity, the Association said.

"Gains in productivity will be shared more widely and more equitably among all Americans -- farmers, white collar and professional workers, pensioners and others on fixed income -- if they are distributed in the form of lower prices rather than in higher wages from those belonging to unions," it added.

URGES "PRESS BIAS" STUDY

Former Attorney General Francis Biddle, national chairman of Americans for Democratic Action, April 22 urged the American Society of Newspaper Editors to investigate charges of press bias made by Sen. Robert A. Taft (R Ohio), Sen. Wayne Morse (I Ore.), Democrat Presidential candidate Adlai Stevenson and supporters of Sen. Joseph R. McCarthy (R Wis.).



(APRIL 17-23)

political notes

New Jersey Primary

New Jersey, the only two-party state to have a statewide election this year, held its primary April 21 to select nominees for the governorship and the state senate and assembly. The general election will be Nov. 3.

Paul L. Troast, a Clifton contractor and chairman of the New Jersey Turnpike Authority, won the GOP nomination, and former State Sen. Robert B. Meyner, Phillipsburg lawyer, won the Democratic nomination for governor. Gov. Alfred E. Driscoll (R) announced on Jan. 14 that he would not seek re-election "for personal reasons." He is completing his second four-year term. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 125).

The Democrats have high hopes of winning the governorship this year from the Republicans, who have held it since 1943. It was the first time in 25 years that the Democrats had a primary contest for the governorship. Their candidates charged the Driscoll administration with laxity in enforcing gambling laws and said crime was rampant in the state, particularly in Bergen county, a GOP stronghold.

The Republicans urged the GOP voters to select the strongest candidate available to meet the Democratic bid in November. Troast pledged that he would, if elected, select county prosecutors on a non-political basis.

Ten state senate seats and 60 state assembly seats were also at stake in the primary. The Republicans have controlled the legislature for 35 years. Leading issues in the primary were more state aid to education and a state sales tax.

BIG FIELD

There were seven Republicans and four Democrats in the gubernatorial primary contest. In the GOP race Troast topped the second-high candidate, State Sen. Malcolm S. Forbes of Far Hills, associate publisher of Forbes Magazine, by 52,000 votes. Troast had the support of all the GOP county chairmen except those in Essex and Somerset counties. Forbes ran on an anti-boss platform, and had been in the race for more than a year. Driscoll did not endorse any candidate, but Assemblyman Fred E. Shepard of Elizabeth, also a candidate, charged that Troast was closely associated with Driscoll.

The other GOP candidates were State Sen. Kenneth C. Hand of Elizabeth; Frederick J. Richardson, former mayor of New Brunswick; Alvin W. Van Schoick, Long Branch golf caddy; and Charles R. Klein of Woodbridge, a prison guard at Rahway state prison.

In the Democratic primary, ex-Rep. Elmer H. Wene, Vineland chicken breeder, trailed Meyner by about 3,000 votes. Wene April 22 said reports indicated "glaring irregularities" in many districts of Camden, Hudson and Warren counties and asked that their ballots and voting machines be impounded preliminary to a recount.

Meyner claimed support from 18 of 21 Democratic county organizations: Jersey City Mayor John V. Kenny; Rep. Edward J. Hart (N.J.), Democratic state chairman; and National Committeeman Archibald S. Alexander.

Wene claimed support from the southern part of the state and from remnants of the old Hague organization in Jersey City. Wene was his party's nominee for governor in 1949, for Senator in 1944, and served three terms in Congress (1937-39, 1941-45).

Other Democratic candidates were Alexander F. Ormsby, Jersey City lawyer, and John J. Winberry, Passaic lawyer.

New Mexico Senate Contest

Following an executive meeting April 17, Chairman Frank A. Barrett (R Wyo.) of the Senate Privileges and Elections Subcommittee announced that his group would continue an investigation of the 1952 Senate contest in New Mexico "including a recount of the ballots."

In this contest Sen. Dennis Chavez (D N.M.) defeated Maj. Gen. Patrick J. Hurley (ret.) by 5,375 votes, according to official returns. Hurley announced on Nov. 5, 1952, that he would protest the tally and said that his own investigators indicated various irregularities had occurred. On Feb. 5 the Senate Elections Subcommittee ordered the ballots impounded preliminary to an investigation which its staff began immediately. On April 15 lawyers for Chavez filed with the Senate a motion to dismiss Hurley's allegations, as unfounded.

Barrett said April 17 that the three-man subcommittee made up of himself, Sens. Charles E. Potter (R Mich.) and Thomas C. Hennings, Jr. (D Mo.) had concluded that a recount of the ballots "is the only method available to determine the results of the election."

Barrett said that the findings of the Subcommittee staff indicated that there had been a failure to supply voting booths in many precincts, inadequate registration procedures, failure of election officials to observe laws relating to election procedure, evidence of unqualified persons voting, discrepancies in totaling votes, evidence of illegal practices by elected officials and others, premature burning of the ballots, and coercion and intimidation of certain voters.

Clements Heads Group

Sen. Earle C. Clements (D Ky.) was reappointed by Sen. Lyndon B. Johnson (D Tex.) April 21 as Chairman of the Senate Democratic Campaign Committee, which he has headed during the past two years. Other members of the group are Sens. Russell B. Long (La.), Lester C. Hunt (Wyo.), A. S. Mike Monroney (Okla.), George A. Smathers (Fla.), Albert Gore (Tenn.), Henry M. Jackson (Wash.), John F. Kennedy (Mass.) and Stuart Symington (Mo.). Long will be Chairman of a subcommittee on finance, and Hunt will be Chairman of a subcommittee on speakers, publicity and research, Johnson announced.

Mitchell Sees '54 Victory

In a speech to the Women's National Democratic Club April 23 Democratic National Chairman Stephen A. Mitchell urged a halt to the "Republican raid on the people's agencies of government." He urged the Party to rally behind "emerging new leaders," and predicted Democrats would win control of the House of Representatives "by a wide margin."

"Loyal Opposition. . . ."

DEMOCRATS CHART MINORITY ROLE

The Democratic Party -- for the first time in 20 years a minority in both the Legislative and Executive Branches of government -- gave its views on the role of the "loyal opposition" before the American Society of Newspaper Editors meeting in Washington.

In addresses April 17, 10 Democratic leaders--five from each chamber--spoke on problems confronting the Eisenhower Administration. The mid-session statement by Party leaders afforded the first general review of the new Administration by the "opposition" since the election.

In general, the Democrats pledged support to the President's bipartisan approach to foreign policy while attacking some of his domestic proposals.

There was some reference to the pace at which the Republican program is being submitted to Congress. House Minority Leader Sam Rayburn (D Tex.) hoped that "before long" the Administration will "let us know" what it intends "to do for the country."

CONTRASTS "OPPOSITIONS"

Rayburn added, "we are determined that we shall not, and will not, hate the President of the United States." The former Speaker of the House said he had told GOP leaders that 95 per cent of House Democrats would support legislation "to keep the U.S. strong and free."

Sen. Walter F. George (D Ga.), ranking Democrat on the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, told the editors that he and his Democratic colleagues were prepared to help the President with "bipartisan support and advice" on foreign affairs, as the late Sen. Arthur H. Vandenberg (R Mich.) did during two Democratic Administrations.

The outline of Democratic views was presented by: Sens. Lyndon B. Johnson (D Tex.), Senate Minority leader; George, and Mike Mansfield (D Mont.), both on the Foreign Relations Committee; Richard B. Russell (D Ga.) and Stuart Symington (D Mo.), both on the Armed Services Committee;

And Reps. Clarence Cannon (D Mo.), ranking Democrat on the House Appropriations Committee; Wright Patman (D Tex.), of the House Banking and Currency and Small Business Committees; Jere Cooper (D Tenn.) and Hale Boggs (D La.), both on the Ways and Means Committee, and Rayburn.

"PRICE-TAG" ON SECURITY?

Some of the strongest panel-discussion statements from the Democrats concerned GOP policy in such fields as reciprocal trade, taxes, small business, and a GOP-supported plan to liquidate the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. The cold war, however, provided the theme for a warning by freshman-Sen. Symington, who used to be Secretary of the Air Force. He cautioned against putting a "price tag" on the national security.

America and Russia, he said, are like "two adversaries, each with a loaded .45 at the other's temple. It makes little difference how many .45's one or the other has in his house."

Symington urged the Administration to give out all details on the cold war which would not aid the enemy. The free press, he said should then carry the facts to the people. In this way, he added, the people would "understand the reasons" for a "required program of sacrifice," and do whatever is necessary "to remain free." Symington joined Russell and Mansfield in praise of the President's peace program enunciated April 16, but warned against weakening of America's armed strength until peace is a reality. (For President's program, see CQ Weekly Report, p. 505.)

Though pledges of Democratic support were given for Administration moves for peace, defense and economy that "do not conflict" with the "interests of the country," speakers referred to the "slowness" with which the Eisenhower program is emerging. Rep. Cannon criticized the GOP for taking so long "to present a budget." He said the Democrats, at this time 20 years ago, were "roaring ahead full blast." He added the contrast was "startling."

Cannon said "very little" has been accomplished by the Eisenhower Administration, and that Congress is not having "to work hard." "The mill is idle," he said, because there is "no grist to grind."

"OBSTRUCTIONISM" ATTACKED

The other four House Members joined Cannon in criticism of "delay" in presenting budget proposals. Rayburn added he hoped the Republicans will soon "start acting like a majority." He promised the Democrats would not follow the example of "obstructionism so gruesomely set by the Republicans" during their years as a minority in Congress.

Rep. Patman said the abolition of the RFC would be a "cruel, devastating blow" to small business and to the economies of small towns. He added the RFC "has operated, and does now operate, at a profit." Patman also attacked a high interest rate for government bonds, saying it makes money "scarcer." He said the policy of "stiffening-up" the money market, when not needed to prevent inflation, is a "pattern for another depression."

Rep. Cooper, ranking Democrat on the Ways and Means Committee, criticized the "hasty manner" in which the individual income-tax reduction bill (HR 1) was considered. He said there were no public hearings, no testimony from Treasury officials, reports on the bill, or views of the Bureau of the Budget, before the Committee. He said this situation occurred for the first time "in my 21 years on the Committee."

Rep. Boggs, a member of the Ways and Means Subcommittee considering the Trade Agreements program, urged its renewal. He said it was "essential" to the "self-interest" of the U.S. He added the reciprocal agreements have come to symbolize a "liberal" trade policy. To "ditch" it now, he said, would undermine the confidence of the free world in American leadership.

FIRST INDEPENDENT OFFICES APPROPRIATION

House Cuts 23 Agencies 61 Per Cent for 1954, Bans Public Housing Starts

By voice vote April 22, the House passed the First Independent Offices Appropriation Bill (HR 4663), with money provisions totaling \$451,020,493 for 23 federal agencies in fiscal 1954. The total represented a 61 per cent cut below the \$1,172,444,190 in budget estimates submitted by former President Truman. Included in the measure was a controversial provision to prevent construction starts on public housing units in fiscal 1954.

The bill was the first fiscal 1954 funds measure passed by the House.

Debate April 21 and 22 centered on the ban against public housing construction. In 1952, Congress authorized 35,000 public housing starts annually. Ex-President Truman had requested 75,000 starts for fiscal 1954. But the new Housing Administrator, former Rep. Albert M. Cole (R Kan.), said the Eisenhower Administration would go along with the 35,000 figure.

Rep. Sidney R. Yates (D Ill.) led the floor fight against the ban. He called the provision a "help to the big fellow and a kick at the little fellow." It "sounds the death knell of public housing," he said. But Norris Cotton (R N.H.) declared that the low-rent public housing program would only be suspended pending further study.

Rep. Howard W. Smith (D Va.) said the bill presents for the first time the issue of "do we have socialized housing or don't we have socialized housing," and added there is "not one single word" that the President "values this socialistic experiment very highly." Rep. John W. McCormack (D Mass.) said Cotton's remarks "put the President on the spot," and called on Mr. Eisenhower to "state his position" on public housing.

(At his news conference April 23, President Eisenhower said the House vote to prevent construction of any new public housing units in fiscal 1954 did not agree with his own views. He added that he didn't think the House had defied him, but he felt the government should go ahead with existing programs on what he termed a mark-time basis.)

HOUSING PROPONENTS LOSE

On April 22, the House voted twice on the public housing issue. Yates offered an amendment to authorize construction of 35,000 public housing units in fiscal 1954, pointing out that Cole, who had opposed public housing as a Representative, had requested that authority. But Charles A. Halleck (R Ind.) said the Eisenhower Administration has not taken "any position either way" on the issue, and John Phillips (R Calif.) said the argument is really "whether the federal government should be in the public housing business."

Yates' amendment was rejected on a 106-198 teller vote. And his subsequent motion to recommit the entire bill with instructions to include authority for 35,000 unit starts in fiscal 1954 was rejected on a 157-245 roll call. (For voting, see chart, p. 540). The vote was split along

party lines, with 34 Republicans and 122 Democrats voting for recommitment, and 176 Republicans and 69 Democrats opposing recommitment. This roll call and voice vote passage of the bill were the only two votes taken by the whole House. All other action was taken by the House acting as a Committee of the Whole.

All proposals to increase the appropriations in the bill were rejected April 22. By a standing vote of 84 to 143, the lower chamber rejected an amendment to restore \$368,154,000 cut from the budget for the Civil Service retirement and disability fund. Rep. George P. Miller (D Calif.) called the House Committee reduction "a phony if there ever was one," because the money would have to be appropriated at some later date.

Following rejection on a 38-132 division of an amendment to prevent the heads of the agencies covered in the bill from drawing salaries in excess of those of Congressmen, McCormack offered a substitute amendment to increase the salaries of Congressmen. This was ruled out of order.

The House made three changes in the bill reported out April 17 by the House Appropriations Committee (H Rept. 276). All three amendments were agreed to on voice votes. One extended the commitment date by six months on loans by the Housing Administrator to educational institutions, and the other, backed by the Committee, strengthened the wording of the bill to insure payment to the federal government of money spent on housing projects prior to their rejection by local communities.

MORTGAGE DIRECTIVE ELIMINATED

The third proposal met with no opposition. It deleted a Committee recommendation against any new mortgage purchases by the Federal National Mortgage Association, and eliminated the Committee directive to FNMA to sell \$1 billion worth of mortgages it now holds, during the coming fiscal year. Rep. Jesse P. Wolcott (R Mich.) said the Mortgage Association intends to sell "as many mortgages as the market can safely absorb" anyway, and that the Committee now recommended the deletion.

As it was sent to the Senate, the bill contained among its major money provisions \$6,218,184 for the Office of the President, \$49,961,323 for the Civil Service Commission, \$178,365,770 for the General Services Administration, \$60,035,100 for the Housing and Home Finance Agency, \$11,150,176 for the Interstate Commerce Commission and \$64,427,050 for the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics.

No funds were appropriated for the TVA, Atomic Energy Commission, the Selective Service System and the Veterans Administration in this bill. Although usually handled as part of the Independent Offices Appropriation, money for these agencies will be provided in a later measure.

AMENDMENTS AGREED TO

William E. McVey (R Ill.) -- Extend the commitment date on loans to educational institutions, for which not more than \$21 million is to be spent by the Housing Administrator in fiscal 1954, from Dec. 31, 1952, to June 30, 1953. Voice vote.

John Phillips (R Calif.) -- Ensure repayment to the federal government of money expended prior to rejection of a housing project by a local community. Voice.

Phillips -- Strike out Committee recommendation against any new mortgage purchases by the Federal National Mortgage Association, and delete direction to FNMA to dispose of \$1 billion in mortgages during fiscal 1954. Voice.

AMENDMENTS REJECTED

George P. Miller (D Calif.) -- Restore \$368,154,000 for the civil service retirement and disability fund. Standing, 84-143.

Sidney R. Yates (D Ill.) -- Increase by \$51,665 funds for the expenses of the Federal Power Commission. Voice.

Adam C. Powell, Jr. (D N.Y.) -- Increase by \$17,500 funds for the office of the Housing Administrator in the Race Relations office. Division, 28-80.

Yates -- Authorize the start of 35,000 public housing units during fiscal 1954. Tellers, 106-198.

John Bell Williams (D Miss.) -- Prevent heads of agencies covered in the bill from drawing salaries higher than those received by Members of Congress. Division, 38-132.

Jacob K. Javits (R N.Y.) -- Delete provision abolishing the post of Assistant Commissioner in the FHA. Voice.

SENATE FIGHT ON HOUSING?

Senate GOP leader Robert A. Taft (R Ohio), one of the sponsors of the original public housing bill, said April 20 he will help fight to restore money for the public housing program, eliminated from the First Independent Offices Appropriation Bill (HR 4663) by the House. He added that he favors authorizing 35,000 construction starts in the next fiscal year.

Sen. Burnet R. Maybank (D S.C.) April 18 defended the public housing program as a "God-send to thousands of people" and called the House action a "back-handed slap" at President Eisenhower. "I will certainly move to restore this money," he declared.

Sen. Irving M. Ives (R N.Y.) said April 19, "The Senate certainly ought to do everything it can to continue a public housing program with at least 35,000 units in the next fiscal year."

THIRD 1953 SUPPLEMENTAL

The House April 22 passed by voice vote the Third Supplemental Appropriation bill (HR 4664) for fiscal 1953. The bill appropriates \$5 million for the Department of Agriculture and permits the expenditure of \$1,271,648 from District revenues, by the District of Columbia.

There was little debate on the measure, and only one change was made in the bill as reported out April 17 by the House Appropriations Committee (H Rept. 277). On a point of order made by Rep. Frederic R. Coudert, Jr. (R N.Y.) a provision was eliminated to increase the loan authorization for the Department of Agriculture's rural

telephone program from \$25 million to \$32.5 million. Coudert contended that the language authorizing the increase would amend existing law "and, therefore is legislation upon an appropriation bill." His point was sustained.

(A proposed increase in the telephone program's loan authorization caused controversy before it was eliminated -- at the insistence of the House -- from the Second Supplemental Appropriation Bill, HR 3053. See CQ Weekly Report, p. 404).

The \$2,600,285 cut in ex-President Truman's request for the District of Columbia included elimination of a \$2.5 million item for the Piney Branch relief sewer, and a \$78,285 provision for the District Office of Civil Defense. The supplemental funds for the District contained in HR 4664 will be derived from District revenues rather than from the federal Treasury.

The \$5 million appropriation for the Department of Agriculture is for use in constructing timber access roads in Montana and Idaho. The bill also authorizes the Department to use \$3,150,000 from any funds already appropriated for it for preliminary work on acreage and marketing controls on wheat and cotton.

COLUMBIA RIVER BASIN

The House April 23 passed a bill (HR 4025) increasing by \$75 million the authorization for construction work on four Columbia River Basin projects. Passage was by voice vote. The House Public Works Committee reported the bill raising the authorization to \$150 million April 15.

Rep. Harris Ellsworth (R Ore.) told the House that most of the money, when it is appropriated, will be spent for construction of The Dalles Dam.

RENT CONTROL EXTENSION

The House April 23 passed a bill (HR 4507) to extend rent controls on about 5.5 million housing units in 32 states to July 31. Critical defense areas would remain under controls.

HR 4507 was passed by a standing vote of 187 to 66, after rejection of proposed amendments to extend controls for one year or through Sept. 30, as President Eisenhower originally had proposed.

Rep. Charles A. Halleck (R Ind.), Majority Leader, said the Administration would agree to July 31.

The House Banking and Currency Committee had approved provisions of HR 4507 which would have allowed controls to expire April 30. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 496). House Republican leaders agreed to the July 31 extension April 22, and the Committee reversed itself, approving the compromise amendment, April 23.

The Senate Banking and Currency Committee has approved extension to Oct. 1.

AMENDMENT ACCEPTED

Howard H. Baker (R Tenn.) -- Include cities of Oak Ridge, Tenn., and Hanford, Wash., among localities to be controlled. Voice vote.

AMENDMENTS REJECTED

Brent Spence (D Ky.) -- Extend controls through Sept. 30. Division vote, 39-139.

Barratt O'Hara (D Ill.) -- Extend controls one year. Voice.

INCREASE COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

The House April 22 agreed to a resolution (H Res 216) to increase to 28 the membership of the Committee on Education and Labor for the remainder of the 83rd Congress. Agreement was by voice vote.

The present authorized membership of the group is 27, but there is one Republican vacancy. There now are 14 Republicans and 12 Democrats on the Committee.

REFUGEE EMIGRATION

The Senate April 22 agreed to a resolution (S Res 68; S. Report 158) extending to Jan. 31, 1954, authority for the Judiciary Committee to investigate problems with respect to the emigration of refugees to Western European nations. Agreement was by voice vote.

The resolution authorizing the probe was agreed to June 21, 1952. (CQ Almanac, Vol. VIII, 1952, p. 175.)

CONFIRMATIONS

The Senate has confirmed:

Frederick J. Lawton, April 18, as a Civil Service Commissioner

Lt. Gen. Charles P. Cabell, April 20, as Deputy Director of Central Intelligence

Frederick Billings Lee, April 23, as Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

Jerome K. Kuykendall, April 23, as a member of the Federal Power Commission

Norman R. Abrams, April 23, as an Assistant Postmaster General.

NOMINATIONS

President Eisenhower formally nominated:

Edmund F. Mansure, April 17, to be Administrator of General Services.

HYDE HEADS FCC

President Eisenhower April 18 appointed Rosel H. Hyde as chairman of the Federal Communications Commission, after accepting the resignation of Paul A. Walker as Chairman. Walker will remain a member of the Commission.

CAIN TESTIFIES

Appearing before the Senate Judiciary Subcommittee considering his nomination to be a member of the Subversive Activities Control Board, former Sen. Harry P. Cain (R Wash.) April 21 was confronted with his own argument against giving defeated candidates federal jobs. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 493).

Sen. Thomas C. Hennings, Jr. (D Mo.) recalled that as a Senator, Cain had blocked the nomination of Democrat Mon C. Wallgren to be Chairman of the National

Security Resources Board, partly on the grounds that Wallgren had been defeated for re-election as governor of Washington. Cain lost his Senate seat to Henry M. Jackson (D Wash.) last year by about 134,000 votes.

Cain testified that he felt he could "do a competent job if confirmed by the Senate." He added that he would give persons brought before the Board "the benefit of the doubt," and would not accept "guilt by association" as proof of Communist membership or sympathy.

McKAY SUPPORTS LYON

Secretary of the Interior Douglas McKay April 21 confirmed he had recommended to President Eisenhower that Tom Lyon be appointed Director of the Bureau of Mines. Asked to comment on a reported protest to the White House by United Mine Workers Union head John L. Lewis, McKay said, "I stand by my appointment."

On April 23, three GOP Congressmen who represent the hard coal districts in Pennsylvania, wrote Assistant Secretary of the Interior Felix E. Wormser that Dr. Ralph L. Brown of their state should be appointed Director of the Bureau of Mines. Reps. Joseph L. Carrigg, Ivor D. Fenton, and Edward J. Bonin described Brown as a "widely known technologist."

CONGRESSIONAL BRIEFS

TUCK SWORN IN

Former Gov. William M. Tuck (D Va.) was sworn as a member of the House April 21. He was elected April 14 from the Fifth Virginia District. The vacancy was caused by the resignation of ex-Rep. Thomas B. Stanley (D Va.). (CQ Weekly Report, p. 490).

INTERNAL REVENUE "DISCIPLINE"

Sen. John J. Williams (R Del.), in an April 22 speech to the Senate, accused the Truman Administration of using the reorganization plan as a "haven of refuge for their favorites" instead of disciplining wrong-doers. Carlisle R. Cave, former administrative assistant to the Internal Revenue Collector for Florida, was promoted after accepting favors from a taxpayer in 1950, instead of being disciplined as the Bureau of Internal Revenue had announced, Williams charged. Cave went from his \$6,600-a-year job in Miami to a Washington post paying \$8,360, Williams said.

REPRINT McCARTHY REPORT

Americans for Democratic Action announced April 17 it will sell reprints of a Senate Rules subcommittee report questioning the financial affairs of Sen. Joseph R. McCarthy (R Wis.). The report resulted from a Privileges and Elections Subcommittee study of charges raised about McCarthy's fitness by ex-Sen. William Benton (D Conn.). (CQ Weekly Report, p. 46).

McCARTHY AIDES RETURN

Two aides of Sen. Joseph R. McCarthy's (R Wis.) Permanent Investigations Subcommittee returned April 21 from an 18-day, fact-finding tour of seven European nations. The investigators, Roy M. Cohn and Gerard D. Schine, refused to comment on their probe of the U.S. Information Service overseas.

TIDELANDS TEST VOTE

As debate on submerged lands legislation (S J Res 13) went into its fourth week, a move to set aside the measure temporarily to consider economic controls legislation (S 1081) was defeated on a roll call of 21-61. (For voting, see chart, p. 539).

The vote seemingly portended eventual passage of the so-called tidelands bill and strengthened Senate Majority Leader Robert A. Taft's (R Ohio) hand in opposing what he has termed a filibuster by proponents of federal, rather than state, control of off-shore lands. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 491).

APRIL 17 --

Twenty Senators who opposed state ownership of offshore lands first offered by letter to rest temporarily their case against the bill (S J Res 13) to establish title in the states, if the Republican leadership would call up the economic controls legislation.

In a letter to the Senate Majority Leader, who was out of town, the Senators offered to "lay aside" the prolonged debate and resume after controls legislation had been considered.

APRIL 18 --

State ownership foes carried the submerged lands debate into an unusual Saturday session. Taft charged that the foes were delaying action on the bill by a filibuster. He reaffirmed his stand that he would not "set aside this bill for anything else."

Taft said he was "shocked and surprised" that such Senators as Herbert H. Lehman (D N.Y.), Paul H. Douglas (D Ill.) and Hubert H. Humphrey (D Minn.) "who have denounced filibusters are now obviously engaged in a filibuster."

Taft sought a unanimous consent agreement to limit debate for the next week but Sen. Lister Hill (D Ala.) objected, defeating the proposal.

Sen. Estes Kefauver (D Tenn.) told the Senate the state ownership bill shows "clear intention" by its backers to "go after the entire continental shelf" within and beyond state boundaries.

Kefauver is author of a bill (S J Res 18) to create a federal commission to study the problem before permanent legislation is passed, and determine the use to be made of funds derived from the submerged lands.

Although he favors Hill's proposal to use revenues for aid to education, Kefauver suggested, "We may have within this area the means of completely wiping out the national debt."

APRIL 20 --

Opponents of the state ownership bill blocked another attempt to limit debate on the measure.

A unanimous consent request by Acting Majority Leader William F. Knowland (R Calif.) to restrict debate starting April 22 brought an objection from Hill.

Lehman took the floor in the evening session after Kefauver had spoken most of the day. Several Senators were called away from dinner and social engagements when a quorum call was demanded at 7:30 p.m.

APRIL 21 --

Chairman Eugene D. Millikin (R Colo.) of the Senate Republican Conference, announced "we may have to get out the cots" for all-night sessions of the Senate on the bill.

Meanwhile Taft said he was considering a move to invoke cloture -- limit debate. However, he estimated

FILIBUSTER OR DEBATE?

As Senate debate on submerged lands droned on, an undercurrent of argument persisted on whether the talkathon was a campaign of education or delay.

Senate Majority Leader Robert A. Taft (R Ohio) called the drawn-out speeches of foes of state ownership of off-shore lands "an ordinary filibuster" and "an honest to God filibuster" as talk flowed on.

Sen. George A. Smathers (D Fla.) said it was a "full-blown filibuster" and the talkers were "teaching the southerners things they didn't know about filibustering."

Sen. Spessard L. Holland (D Fla.) placed in the Record a list of 39 instances in which matter he said was not pertinent to the submerged lands bill had been included in Senate debate. (Congressional Record, p. 3306).

Webster's Dictionary defines filibuster: "To delay legislation or action in an assembly by dilatory motions or other artifices."

But Sen. Herbert H. Lehman (D N.Y.), defending the talkers, insisted this was not a filibuster, debate was not irrelevant. He said, "Those who engage in a filibuster have no alternative proposal -- they desire merely to prevent a vote on the proposal that is pending." (State

ownership foes propose federal control in an alternative measure). In an attempt to show that debate since April 1 was not unusual, Lehman cited cases in the past where 28, 30 and 42 days of debate were devoted to various issues.

Sen. Estes Kefauver (D Tenn.) agreed with Lehman that if a filibuster were afoot it would have been conducted on a motion to take up the off-shore bill (S J Res 13) when opponents "could have talked for six months."

Others disclaiming a filibuster were Sens. Lister Hill (D Ala.), Clinton P. Anderson (D N.M.), Paul H. Douglas (D Ill.), Hubert H. Humphrey (D Minn.) and John J. Sparkman (D Ala.). They explained they were conducting an "educational campaign" to inform the public of an attempted "give away" of oil-rich submerged lands to a few states.

In the midst of this controversy, the Senate Rules Committee April 22 ordered reported a bill (S Res 20) to change the cloture rule to limit debate. It proposed relaxing the rule so that two-thirds of Senators present and voting, rather than two-thirds of the entire Senate, could vote to restrict debate to one hour per Senator. (CQ Weekly Report, pp. 11 and 43 for previous rules change attempt and cloture background; also, see page 542).

state ownership advocates were two or three votes short of the needed 64 to apply the cloture rule.

(Sixteen signatures are required on a cloture petition. Once these signatures are obtained, the petition must lie on the desk two days, at which time, without debate, the petition is put to a vote. Sixty-four votes are necessary to limit the debate. Once the debate-limiting rule is invoked, each Senator may talk for one hour.)

Twenty-five Senators opposing states title to submerged lands asked the President whether he supports state claims to boundaries beyond three miles seaward. Both Texas and Florida claim their historic boundaries extend 10½ miles into the Gulf of Mexico.

They said the bill would recognize state boundaries at three miles, or at the line existing when the state entered the union, or at a line "heretofore or hereafter" approved by Congress.

The three sets of boundaries, they said, not only violate the three-mile policy but also discriminate among states admitted to the Union on "equal footing."

Henry M. Jackson (D Wash.) and J. W. Fulbright (D Ark.) carried the debate against S J Res 13. Fulbright said the bill seeks to overrule the Supreme Court and in effect makes Congress a "super-Supreme Court."

APRIL 22 --

Taft put off until April 27 a test vote he had planned for the evening of April 22, apparently because of southern Senators' pressure. Absentee members also protested against inadequate notice of the vote to table Clinton P. Anderson's (D N.M.) bill (S 107). This measure would provide for federal control beyond the three-mile limit and state-federal control out to the three-mile limit.

A vote to table the Anderson bill would carry with it a test of an amendment to Anderson's measure by Sen. Hill to turn over all federal revenue from off-shore oil to aid for education.

The southern protest against Taft's earlier proposal originated from a reluctance to take part in a move to shut off debate. Foes of the off-shore oil bill helped inspire the protest. Fulbright said in a speech that the proposed Taft action was "equivalent to a drastic limitation of debate." Fulbright stressed that all Members, especially southerners, would regret "this erosion of free debate."

The Senate Rules Committee meanwhile reported favorably a new cloture proposal (S Res 20) allowing a restriction of debate by two-thirds of those present and voting under a quorum, or by 33 Members, rather than two-thirds of the entire Senate, or 64 Members. (See page 542).

Knowland announced after a meeting of the Republican Policy Committee, which he heads, that plans were made to start "working around the clock" if agreement on a voting time was not reached by the following week.

Humphrey told Republican leaders to stop calling "honest debate a filibuster" or propose new rules for Senate procedure that would "assure the American people of majority rule in the Senate."

Morse Marathon Speech

Sen. Wayne Morse (I Ore.) April 24 and 25 held the Senate floor for a "tidelands" speech lasting 22 hours and 26 minutes. He apparently broke all records for a single Senate address.

Morse, who said his primary purpose was to focus public attention on the bill, which he opposes, to establish state ownership of submerged coastal lands, began speaking at 11:40 a.m. April 24. He concluded at 10:06 a.m. April 25. He even refused to yield for some questions, which would have given him "breaks."

Authorities generally are in agreement about the speakers and the length of "record" speeches but sometimes vary on the conditions. However, the Congressional Record; Franklin L. Burdette's "Filibuster in The Senate" (Princeton, 1940); and a Washington Post article of March 16, 1949, indicate these were the records Morse bettered:

The late Robert M. LaFollette, Sr., (R Wis.) "held the floor" for 18 hours and 23 minutes May 29-30, 1908. However, he was relieved by 20 or more roll calls--quorum calls or roll-call votes on questions of order. He spoke during debate on the Vreeland-Aldrich Currency bill. It lasted 28 days but the filibuster was defeated.

"Longest actual speaking" record generally was credited to Sen. Huey P. Long (D La.), father of Sen. Russell B. Long (D La.). Huey Long spoke for 15½ hours in favor of the Gore amendment to the National Industrial Recovery Act, June 12-13, 1935. Long's remarks were interrupted by at least one quorum call. The amendment finally was tabled.

Sen. Allen J. Ellender (D La.) was credited with speaking 12 hours and 21 minutes "without interruption" March 14-15, 1949, on amending the cloture rule of the Senate.

APRIL 23 --

Anderson, after getting unanimous consent to do so, offered a motion to lay aside the submerged lands bill until after a vote on controls legislation. While Taft agreed not to block the motion, he immediately attacked it as "a fraud on its face."

Anderson's motion provided that after a vote on the controls bill, debate on the Hill tidelands amendment would be limited to one hour; and following a vote on the Hill amendment, debate on Anderson's substitute bill providing for federal control also would be limited to one hour. But Anderson's proposal did not provide any debate limit on the original tidelands bill itself.

Taft said it offered no concession because he could force a vote on the Anderson substitute or the Hill amendment at any time by moving to table them. The Senate voted down the motion by a roll-call vote of 21-61.

After defeat of the motion, Taft tried to get an agreement to take a final vote on the bill April 29. But Wayne Morse (I Ore.) blocked the required unanimous consent.

In a speech before the vote, Guy M. Gillette (D Iowa) pleaded for defeat of the state-control tidelands bill. He said, "I regard the course of action this resolution proposes as outrageously unfair to my own constituents, eminently unwise as a national policy and extremely dangerous as a precedent for future grabs of national resources on a monumental nation-wide scale."

Senate Vote: Tidelands

1. Tidelands (S J Res 13). Establish state title and control of submerged lands and their natural resources within state boundaries. Anderson (D N.M.) motion to lay bill aside temporarily to permit action on legislation (S 1081) to continue rent and other economic controls. Rejected, 21-61, April 23. (See story, p. 537.)

RECORD VOTES

FOR: Y (yea)

✓ Announced For, Paired For, CQ Poll For.

AGAINST: N (nay)

X Announced Against, Paired Against, CQ Poll Against.

NOT RECORDED:

? Absent, General Pair, "Present," Did not announce or answer CQ Poll.

NOT ELIGIBLE:

— Not a Member when this vote was taken.

DECLARED STANDS

TOTAL VOTE			REPUBLICANS			DEMOCRATS		
YEAS	21		YEAS	3		YEAS	17	
NAYS	61		NAYS	42		NAYS	19	

	1		1		1		1
ALABAMA		IOWA		NEBRASKA		RHODE ISLAND	
Hill (D)	Y	Gillette (D)	Y	Butler (R)	N	Green (D)	Y
Sparkman (D)	✓	Hickenlooper (R)	N	Griswold (R)	N	Pastore (D)	Y
ARIZONA		KANSAS		NEVADA		SOUTH CAROLINA	
Goldwater (R)	N	Carlson (R)	N	Malone (R)	Y	Johnston (D)	N
Hayden (D)	Y	Schoeppel (R)	N	McCarran (D)	N	Maybank (D)	N
ARKANSAS		KENTUCKY		NEW HAMPSHIRE		SOUTH DAKOTA	
Fulbright (D)	✓	Clements (D)	N	Bridges (R)	N	Case (R)	N
McClellan (D)	N	Cooper (R)	N	Tobey (R)	Y	Mundt (R)	N
CALIFORNIA		LOUISIANA		NEW JERSEY		TENNESSEE	
Knowland (R)	N	Ellender (D)	N	Hendrickson (R)	N	Gore (D)	Y
Kuchel (R)	N	Long (D)	X	Smith (R)	X	Kefauver (D)	Y
COLORADO		MAINE		NEW MEXICO		TEXAS	
Johnson (D)	Y	Payne (R)	N	Anderson (D)	Y	Daniel (D)	N
Millikin (R)	N	Smith (R)	N	Chavez (D)	?	Johnson (D)	N
CONNECTICUT		MARYLAND		NEW YORK		UTAH	
Bush (R)	N	Beall (R)	N	Ives (R)	N	Bennett (R)	N
Purtell (R)	N	Butler (R)	N	Lehman (D)	✓	Watkins (R)	N
DELAWARE		MASSACHUSETTS		NORTH CAROLINA		VERMONT	
Frear (D)	N	Kennedy (D)	Y	Hoey (D)	N	Aiken (R)	N
Williams (R)	N	Saltonstall (R)	N	Smith (D)	N	Flanders (R)	X
FLORIDA		MICHIGAN		NORTH DAKOTA		VIRGINIA	
Holland (D)	N	Ferguson (R)	N	Langer (R)	Y	Byrd (D)	X
Smathers (D)	N	Potter (R)	N	Young (R)	N	Robertson (D)	N
GEORGIA		MINNESOTA		OHIO		WASHINGTON	
George (D)	N	Humphrey (D)	Y	Bricker (R)	N	Jackson (D)	✓
Russell (D)	N	Thye (R)	N	Taft (R)	N	Magnuson (D)	Y
IDAHO		MISSISSIPPI		OKLAHOMA		WEST VIRGINIA	
Dworshak (R)	N	Eastland (D)	N	Kerr (D)	?	Kilgore (D)	Y
Welker (R)	N	Stennis (D)	N	Monroney (D)	Y	Neely (D)	Y
ILLINOIS		MISSOURI		OREGON		WISCONSIN	
Dirksen (R)	N	Hennings (D)	✓	Cordon (R)	N	McCarthy (R)	N
Douglas (D)	Y	Symington (D)	✓	Morse (I)	Y	Wiley (R)	N
INDIANA		MONTANA		PENNSYLVANIA		WYOMING	
Capehart (R)	?	Mansfield (D)	✓	Duff (R)	N	Barrett (R)	N
Jenner (R)	N	Murray (D)	Y	Martin (R)	N	Hunt (D)	N

House Vote: Appropriations

1. First Independent Offices Appropriations for fiscal 1954 (HR 4863). Provide \$451,020,493 for the Executive Office of the President and sundry independent offices. Yates (D Ill.) motion to recommit with instructions to insert provisions authorizing construction starts of 35,000 units of public housing in fiscal 1954. Rejected, 157-245, April 22. (See story, p. 534).

TOTAL	1	REPUBLICAN	1	DEMOCRAT	1
YEAS	157	YEAS	34	YEAS	122
NAYS	245	NAYS	176	NAYS	69

1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ALABAMA		5 Patterson (R)	Y	2 Halleck (R)	N	12 McCormack (D)	Y
3 Andrews (D)	N	AL Sadlak (R)	Y	6 Harden (R)	N	9 Nicholson (R)	N
9 Battle (D)	Y	2 Seely-Brown (R)	Y	10 Harvey (R)	N	11 O'Neill (D)	Y
1 Boykin (D)	N	DELAWARE		1 Madden (D)	Y	3 Philbin (D)	Y
7 Elliott (D)	Y	AL Warburton (R)	N	8 Merrill (R)	N	5 Rogers (R)	Y
2 Grant (D)	N	FLORIDA		9 Wilson (R)	N	13 Wigglesworth (R)	Y
8 Jones (D)	Y	2 Bennett (D)	N	IOWA		MICHIGAN	
5 Rains (D)	Y	1 Campbell (D)	Y	5 Cunningham (R)	N	12 Bennett (R)	Y
4 Roberts (D)	Y	7 Haley (D)	Y	6 Dolliver (R)	N	8 Bentley (R)	N
6 Selden (D)	N	5 Herlong (D)	N	3 Gross (R)	N	10 Cederberg (R)	N
ARIZONA		4 Lantaff (D)	Y	8 Hoeven (R)	N	6 Clardy (R)	N
2 Patten (D)	N	8 Matthews (D)	N	7 Jensen (R)	N	18 Dondero (R)	N
1 Rhodes (R)	N	6 Rogers (D)	N	4 LeCompte (R)	N	5 Ford (R)	N
ARKANSAS		3 Sikes (D)	N	1 Martin (R)	N	4 Hoffman (R)	N
1 Gathings (D)	N	GEORGIA		2 Talle (R)	N	11 Knox (R)	?
4 Harris (D)	N	10 Brown (D)	Y	KANSAS		2 Meader (R)	N
5 Hays (D)	Y	4 Camp (D)	Y	3 George (R)	N	3 Shafer (R)	N
2 Mills (D)	N	2 Pilcher (D)	Y	5 Hope (R)	N	9 Thompson (R)	N
6 Norrell (D)	N	5 Davis (D)	N	1 Miller (D)	Y	7 Wolcott (R)	N
3 Trimble (D)	Y	3 Forrester (D)	Y	4 Rees (R)	N	Detroit—Wayne County	
CALIFORNIA		9 Landrum (D)	Y	2 Scrivner (R)	N	15 Dingell (D)	?
7 Allen (R)	N	7 Lanham (D)	Y	6 Smith (R)	N	16 Lesinski (D)	Y
13 Bramblett (R)	N	1 Preston (D)	Y	KENTUCKY		1 Machrowicz (D)	Y
6 Condon (D)	Y	6 Vinson (D)	Y	4 Chelf (D)	Y	17 Oakman (R)	N
2 Engle (D)	Y	8 Wheeler (D)	N	8 Golden (R)	N	13 O'Brien (D)	Y
10 Gubser (R)	N	IDAHO		1 Gregory (D)	Y	14 Rabaut (D)	✓
14 Hagen (D)	Y	2 Budge (R)	N	7 Perkins (D)	Y	MINNESOTA	
12 Hunter (R)	N	1 Post (D)	Y	3 Robison (R)	N	7 Andersen (R)	N
11 Johnson (R)	N	ILLINOIS		5 Spence (D)	Y	1 Andresen (R)	N
4 Mailliard (R)	Y	16 Allen (R)	N	6 Watts (D)	Y	8 Blatnik (D)	Y
8 Miller (D)	Y	17 Arends (R)	N	2 Withers (D)	Y	9 Hagen (R)	N
3 Moss (D)	Y	25 Bishop (R)	N	LOUISIANA		5 Judd (R)	✓
29 Phillips (R)	N	19 Chipfield (R)	N	2 Boggs (D)	Y	6 Marshall (D)	Y
1 Scudder (R)	N	21 Mack (D)	Y	4 Brooks (D)	?	4 McCarthy (D)	Y
5 Shelley (D)	Y	15 Mason (R)	N	1 Hebert (D)	N	2 O'Hara (R)	N
27 Sheppard (D)	Y	24 Price (D)	Y	8 Long (D)	N	3 Wier (D)	Y
28 Utt (R)	N	14 Reed (R)	N	6 Morrison (D)	Y	MISSISSIPPI	
30 Wilson (R)	N	20 Simpson (R)	N	5 Passman (D)	N	1 Abernethy (D)	N
9 Younger (R)	N	22 Springer (R)	N	7 Thompson (D)	N	6 Colmer (D)	N
Los Angeles County		18 Velde (R)	N	3 Willis (D)	N	3 Smith (D)	N
23 Doyle (D)	Y	23 Vursell (R)	N	MAINE		2 Whitten (D)	N
21 Hiestand (R)	N	Chicago—Cook County		1 Hale (R)	N	4 Williams (D)	N
25 Hillings (R)	N	3 Busbey (R)	N	3 McIntire (R)	N	5 Winstead (D)	N
20 Hinshaw (R)	N	13 Church (R)	N	2 Nelson (R)	N	MISSOURI	
19 Holifield (D)	Y	1 Dawson (D)	Y	MARYLAND		5 Bolling (D)	Y
22 Holt (R)	N	8 Gordon (D)	Y	2 Devereux (R)	N	9 Cannon (D)	Y
18 Hosmer (R)	N	10 Hoffman (R)	N	4 Fallon (D)	Y	8 Carnahan (D)	Y
16 Jackson (R)	X	12 Jonas (R)	N	7 Friedel (D)	Y	6 Cole (R)	N
17 King (D)	Y	5 Kluczynski (D)	Y	3 Garmatz (D)	Y	2 Curtis (R)	N
15 McDonough (R)	N	4 McVey (R)	N	6 Hyde (R)	N	4 Hillelson (R)	N
24 Poulson (R)	N	6 O'Brien (D)	Y	1 Miller (R)	N	10 Jones (D)	N
26 Yorty (D)	Y	2 O'Hara (D)	Y	5 Small (R)	N	1 Karsten (D)	✓
COLORADO		11 Sheehan (R)	N	MASSACHUSETTS		11 Moulder (D)	Y
4 Aspinall (D)	Y	9 Yates (D)	Y	6 Bates (R)	N	7 Short (R)	N
3 Chenoweth (R)	N	7 Vacancy		2 Boland (D)	Y	3 Sullivan (D)	Y
2 Hill (R)	?	INDIANA		10 Curtis (R)	Y	MONTANA	
1 Rogers (D)	Y	4 Adair (R)	N	4 Donohue (D)	Y	2 D'Ewart (R)	N
CONNECTICUT		5 Beamer (R)	N	8 Goodwin (R)	N	1 Metcalf (D)	Y
3 Cretella (R)	Y	7 Bray (R)	Y	1 Heselton (R)	Y	NEBRASKA	
1 Dodd (D)	Y	11 Brownson (R)	N	7 Lane (D)	Y	1 Curtis (R)	N
4 Morano (R)	Y	3 Crumpacker (R)	N	14 Martin (R)	-	3 Harrison (R)	N

RECORD VOTES

FOR: Y (yea) ✓ Announced For, Paired For, CQ Poll For.

AGAINST: N (nay) X Announced Against, Paired Against CQ Poll Against.

NOT RECORDED: ? Absent, General Pair, "Present," Did not announce or answer CQ Poll.

NOT ELIGIBLE: — Not a Member when this vote was taken.
(Also used for Speaker--eligible but usually does not vote.)

DECLARED STANDS

1	1	1	1
2 Hruska (R)	N	10 Kelly (D)	Y
4 Miller (R)	N	9 Keogh (D)	?
NEVADA		19 Klein (D)	Y
AL Young (R)	N	4 Latham (R)	N
NEW HAMPSHIRE		13 Multer (D)	✓
2 Cotton (R)	N	16 Powell (D)	Y
1 Merrow (R)	N	15 Ray (R)	N
NEW JERSEY		14 Rooney (D)	✓
11 Addonizio (D)	Y	20 Roosevelt (D)	Y
3 Auchincloss (R)	Y	NORTH CAROLINA	
8 Canfield (R)	Y	9 Alexander (D)	N
6 Case (R)	Y	3 Barden (D)	N
5 Frelinghuysen (R)	N	1 Bonner (D)	N
2 Hand (R)	Y	7 Carlyle (D)	N
14 Hart (D)	?	5 Chatham (D)	N
4 Howell (D)	Y	4 Cooley (D)	N
12 Kean (R)	Y	8 Deane (D)	Y
9 Osmer (R)	N	6 Durham (D)	N
10 Rodino (D)	Y	2 Fountain (D)	N
13 Sieminski (D)	Y	10 Jonas (R)	N
7 Widnall (R)	Y	11 Jones (D)	N
1 Wolverton (R)	Y	12 Shuford (D)	N
NEW MEXICO		NORTH DAKOTA	
AL Dempsey (D)	N	AL Burdick (R)	Y
AL Fernandez (D)	N	AL Krueger (R)	N
NEW YORK		OHIO	
3 Becker (R)	N	14 Ayres (R)	Y
37 Cole (R)	N	23 Bender (R)	Y
2 Derounian (R)	N	8 Betts (R)	N
26 Gamble (R)	N	22 Bolton, F.P. (R)	Y
27 Gwinn (R)	N	11 Bolton, O.P. (R)	N
38 Kearney (R)	N	16 Bow (R)	N
38 Keating (R)	N	7 Brown (R)	X
33 Kilburn (R)	N	5 Clevenger (R)	N
40 Miller (R)	N	21 Crosser (D)	Y
30 O'Brien (D)	Y	20 Feighan (D)	Y
39 Ostertag (R)	N	18 Hays (D)	Y
42 Pillion (R)	N	2 Hess (R)	N
41 Radwan (R)	N	10 Jenkins (R)	N
43 Reed (R)	N	19 Kirwan (D)	Y
35 Riehlman (R)	N	4 McCulloch (R)	X
28 St. George (R)	N	17 McGregor (R)	N
36 Taber (R)	N	6 Polk (D)	Y
31 Taylor (R)	X	9 Reams (I)	Y
1 Wainwright (R)	N	3 Schenck (R)	N
29 Wharton (R)	N	1 Scherer (R)	N
34 Williams (R)	N	15 Secrest (D)	Y
New York City		12 Vorys (R)	N
5 Bosch (R)	N	13 Weichel (R)	N
24 Buckley (D)	Y	OKLAHOMA	
11 Celler (D)	Y	3 Albert (D)	Y
17 Coudert (R)	Y	1 Belcher (R)	N
7 Delaney (D)	Y	2 Edmondson (D)	?
23 Dollinger (D)	Y	5 Jarman (D)	N
18 Donovan (D)	?	4 Steed (D)	?
12 Dorn (R)	Y	6 Wickersham (D)	N
22 Fine (D)	Y	OREGON	
25 Fino (R)	Y	3 Angell (R)	N
8 Heller (D)	Y	2 Coon (R)	N
6 Holtzman (D)	Y	4 Ellsworth (R)	N
21 Javits (R)	Y	1 Norblad (R)	N
		PENNSYLVANIA	
		11 Bonin (R)	N
		30 Buchanan (D)	Y
		17 Bush (R)	N
		10 Carrigg (R)	N
		29 Corbett (R)	N
		9 Dague (R)	N
		28 Eberharter (D)	Y
		12 Fenton (R)	N
		27 Fulton (R)	Y
		23 Gavin (R)	N
		25 Graham (R)	N
		7 James (R)	N
		24 Kearns (R)	N
		21 Kelley (D)	Y
		8 King (R)	X
		13 McConnell (R)	N
		26 Morgan (D)	Y
		16 Mumma (R)	N
		14 Rhodes (D)	Y
		22 Saylor (R)	Y
		18 Simpson (R)	N
		19 Stauffer (R)	N
		20 Van Zandt (R)	N
		15 Walter (D)	✓
		Philadelphia	
		1 Barrett (D)	✓
		3 Byrne (D)	Y
		4 Chudoff (D)	Y
		2 Granahan (D)	Y
		5 Green (D)	Y
		6 Scott (R)	Y
		RHODE ISLAND	
		2 Fogarty (D)	Y
		1 Forand (D)	Y
		SOUTH CAROLINA	
		4 Vacancy	
		3 Dorn (D)	N
		6 McMillan (D)	N
		5 Richards (D)	N
		2 Riley (D)	X
		1 Rivers (D)	N
		SOUTH DAKOTA	
		2 Berry (R)	N
		1 Lovre (R)	N
		TENNESSEE	
		2 Baker (R)	N
		8 Cooper (D)	Y
		9 Davis (D)	?
		4 Evins (D)	Y
		3 Frazier (D)	Y
		7 Murray (D)	N
		1 Priest (D)	Y
		1 Reece (R)	N
		6 Sutton (D)	Y
		TEXAS	
		15 Bentsen (D)	N
		2 Brooks (D)	Y
		17 Burleson (D)	N
		AL Dies (D)	N
		7 Dowdy (D)	N
		21 Fisher (D)	N
		3 Gentry (D)	N
		13 Ikard (D)	N
		20 Kilday (D)	N
		12 Lucas (D)	N
		14 Lyle (D)	N
		19 Mahon (D)	N
		1 Patman (D)	✓
		11 Ponge (D)	N
		4 Rayburn (D)	Y
		16 Regan (D)	X
		18 Rogers (D)	N
		6 Teague (D)	X
		8 Thomas (D)	N
		9 Thompson (D)	N
		10 Thornberry (D)	Y
		5 Wilson (D)	N
		UTAH	
		2 Dawson (R)	N
		1 Stringfellow (R)	N
		VERMONT	
		AL Prouty (R)	N
		VIRGINIA	
		4 Abbt (D)	N
		10 Broyhill (R)	N
		3 Gary (D)	N
		2 Hardy (D)	Y
		7 Harrison (D)	N
		6 Poff (R)	N
		1 Robeson (D)	N
		8 Smith (D)	N
		5 Tuck (D)	N
		9 Wampler (R)	N
		WASHINGTON	
		4 Holmes (R)	Y
		5 Horan (R)	N
		3 Mack (R)	N
		AL Magnuson (D)	Y
		1 Pelly (R)	N
		6 Tollefson (R)	Y
		2 Westland (R)	N
		WEST VIRGINIA	
		3 Bailey (D)	Y
		6 Byrd (D)	Y
		5 Kee (D)	Y
		1 Mollohan (D)	?
		4 Neal (R)	N
		2 Staggers (D)	?
		WISCONSIN	
		8 Byrnes (R)	N
		2 Davis (R)	N
		9 Hull (R)	?
		5 Kersten (R)	Y
		7 Laird (R)	N
		10 O'Konski (R)	?
		1 Smith (R)	N
		6 Van Pelt (R)	N
		3 Withrow (R)	Y
		4 Zablocki (D)	Y
		WYOMING	
		AL Harrison (R)	N



(APRIL 16 - 23)

weekly committee roundup

FOR ACTION ON NOMINATIONS -- See page 536.

Action

INTERIOR FUNDS -- The House Appropriations Committee April 23 reported out a bill carrying appropriations totaling \$404,863,239 to run the Interior Department in fiscal 1954. This was \$202,473, 161 less than was requested by former President Truman, and \$137,874,262 less than the Department's appropriations for the current fiscal year.

The Committee also recommended that the Department be "concerned only with those functions or activities which private enterprise cannot or will not undertake." The House unit also recommended closing the synthetic fuel plants at Rifle, Colo., and Louisiana, Mo. The Committee provided \$500,000 for maintaining the facilities in stand-by condition. (HR 4828 - H Rept. 314.)

OMNIBUS FUNDS -- The Senate Rules Committee April 22 ordered favorably reported a resolution (S Con Res 8) which would have Congress handle all appropriations in one large omnibus bill. Sen. Harry Flood Byrd (D Va.) and 49 other Senators are sponsors of the measure. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 482). Congress usually appropriates funds for federal agencies and departments in separate bills.

CLOTURE RULE -- The Senate Rules and Administration Committee April 22 approved a bill (S Res 20) which would change the Senate rules so that two-thirds of the Senators present and voting could invoke cloture -- limit speechmaking. The measure, introduced by Sen. William E. Jenner (R Ind.), Chairman, was approved without public hearings. Present rules require the votes of two-thirds of the Senate -- or 64 Senators -- before it would be possible to invoke cloture. (See pages 537-538).

WAR-RISK INSURANCE -- The House Banking and Currency Committee April 23 approved without amendment a bill (HR 4465) to amend the Export-Import Bank Act of 1945 by authorizing the Bank to use up to \$100 million of its lending authority to provide American exporters a limited type of war-risk insurance.

The Committee began hearings on the bill April 20. Testifying for the bill were Hawthorne Arey, vice chairman, and Lynn U. Stambaugh, director and member of the Board, of the Bank; Craig R. Sheaffer, Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Domestic Affairs; and Howard H. Gordon, Production and Marketing Administrator, Department of Agriculture.

Ray Leifflin, counsel for the Association of Marine Underwriters, April 21 testified against the bill. Testifying for it were Read P. Dunn, Jr., director of the National Cotton Council's foreign trade division; W. Raymond Ogg, director of the American Farm Bureau Federation's international affairs department; Homer F. Brinkley, executive vice president of the National Council of Farmer Cooperatives; William A. McGregor, vice president of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York City; and John C. White of the American Cotton Shippers.

A subcommittee of the Senate Banking and Currency Committee approved a war-risk insurance bill (S 1413) April 14. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 496).

NEW MEXICO PROBE -- The Senate Rules Committee April 22 agreed to ask the Senate for \$100,000 for an investigation of the New Mexico Senatorial election campaign by its Privileges and Elections Subcommittee. (See page 532).

April 17 the Committee decided to hold a full investigation of the election, on the basis of "ample evidence" turned up in a preliminary investigation. Patrick J. Hurley, defeated Republican nominee, has challenged the election of Sen. Dennis Chavez (D N.M.).

NATO PACTS -- The Senate Foreign Relations Committee April 23 approved three agreements safeguarding the rights of U.S. servicemen stationed abroad under the North Atlantic Treaty. Two of the agreements dealt with the legal status of Allied forces and the rights and responsibilities of the NATO staff. The third covered the status of the International Military Headquarters. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 466).

The Committee April 23 made public testimony given April 1 by Gen. Alfred M. Gruenther, Chief of Staff to Gen. Matthew B. Ridgway at Supreme Allied Headquarters in Europe, that Western military forces in Europe "probably" could cope with any Russian surprise attack but lacked reserves to meet long-range requirements.

REORGANIZATION -- The Senate Government Operations Committee April 23 approved bills to establish two commissions with broad powers to propose government reorganization. The bills were S 106, to continue studies like those carried out by the Hoover Commission, and S 1514, to study federal-state governmental relationships. (CQ Weekly Report, pp. 107, 433).

DEBTS TO INDIANS -- The House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee April 21 approved a bill (HR 2828) to pay \$1,500 to each member of the Menominee tribe of Indians of Wisconsin. The measure, introduced by Rep. Melvin R. Laird (R Wis.), would take the funds from approximately \$10 million deposited to the credit of the tribe in settlement of claims against the government.

IMMUNITY -- The Senate Judiciary Committee April 20 approved a bill (S 16; S Rept. 153) to require witnesses to testify at Congressional hearings despite pleas against compulsory self-incrimination. Witnesses would be entitled to immunity from prosecution.

DISCHARGE PURCHASES -- The Senate Armed Services Committee April 23 approved a bill (S 1544; S Report 167) to repeal laws of 1890 that permitted soldiers, sailors and marines to buy their way out of the armed services in peacetime.

Two soldiers at Fort Sill, Okla., recently attempted to use the old laws (which are suspended during any emergency) to get out of uniform.

New Hearings

POW ATROCITIES -- Chairman Styres Bridges (R N.H.) April 22 called Undersecretary of State Walter Bedell Smith and other top State and Defense Department officials to testify at a closed-door session of the Senate Appropriations Committee on alleged mistreatment of Allied war prisoners in Korea.

Acting on stories of atrocities told by returning war prisoners, Bridges said "We want to get all the information ... about the Red atrocities against U.S. and UN prisoners" and what is being done about it. After a two-hour session, Bridges said the Defense and State Department officials agreed to speed-up collection of evidence on the atrocities with a view to future war crimes prosecution. The Committee had no plans for other hearings on the issue.

HOUSE REACTION

Rep. John M. Vorys (R Ohio) said April 18 he has started a probe to determine if American officials were tough enough in negotiating the exchange of sick and wounded prisoners in Korea. Rep. Dewey Short (R Mo.) April 21 demanded that the Communists be required to open their prison camps to inspection by an "impartial" international group before resumption of truce talks in Korea.

Rep. Timothy P. Sheehan (R Ill.) charged April 22 that the Truman Administration knew about Communist atrocities against Americans in Korea but kept silent "because they did not want these facts to influence the election last November."

ARMY OVERCOATS -- The Military Operations Subcommittee of the House Committee on Government Operations heard testimony April 21 that the Army had spent \$45 million for 1,262,000 new model overcoats which proved useless because of unwieldy gadgets, including leggings.

After their manufacture in 1946 and 1947, some of the coats were remodeled at a cost of \$972,244, Ralph A. De Carlo, a General Accounting Office investigator, told the Subcommittee, headed by Rep. R. Walter Riehlman (R N.Y.). The Subcommittee has been unable to learn what has become of the overcoats, Riehlman said.

Lewis J. Lapham, a Subcommittee staff member, said the coats were ordered without proper bid inspection. Simon Jacobson, director of procurement for the Quartermaster's New York purchasing office in 1946, said the contracts were let one day before expiration of appropriations.

Kennedy Williams, a veteran of the Korean war, testified that the coats, with their zippered leggings, were "pretty good in the mud," but "too heavy to walk in."

April 22, the Army Public Information Office denied that the coats had been lost in the shuffle, saying all but about 90,000 have been issued.

PIO statements said the coats had saved thousands of men from freezing in Korea, but that the coats are being withdrawn from combat use and issued to garrison troops.

DOCTORS' DRAFT -- The House Armed Services Committee April 20 began hearings on a bill (HR 4495) introduced by Rep. Dewey Short (R Mo.), Chairman, to extend the draft of doctors and dentists for two years. The present law expires July 1.

Maj. Gen. George E. Armstrong, Army Surgeon General, told the Committee the armed services planned to draft 12,259 doctors and dentists in the next two years and would not substantially reduce their demands even if the Korean war ended.

Selective Service Director Maj. Gen. Lewis B. Hershey April 21 recommended approval of the measure. Drs. Henry S. Blake and William B. Walsh of the National Medical Veterans' Society April 23 urged the draft of older, experienced doctors to handle complicated combat surgery. Dr. Charles D. Cook, of the Massachusetts Medical Society, proposed graded service terms to insure that recalled veterans would serve a maximum of 30 months.

SHIP SUBSIDIES -- The House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee April 21 resumed its probe of a Federal Maritime Board decision in 1952 that the American Export Lines was entitled to subsidies totaling \$23 million for its liners Independence and Constitution. The first hearing was held April 1.

The General Accounting Office has ruled that \$6,964,966 of the total \$23 million was "excessive," and payment of the subsidies has been delayed pending settlement of the dispute between the two federal agencies.

Ralph E. Casey, associate general counsel for the GAO, testified that the Maritime Board granted \$7 million to the shipping company on the basis of "possible discounts in foreign exchange," and that the GAO felt this was illegal.

A. W. Gatov, Chairman of the Maritime Board, accused Casey of making a "self-serving" case and said his Board would answer the charges.

SURPLUS PROPERTY -- The Subcommittee on Intergovernmental Relations of the House Government Operations Committee began hearings April 20 into donations of federal surplus property to states.

William L. Ellis, chief of the office of investigations, Government Accounting Office, testified to "hundreds" of cases of uses other than those allowed under the law -- health and education functions.

Rep. Cecil M. Harden (R Ind.), Chairman of the Subcommittee, reported the states since 1946 have received surplus property valued at more than \$1.25 billion. Ellis said the GAO favors sale of surplus property rather than donation, and a requirement that recipients certify to their need under the law.

APRIL 21 --

Testifying on operation of the donable surplus property program in the District of Columbia were James McCallister, D.C. Administrative Services Office, and Leslie Parmele, Director of the D.C. Agency for Surplus Property.

APRIL 23 --

William Farrell, of California, president of the National Association of State Agencies for Surplus Property, Chester B. Lund, Director of Field Services, Department of Health, Education and Welfare, and Rear Adm. Morton L. Ring, vice chairman for supply management, Munitions Board, agreed that the program has been generally effective and essential.

FARM CREDIT -- The House Agriculture Committee, studying the present farm credit structure, April 23 heard Lloyd Godley, an Arkansas farmer, testify that cotton farmers need the price support program and are not opposed to acreage controls.

Floyd E. Lull, Kansas Bankers Association, said there was plenty of money in Kansas banks to carry the crops. Boswell Stevens, president of the Mississippi Farm Bureau Federation, said farmers need financing on long-term loans at reasonable interest rates for capital improvements. F. J. Nutter, Maine Commissioner of Agriculture, urged streamlining the farm credit program.

STATE DEPT. FUNDS -- A Senate Appropriations subcommittee held public hearings on the revised fiscal 1954 budget for the Department of State.

APRIL 20 --

State Department Security Officer W. Scott McLeod said 19 Department employees were taken off the payroll on charges of homosexuality, four resigned rather than face security charges, and, he said, "we've rejected 54 applicants for jobs on security grounds." He added that 14 other persons were separated from the Department for reasons of unsuitability based on new security criteria.

Donald B. Lourie, Undersecretary of State, testified that former American Consul General Charles W. Thayer "was called home, informed he would be dismissed, and ...resigned on security grounds." Sen. Joseph R. McCarthy (R Wis.) demanded to know who had written what he termed the "completely false" release announcing Thayer's resignation March 26.

APRIL 21 --

Sen. Everett M. Dirksen (R Ill.) asked W. Park Armstrong, State Department special assistant for intelligence, whether "all your people are cleared for security". Armstrong replied "as far as I have known," adding that McLeod was in charge of security.

Armstrong said he could not say how many employees had been removed for homosexuality.

Basil Capella, acting executive director of the Bureau of Far Eastern Affairs, and Assistant Secretary of State Walter S. Robertson, presented an estimate for the Bureau reflecting a six per cent cut in employees.

JUDGES' SALARIES -- Twenty witnesses testified April 22 in favor of increased salaries for federal judges and Members of Congress in hearings opened by the Senate Judiciary Subcommittee on Improvements in Judicial Machinery. Witnesses, all judges or representatives of Bar Associations, favored enactment of: S 5 and S 1163, to increase judges' salaries; S 1663, to increase salaries of Members of Congress also; and S 1415, to prohibit the practice of law by U.S. Attorneys.

TOLL HIGHWAYS -- The Subcommittee on Roads of the House Public Works Committee began hearings April 23 on its study of a national highway program.

J. T. Sanders, legislative counsel for the National Grange, testified that the Grange has modified its stand on toll roads and now favors them, provided, among other things, that the highways revert to public status when paid for.

MOVIE TAX -- More than 50 Members of Congress appeared before the House Ways and Means Committee, April 20, in support of a bill (HR 157) to remove the federal tax on admissions to movie houses. Earlier, four officials of the Council of Motion Picture Organizations endorsed the bill.

FLAMMABLE CLOTHING -- The House Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee opened hearings April 16 on several bills to outlaw interstate shipment of dangerously flammable wearing apparel. Among witnesses were authors of two such bills, Reps. Gordon Canfield (R N.J.) (HR 3851) and Leroy Johnson (R Calif.) (HR 4159). Charles W. Dorn, of the National Retail Dry Goods Association, said voluntary fire safety standards have been inadequate.

IRRIGATION PROJECTS -- The House Subcommittee on Irrigation and Reclamation of the Interior and Insular Affairs Committee April 20 heard testimony on a bill (HR 2267) introduced by Rep. William H. Harrison (R Wyo.) which would relax the 160-acre limitation for federal irrigation projects.

Breck Moran of the Wyoming Natural Resources Board and Dr. A. F. Vass, head of the agronomy department at the University of Wyoming, supported the measure. Moran said the limitation works a hardship in the Rocky Mountain states, where livestock is important to farming. Rep. Clair Engle (D Calif.) agreed to the need for flexibility where more than 160 acres is essential for economic family farming, but objected to the broadness of the Harrison bill.

Continued Hearings

INTERNAL REVENUE -- The House Ways and Means Subcommittee probing the Bureau of Internal Revenue continued to hear testimony from Henry W. (The Dutchman) Grunewald, alleged Washington "influence" man. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 500).

APRIL 17 --

Grunewald denied he had received \$60,000 for reportedly "fixing" an alleged criminal tax fraud case in 1948, against the now-defunct Gotham Meat Co., New York. He said he was handed a package by the firm's attorney, Max Halperin, but that it contained fish -- not cash. Halperin denied ever bringing fish to Washington for Grunewald or anyone else.

Grunewald said he was once on the payroll of a New York construction company which he identified as Hegerman and Harris. He said a "Mr. Hart, a director" of the firm brought a monthly check of about \$1,200 to Washington for six months. He said he returned the full amount of the checks to "Hart" in cash because he could not "deliver" a government contract.

Grunewald stated he received \$7,500 from Jules Lippman of the Textile Leather Corp., Toledo, in 1947. He said he introduced Lippman to a Chicago tax attorney, "a good friend of mine, George Bowden." Lippman's case was settled, and he escaped criminal fraud prosecution, according to Grunewald.

Morton Marks, former official of Patullo Modes, a New York dress corporation, refused, on ground of possible self-incrimination, to say whether he transmitted \$100,000 to Grunewald in 1948 to "fix" a tax case. Attorney Isadore (Irving) Davis, of the firm of Schopick and Davis, also refused to answer questions about the alleged \$100,000 "fix."

APRIL 21 --

Grunewald acknowledged he received \$6,831 in 1947 and \$13,500 in 1948 from the AFL Brotherhood of Carpenters for matters he refused to discuss.

The witness said he received \$25,000 from Duke and Landis, a New York law firm, for "investigative work and introductions" covering a number of cases. Part of the job, he said, was to send former Secretary of War Harry Woodring to Germany to look into matters the witness would not explain further. Reached at his home in Topeka, Kan., Woodring said he had "no comment" on Grunewald's testimony.

APRIL 23 --

Grunewald said he conducted an investigation for the late President Franklin D. Roosevelt, but refused to comment on the nature of it, because "I don't think the President would want it done." The witness also said he deposited almost \$96,000 in 1949, all of it from race-track winnings, and installed an elaborate \$10,000 private telephone setup in his Miami winter home giving him direct communication with various offices in Washington.

TAFT-HARTLEY -- The Senate Labor and Public Welfare Committee April 21 resumed hearings on proposed amendments to the Taft-Hartley labor law, (CQ Weekly Report, p. 499) as the House Education and Labor Committee continued similar hearings.

SENATE

APRIL 21 --

Richard J. Gray, president of the AFL building trades section, said the union shop as permitted by the law cannot be applied to building trades because jobs are completed before the 30-day period during which employees could be required to join a union. He said construction unions felt they should be permitted to make closed shop contracts -- which the law forbids.

Sen. Robert A. Taft (R Ohio), co-author of the labor law, declared that Congress should consider exempting building trades unions and the construction industry from the law.

APRIL 23 --

Joseph Curran, president of the CIO Maritime Workers Union, said the Taft-Hartley Act has been "disruptive to labor relations in the maritime industry."

HOUSE

APRIL 20 --

CIO general counsel Arthur J. Goldberg charged that a proposed "states-rights" amendment to the law was

"clearly directed against unions alone." The proposal, made by Rep. Wingate H. Lucas (D Tex.), would give the states the primary right to regulate strikes or picketing.

APRIL 21 --

A six-man team organized by the Illinois State Chamber of Commerce proposed establishment of a joint Congressional committee to study "the monopolistic power of labor unions."

APRIL 22 --

David J. McDonald of the CIO Steel Workers Union criticized the existing non-Communist affidavit requirement, the law's 80-day no-strike provision, and proposals to outlaw industry-wide bargaining.

REDS IN GOVERNMENT -- Continuing its efforts "to expose the design by which Communist agents were able to infiltrate the executive and legislative branches of the government," the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee heard four witnesses (CQ Weekly Report, p. 497).

APRIL 21 --

Frederick Palmer Weber, a New York economist, pleaded possible self-incrimination in refusing to say whether he was a Communist before February, 1951. He said he had worked for a House Committee on migratory labor, 1940-1943, a Senate Military Affairs Subcommittee in 1943, later for the CIO Political Action Committee and, in 1948, for Henry Wallace's Progressive Party campaign.

APRIL 22 --

A former Labor Department economist, Harry Ober, swore he was not a Communist on the day he resigned from the Department, Oct. 22, 1952, or on the previous day, when he testified before a New York grand jury investigating subversive activities. But he refused, on Constitutional grounds, to say whether he had been a Party member on Oct. 20, 1952, or earlier. He had worked for the government since 1937.

APRIL 23 --

Prof. Alexander B. Novikoff of the University of Vermont, a cancer researcher, said he would answer questions about the last five years, during which he has worked at the university, but pleaded fear of self-incrimination on questions about Communist activities before then.

A former government worker, Myron L. Hoch, said he had not been a Communist since Jan. 1, 1942, but invoked the Fifth Amendment in refusing to answer about any date before then. He is a teacher at the City College of New York and Rutgers University in New Jersey.

INFORMATION PROGRAM -- The Senate Foreign Relations Subcommittee on overseas information April 22 heard Robert L. Johnson, head of the State Department's International Information Administration, testify that he and Secretary of State John Foster Dulles agreed his administration should be split off from the Department. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 438).

The witness also said his organization was dropping 830 persons and eliminating several foreign language broadcasts by the Voice of America. He said the cuts would save about \$4.3 million, and added that he had been directed to make budget cuts totaling \$10.6 million.

Former Sen. William Benton (D Conn.) April 20 told the group he was opposed to any move that would split the propaganda-information program from the State Department. He gave the Subcommittee his own plan to reorganize the program and keep it under the Secretary of State.

Dr. Robert J. Francis, acting director of the International Broadcasting Service, defended the Voice of America.

UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES -- Continued hearings by the House Un-American Activities Committee on Communists in colleges (CQ Weekly Report, p. 500) also involved a former Navy Department employee.

APRIL 17 --

Mary Catherine Grier, a government employee, 1943-1947, swore she was not presently a Communist but declined to say whether she had been one an hour earlier. The Committee said testimony taken at closed hearings indicated Miss Grier was once head of an alleged "Communist cell" in the Navy Department. She refused to answer, on grounds of possible self-incrimination.

APRIL 20 --

Rep. Gordon H. Scherer (R Ohio), said a Subcommittee would hold hearings in Columbus, Ohio, May 18-20. Among witnesses subpoenaed to appear then, he added, was the wife of dismissed Ohio State professor Byron T. Darling, who refused, March 13, to tell the Committee whether he was a Communist. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 378).

APRIL 21 --

Two witnesses refused, on Constitutional grounds, to say whether they were Communists. Leo M. Hurvich declined to say if he had known of a "Communist cell" at Harvard University while he worked there from 1936-1947. Theodore S. Polumbaum refused to say whether he belonged to the John Reed Club at Yale University in 1948 or whether he knew seven alleged members of the Connecticut State Communist Youth Council. (He was dismissed as TV script writer for the United Press April 22).

APRIL 22 --

Two professors at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, admitting they had once been Communists, said they were "stupid" to have joined the Party. Both said Communists should not be permitted to teach.

Isadore Amdur, MIT chemistry professor, said he belonged to the Party, 1938-1944, and was cleared, after leaving the Party, for work on the Manhattan Project, which developed the atomic bomb.

William T. Martin, head of the MIT mathematics department, said he belonged, 1938-1946, to a Communist "cell" at MIT which included Amdur, Norman Levinson, Dirk J. Struik (fired from MIT in 1952) and others. He said he had associated with other Boston Communists, including Harvard Professor Wendell H. Furry, who has appeared twice before the Committee. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 500).

Prof. Paul R. Ziesel of the University of Connecticut said he was not now a Communist but pleaded possible self-incrimination in declining to answer for the years 1946-48. He said he had known Prof. Darling at the University of Wisconsin and did not think he was a Communist. Max Weitzman, a Boston school teacher, refused

to answer, on Constitutional grounds, all questions dealing with communism.

APRIL 23 --

Prof. Norman Levinson of MIT said he became a Communist in 1937 because of the depression but believes anyone who is a Communist today needs psychiatric care. Mrs. Theodora Goldstein, Brookline, Mass., refused, on Constitutional grounds, to say whether she had ever been a Communist.

Dr. Arthur L. Levy, a chemistry professor at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N.Y., refused to say if he ever has been a Communist. He pleaded possible self-incrimination.

JUSTICE PROBE -- Alger Hiss, in a letter to Chairman Kenneth B. Keating (R N.Y.) of a House Judiciary Subcommittee, said that "in no sense" did he recommend that the United Nations employ persons since suspended. Hiss said his State Department office in 1946 merely submitted to the UN "names of persons who might be qualified."

WATERFRONT PROBE -- A Senate Interstate and Foreign Commerce Subcommittee

April 17 resumed public hearings on its probe of alleged racketeering along the New York-New Jersey waterfront. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 435). Testimony centered on the Claremont Terminal in Jersey City which was operated under a contract with the Army Engineer Corps.

Dock worker Frank Kenney said Jersey City political leaders put their friends on the payroll at the terminal. Kenney also declared that Joseph Ryan, president of the International Longshoremen's Association, refused to fire local ILA president August De Acutis, who had a long criminal record. Ryan recently was indicted in New York on charges of stealing union funds.

Wallace P. Berkowitz, counsel for the dockmen, who struck last June, testified that an Army Engineers employee named Condon asked him to "let up" in the fight to collect wages awarded by a WSB arbitration group.

William A. Becker, an Army colonel now working for the Small Defense Plants Administration, said he was made an adviser to Col. Cyril Millson at the Terminal in 1952, but that his reports of inefficiency and waste were ignored.

AMMUNITION SHORTAGE -- The Senate Armed Services Subcommittee continued its investigation of ammunition shortages in Korea. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 500).

APRIL 17 --

Maj. Gen. E. L. Ford, Army Chief of Ordnance, told the group it was not until December, 1952, that the Secretary of Defense delegated authority to the Army to "expedite critical rounds" of ammunition. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 467). Ford said the authority was limited, to be used "only with restraint." He testified the Army did not get necessary priorities for ammunition production until 18 months after the Korean war began.

APRIL 20 --

Army Chief of Staff Gen. J. Lawton Collins said there was a "critical shortage" at times in the over-all Far East command, but insisted there was no shortage for troops in Korea "for the mission to which they were assigned."

Subcommittee Member Harry Flood Byrd (D Va.) said the Korean front was kept going by "robbing the national stockpile" of ammunition. Collins said the stockpile was depleted, but was now being built up.

Collins stated there never were any daily reports to Washington of ammunition shortages, as testified by Gen. James A. Van Fleet.

The Pentagon submitted a list of about 450 names of persons and 35 different agencies dealing with ammunition contracts.

ALASKA STATEHOOD -- Hearings on legislation to grant Alaska statehood continued April 17 before the Territories Subcommittee of the House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 497).

Former Alaska Gov. Ernest Gruening told the group "Alaska is ready for statehood" and will "not get readier by waiting."

Mayor Lee C. Bettinger, of Kodiak, said there would be more opportunity in the Northern Territory under statehood. Reps. Don Magnuson (D Wash.) and Harold C. Hagen (R Minn.) testified in favor of statehood.

Opposition witnesses were called for by Chairman John P. Saylor (R Pa.), but none appeared.

FILM INDEPENDENTS -- The Monopoly Subcommittee of the Senate Small Business Committee April 17 resumed hearings on the problems of the independents in the motion picture industry. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 499).

Ruben Shor, Cincinnati, motion picture exhibitor, charged that Walt Disney Productions attempted to "intimidate" him into increasing his admission charge for the movie "Peter Pan." Nathan Yamins, West Newton, Mass., theater operator, said exhibitors are "vehemently opposed" to the practice of "advanced admission prices."

Seven other witnesses attacked this practice. All nine said that pre-release and competitive bidding practices of distributors force the closing of many independent theaters. Hiram P. Holmes, National Association of Real Estate Boards, said more than 500 theaters were reported closed, adversely affecting nearby business establishments.

FARM IMPORTS -- Senate and House units continued hearings on the farm export-import situation and its effect on domestic farm prices. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 498-9).

SENATE

APRIL 20 --

Stanley Andrews, technical cooperation administrator in the Point Four program, predicted that exports to western markets from Communist areas behind the Iron Curtain in Europe will continue at a reduced rate, even if the cold war ends. He also predicted that the decline in U.S. exports to Europe will not be permanent. The 1952 drop in farm prices was linked in part by the Agriculture Department to the decline in demand for U.S. exports. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 446-7). Andrews also told the Senate unit he expects the State Department to ask Congress to provide "between 300,000 and 500,000 tons of wheat" for Pakistan to avert a famine there.

APRIL 21 --

Officials of the National Farmers Union testified that farm exports should be financed by direct money payments from the government to farmers -- to make up the difference between the world price and the domestic support price. The group urged 100 per cent of parity for all farm production. Present laws provide 90 per cent parity price supports for basic commodities.

APRIL 23 --

M. W. Thatcher, president of the National Federation of Grain Cooperatives, said unrestricted imports of Canadian oats are depressing the prices and income prospects of American grain farmers. But the Cooperative Grange League Federation Exchange, Inc., urged that no restrictions be placed on the importing of oats.

HOUSE

APRIL 20 --

A House Agriculture subcommittee was told by George E. Pettit, vice president of the Potash Company of America, "that potash from Russian-controlled areas is being sold in the United States and has been sold here for several years." He said the Soviet Union was shipping the potash at rates below the domestic price.

J. R. Meyer, purchasing manager of the Eastern Farmers Exchange, York, Pa., said his firm in the last 30 days had bought potash "we suspected" came from East Germany.

EDUCATIONAL TV -- The Senate Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee closed hearings April 21 on television channels reserved for educational stations. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 498).

Rosel M. Hyde, newly-designated Chairman of the Federal Communications Commission, assured the group there "is no time limit" on 242 channels reserved for educational stations.

Two other members of the Commission, former Chairman Paul A. Walker, and Frieda B. Hennock, also assured the Committee it was never intended that school reservations would expire on June 2. They explained that a ban on applications for the educational channels by commercial stations does expire on June 2. Educators, they said, will still be allowed to file for reserved channels "indefinitely."

Sen. Edwin C. Johnson (D Colo.) said April 22 that many U.S. cities will wait five years for TV unless Congress increases funds for processing applications for channels. In a letter to Senate colleagues, he urged the FCC be given an extra \$1.6 million, which, he said, would clear up the backlog by the middle of 1954.

Reports

EUROPE SURVEY -- Rep. Lawrence H. Smith (R Wis.)

said in a report April 21 that Western European defense is "progressing more slowly than would be the case if all the nations of Western Europe had a sufficient feeling of the urgency of defense," although there is no indication that any nation is "deliberately dragging its feet."

Smith had just returned from a two-week survey of European defense with four other members of the National Security Subcommittee of the House Foreign Affairs

Committee. Until defense organizational plans are ratified, he said, "it is difficult to plan additional United States assistance."

Smith urged repeal of an amendment to the Mutual Security Act of 1952 which provides a revolving fund of \$100 million to encourage free enterprise through loans to European businessmen. (CQ Almanac, Vol. VIII, 1952, p. 162). This amendment, Smith said, "constitutes an unwarranted interference in the affairs of other nations."

TAX AMORTIZATION -- The Joint Committee on Defense Production April 20 filed a progress report (S Rept. 154) on the tax amortization program. The report stated that owners of facilities worth \$15.6 billion have benefitted from the program since the beginning of the Korean war. Sen. Burnet R. Maybank (D S.C.), former Chairman of the joint committee, said the write-offs have "made a valuable contribution to the defense effort." (CQ Almanac, Vol. VI, 1950, pp. 574, 590).

Coming Up

BUREAU OF STANDARDS -- Sen. Allen J. Ellender (D La.) said April 21 Chairman Styles Bridges (R N.H.) of the Senate Appropriations Committee, had agreed to a "limited" inquiry into operations of the National Bureau of Standards, and the status of Dr. Allen V. Astin. (CQ Weekly Report, pp. 470, 501).

Secretary of Commerce Sinclair Weeks announced April 17 that Astin, ousted as the Bureau's head, would stay on until a special committee of scientists completes an appraisal of the Bureau's operations.

Weeks added that Astin would then be offered a position in government where his "professional skill" and "abilities" may be utilized "in the national interest." Astin said this arrangement vindicated his and the Bureau's integrity. The ouster was allegedly caused by an unfavorable Bureau report on the battery additive, AD-X2.

The Senate Small Business Committee, which was to probe the Bureau, announced April 18 that scheduled hearings on the affair would not be held. Chairman Edward J. Thye (R Minn.) said the action taken by Weeks will "ultimately clear up the entire question."

Protests on the cancellation of hearings came from the Federation of American Scientists, The American Chemical Society and Jess M. Ritchie, whose Oakland, Calif., Pioneers, Inc. company makes AD-X2.

FARM CREDIT -- Chairman George D. Aiken (R Vt.) of the Senate Agriculture Committee April 23 announced his committee would hold public hearings May 11 and 12 on a bill (S 1505) to reorganize the Farm Credit Administration of the Agriculture Department.

RAIL RATES -- Chairman Charles W. Tobey (R N.H.) of the Senate Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee announced April 23 his group will hold hearings May 5 on a bill (S 1461) designed to expedite action on railroad applications for rate increases. The measure would also apply to increases asked by oil carriers using pipeline and rail transportation.

RECIPROCAL TRADE -- The House Ways and Means Committee announced April 21 that hearings on extension of the Trade Agreements Act, originally scheduled for April 22, were postponed until April 27.

DEATH PROBE -- A House Government Operations Subcommittee April 20 announced it would wind up its investigation into the suicide of former State Department employee John C. Montgomery with a one-day public hearing April 29.

Committee Assignments

INDIAN AFFAIRS -- Chairman A. L. Miller (R Neb.) of the House Interior Committee April 21 named a special subcommittee headed by Rep. William Henry Harrison (R Wyo.) to conduct a "full and complete" investigation of Indian affairs. Miller said the investigation was aimed at the possibility of releasing Indian tribes from government supervision.

Others on the Subcommittee are Reps. Wesley A. D'Ewart (R Mont.), E. Y. Berry (R S.D.), Jack Westland (R Wash.), Wayne N. Aspinall (D Colo.), Eugene J. McCarthy (D Minn.) and George A. Shuford (D N.C.).

DEFENSE PRODUCTION -- The Joint Committee on Defense Production April 17 announced the election of Sen. Homer Capehart (R Ind.), Chairman, and Rep. Ralph A. Gamble (R N.Y.), Vice Chairman. The Committee was created to "watch-dog" the Defense Production Act.

Other members of the Committee are: Sens. John W. Bricker (R Ohio); Irving M. Ives (R N.Y.); Burnet R. Maybank (D S.C.), and J. William Fulbright (D Ark.).

Also, Reps: Jesse P. Wolcott (R Mich.), Henry O. Talle (R Iowa); Paul Brown (D Ga.); and Wright Patman (D Tex.).

STATE, DEFENSE REORGANIZATION?

President Eisenhower and Congressional leaders met April 23 to discuss reorganization of the Defense and State Departments. Sen. Robert A. Taft (R Ohio) said possibilities considered were: Make the State Department information program an independent agency, transfer Point Four program to the Mutual Security Agency and reorganize Defense to give civilian Secretaries tighter control.

EXPANDED IMMIGRATION

President Eisenhower April 22 asked Congress to allow the admission of 120,000 immigrants a year for the next two years beyond regular quotas. He did not specify nationalities in letters to Congressional leaders but referred to "...homeless refugees in the heart of Europe...who have braved death to escape from behind the Iron Curtain."

PATTERSON CITATION THROWN OUT

The U.S. Court of Appeals April 23 upheld a lower court decision which threw out a contempt of Congress citation against William L. Patterson of the Civil Rights Congress. The indictment resulted from failure to comply with a subpoena issued by the old House Lobby Investigating Committee. (CQ Almanac, Vol. VIII, 1952, p.248.)

APPROPRIATIONS

The Administration continued to submit to Congress its revised budget estimates for federal departments and agencies in fiscal 1954. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 501).

Senate

Sen. William F. Knowland (R Calif.) April 20 inserted the new Administration's budget figure for Army civil functions river, harbor and flood control projects, in the Congressional Record. Former President Truman's request was \$661,524,100 for these projects, and was cut to \$471,240,100. This represents a 28 per cent reduction.

O. E. Reed, head of the Agriculture Department's Bureau of Dairy Industry, April 20 asked a Senate Appropriations Subcommittee for a \$69,445 increase over the \$1,590,055 appropriation for his Bureau for the current fiscal year. G. E. Hilbert, chief of the Bureau of Agriculture and Industrial Research, requested a \$250,000 increase over fiscal 1953's \$7.5 million appropriation.

A-PLANT POWER

Atomic Energy Commission Chairman Gordon Dean April 21 asked a Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Independent Offices for unlimited authority to pay off power suppliers in the event of cancellation of electric contracts for atomic plants. He said that such AEC contractual authority would not exceed \$340 million. Under existing law, the AEC is limited to \$57 million for power contract cancellations. That authority expires Aug. 1.

U.S. TERRITORIES FUNDS

At a Senate Appropriations Subcommittee hearing April 22, D. H. Nucker, executive officer of the Office of Territories, asked Congress to appropriate \$43,748,000 for U.S. territories in fiscal 1954.

House

Acting chairman of the Securities Exchange Commission Richard B. McEntire told a House Appropriations Subcommittee in testimony released April 16 that the Commission needed a minimum of \$6 million for fiscal 1954. The Bureau of the Budget has cut \$400,000 from that amount.

Rep. W. F. Norrell (D Ark.) said April 20 that revised budget estimates for fiscal 1954 trimmed nearly \$2 million from the original request for flood control and navigation projects in Arkansas, and eliminated the Big Table Rock Reservoir in Missouri. Rep. Otto E. Passman (D La.) said \$52,540,000 had been requested for flood control work in the lower Mississippi Valley. This is \$10.2 million below the Truman request.

ARMED FORCES DUPLICATION?

Sen. Allen J. Ellender (D La.) charged the Army, Navy and Air Force with duplication of services in the Panama Canal Zone amounting "almost to criminal negligence."

In a radio talk, Ellender, who toured Central and South America last year, said he had told the Senate Appropriations Committee that millions of dollars are "poured down the drain" annually.

Mother, Son "Disagree"

The first mother and son team in Congress had their first recorded legislative "falling-out" April 22. On the 18 roll-call votes in the House, Reps. Frances P. Bolton (R Ohio) and her son Oliver P. Bolton have agreed in every case but one. The split came over the vote to recommit the First Independent Offices Appropriation Bill (HR 4663) to include a provision for a 35,000 public housing starts in fiscal 1954.

Mrs. Bolton voted for recommitment -- her son opposed it. (See page 534).

Sen. Homer Ferguson (R Mich.), Chairman of the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Armed Services, April 18 called for a \$6 billion cut in defense spending for the next fiscal year, even if the Korean war continues. He pointed out that not more than \$5 billion of a total estimated \$40 billion annual defense budget is spent for the Korean war. He added that the \$4 billion defense budget cut proposed by Sen. Robert A. Taft (R Ohio) was too low.

RECLAMATION FUNDS CUT

Secretary of the Interior Douglas McKay announced April 17 that the fiscal 1954 budget requests for the Reclamation Bureau had been cut \$53,838,000 below the \$231,188,000 requested by former President Truman. (CQ Weekly Report, p. 506). Bureau funds reductions included \$48,888,000 for construction, \$2,250,000 for investigations and \$1.6 million for operation and maintenance.

Sen. Henry M. Jackson (D Wash.) said if the GOP imitates "the course they followed in the 80th Congress, it will offer great encouragement for an increase in the number of Democratic Congressmen from the Western States."

On former President Hoover's proposal that power projects be turned over to private interests, Sen. Clinton P. Anderson (D N.M.) commented: "If Mr. Hoover's philosophy should become dominant in the administration of the Interior Department's functions, as a Westerner I would regret it and as a Democrat I would rejoice."

TAX BILL PETITION

A discharge petition seeking to remove from the House Rules Committee a bill (HR 1) calling for an early reduction of income taxes had received 50 Congressmen's signatures by April 23 (CQ Weekly Report, p. 492). A total of 218 names is necessary to discharge a bill from committee.

Although the names on a discharge petition are, by House rules, supposed to be secret until the number of 218 is reached, Congressmen may announce their own signatures.

Among those signing the petition April 23 were three Democrats on the Ways and Means Committee -- Jere Cooper (Tenn.), Wilbur D. Mills (Ark.) and Aime J. Foran (R.I.). The bill had been favorably reported by their Committee Feb. 18 (CQ Weekly Report, p. 251) and was authored by Chairman Daniel A. Reed (R N.Y.).

APRIL 24 DEVELOPMENTS

(For convenience in future reference, April 24 developments concerning Congress, including those recorded below, will be included in the appropriate section of the May 1 CQ Weekly Report.)

Floor Action

OF TIME AND "TIDELANDS"

As the Senate droned through the 17th day of "tidelands" debate, Sen. Robert A. Taft (R Ohio) told reporters he was exploring the possibility of a compromise—perhaps involving a clarification of federal authority in the continental shelf beyond submerged state boundaries. Wayne Morse (I Ore.) had the floor to oppose the state control bill as "a great wrong." (See pages 537-8).

President Eisenhower said he was "deeply concerned" over delay caused by the long debate and called for prompt passage of states-control bill.

HOUSE KILLS TOBACCO BILL

By a roll-call vote of 110-213, the House April 24 killed a bill to benefit southern Maryland tobacco growers by extending price support protection to their 1952 crop. In a referendum, growers had opposed the quotas which would have entitled them to price supports up to 90 per cent of parity. The House Agriculture Committee said indications are their 1952 crop, to be sold this summer, will bring considerably less than the support figure.

Committees

LEWIS' TESTIMONY

John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America (independent) urged the Senate Labor and Public Welfare Committee to repeal "lock, stock and barrel" all labor laws passed in the last 21 years. Sen. Robert A. Taft (R Ohio) asked if that wouldn't mean a "return to the jungle."

Lewis said the proposal was made seriously, and that unions had reached the point where they could grow and prosper without the protection of either the Taft-Hartley law, or its predecessor, the Wagner Act. Repeal of all laws of the last 21 years would leave the Norris-LaGuardia Act (1932) and the Clayton Act (1914) as the basic laws for organized labor.

Other Developments

MacARTHUR LETTER

In a letter to Sen. Harry Flood Byrd (D Va.) made public April 24, Gen. of the Army Douglas MacArthur declared that a U.S. threat to strike at Red China might force Russia to settle the Korean and other global issues on "equitable terms."

DAY: DISMISSAL - DEMOTION?

Comment continued April 24 on the ouster of Albert M. Day as Director of the Fish and Wildlife Service, which first drew criticism from Democrats. (See p. 529). The Department of Interior April 23 announced that Day would merely move down to become Assistant

Director, "bumping" a Republican, Dr. Clarence Cottam. When criticism of this development was voiced by some Republican Congressmen, Undersecretary Ralph A. Tudor announced that Cottam and Day will have "comparable" status in a revised organization setup.

ST. LAWRENCE SEAWAY

President Eisenhower said April 24 that the National Security Council has urged the early initiation and completion of the St. Lawrence Seaway "in the interest of national security." In a letter to Chairman Alexander Wiley (R Wis.) of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, the President added he discussed the Seaway with his Cabinet and had designated a subcommittee to study the matter further.

GOP WOMEN

President Eisenhower said April 24 the nation must not expect a "miracle overnight" that will bring permanent peace. In an address before a council of 1,200 Republican women, the President added the U.S. would help settle international differences by a "steadfast adherence to truth."

Speaker of the House Joseph W. Martin, Jr. (R Mass.) told the group April 23 that "peddlers of political baloney" are trying to drive a wedge between Congress and the President by picturing the Executive as "weak." Martin said Eisenhower is the first President in 20 years who understands "the true nature of the American system." (For other Political Notes, see pages 532-533).

ADONIS INDICTED

A federal grand jury in Washington April 24 indicted Joe Adonis, one-time New Jersey gambler, on two charges of perjury growing out of testimony before the Senate Crime Committee in 1950. (CQ Almanac, Vol. VI, 1950, pp. 438, 443). Adonis now in a Trenton, N.J., prison after conviction by the state of a conspiracy to operate a gambling house, also faces a deportation warrant.

UNUSED LEAVE PAYMENTS

President Eisenhower April 23 directed all Presidential appointees to refrain from accepting money payments for unused annual leave "except upon a clear showing of entitlement."

Acting Rent Stabilization Director William G. Barr April 23 announced the dismissal of three officials whom he said "instigated, participated in and approved" a plan for collection of annual leave payments in cash. Those dismissed were John J. Madigan, deputy director in charge of administration, Edwin A. Dupree, general counsel, and Mrs. Linda A. Matteo, personnel director. All have been suspended since Feb. 25.

TO STUDY NEWS ORDER

President Eisenhower said April 23 he has asked the Justice Department to study former President Truman's controversial order on withholding news involving national security.

The 1951 order empowered civilian agency heads to restrict release of information on security grounds.

THUMBNAIL INDEX

Alaska Statehood	547
Ammunition Shortages	546
Appropriations ...534-5, 542, 544, 549	
Army Overcoats	543
Bureau of Standards	548
Cloture Rule	542
Columbia River Basin	535
Committee Membership	536
Confirmations	536
Doctors Draft	543
Executive Actions	523
Farm Credit	544-48
Farm Imports	547
Fillbuster?	537-8
Film Independents	547

Fulbright Scholarships	524
Educational TV	547
House Vote Chart	540
Housing	534-35
Information Program	545
Interior Dismissals	529
Interior Funds	542
Internal Revenue	544
Justice Probe	546
Justice Reorganization	523
Lobby Registrations	531
Loyal Opposition	533
McFarland Files	530
NATO Pacts	542
New Jersey Primary	532

New Mexico Contest	532-542
Nominations	536
Omnibus Funds	542
POW Atrocities	543
Reds in Government	545
Rent Control	535
Senate Vote Chart	539
Ship Subsidies.....	543
Supplemental -- 1953	535
Surplus Property	543
Taft-Hartley	545
Tidelands	537
Un-American Activities	546
War-Risk Insurance	542
Waterfront Probe	546

CQ Features

Bills Acted On	528
Bills Introduced	525
Committee Roundup	542
Congressional Briefs	536
Congressional Quotes	523
CQ Quiz	iv
Floor Action	535
Political Notes	532
Pressures.....	530
Story of the Week	507
Summary of the Week	ii



congressional quiz

1. **Q**--How often does Congress hold executive or "closed" Committee hearings, those where the public is not allowed?

A--From Jan. 3 to March 31, Congressional Committees and Subcommittees met 659 times, excluding House Appropriations Subcommittee sessions on budgetary matters. Of the 659 meetings, 217 or 32.9 per cent were closed to the public; 22 or 3.3 per cent were partly closed, partly open meetings; and 420 or 63.7 per cent were open.

2. **Q**--What subject is most often considered at closed Committee meetings?

A--Aside from Appropriations hearings, usually closed, the largest number of closed hearings of one type were on general and secret government affairs or were preliminary to open sessions on such matters. There were 85 of these, 38 by Senate Committees, 47 by House Committees. Among witnesses at them were Gen. James A. Van Fleet on Korean ammunition shortages, and Mutual Security Director Harold Stassen and Secretary of State John Foster Dulles on foreign commitments.

3. **Q**--Is Mrs. Oveta Culp Hobby, new Secretary of the Department of Health, Education and Welfare, the first woman to hold a cabinet post?

A--No, she is the second. Miss Frances Perkins was Secretary of Labor under Franklin D. Roosevelt.

4. **Q**--What is the difference between an appropriation and a contract authorization?

A--An appropriation is the authority to spend money from the Treasury for payment of new obligations or for liquidating contracts previously authorized. Contract authorization is permission to obligate or commit money for later expenditure when the funds have been appropriated. A contract authorization does not allow actual spending.

5. **Q**--How many trade agreements has the U.S. made with other nations under the reciprocal trade agreements act?

A--Since 1934, when the Trade Agreements Act was enacted, this country has made 38 trade agreements with a total of 50 countries. The agreements were to reduce U.S. import restrictions in return for concessions by the foreign nations.

6. **Q**--What has been proposed for the government-owned synthetic rubber plants?

A--President Eisenhower recommended to Congress April 14 that the \$550 million rubber plants

under government ownership be sold to private industry. He said the disposal must be in line with three objectives: The facilities should return to the government "their full fair value," they should be disposed of in a manner that would insure the public and fabricators "the benefits of fair competition," and they should be sold "on such terms as will guarantee their ready availability ... in time of emergency."

7. **Q**--What procedure is required for amending the U.S. Constitution?

A--The Constitution itself states in Article V: "The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose Amendments to this Constitution, or, on the Application of the Legislatures of two thirds of the several States, shall call a Convention for proposing Amendments, which, in either Case, shall be valid to all Intents and Purposes as Part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three fourths of the several States, or by Conventions in three fourths thereof, as the one or the other Mode of Ratification may be proposed by the Congress..."

8. **Q**--Could a Constitutional amendment be proposed and ratified without a vote of Congress?

A--According to the American Law Section of the Library of Congress, this is an academic question since all amendments so far have been proposed by Congress. However, the legal specialists said even if Congress did not propose the amendment and the alternative method for proposing an amendment -- by Constitutional convention -- were employed, the Congress probably would have to vote on a resolution to submit the amendment proposed by Constitutional Convention to the states for ratification.

9. **Q**--What is former Senate Democratic Leader McFarland doing now?

A--Former Sen. Ernest W. McFarland (D Ariz.), Democratic leader, has registered under the Federal Regulation of Lobbying law as an agent for Western Union Telegraph, R.C.A. Communications, Inc., and American Cable and Radio Corporation in connection with a possible merger of the three firms. His predecessor as Democratic Senate Leader, former Sen. Scott Lucas (Ill.) is also registered under the lobbying law.

NOTE: CQ Weekly Report pages on which more data can be found: (1) 480; (2) 480; (3) 493; (4) 482 (5) 474; (6) 487; (9) 530.